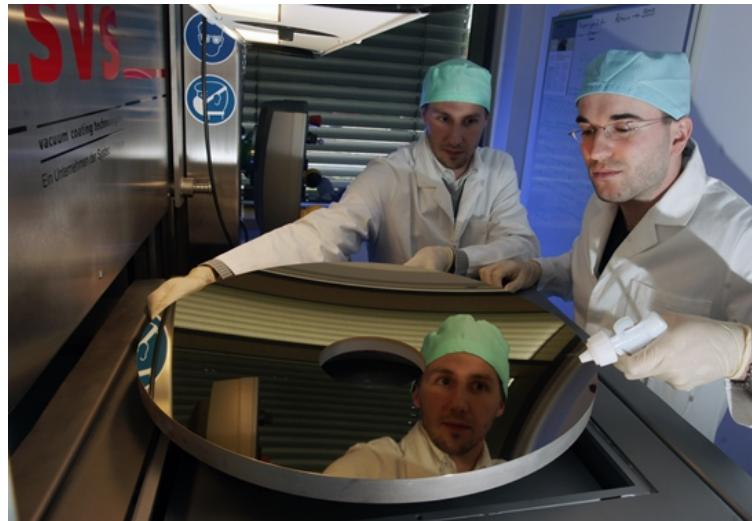


# Progress on the Manufacture of Optical Coatings

---



Norbert Kaiser

Fraunhofer Institute for Applied Optics and Precision Engineering, Jena, Germany

Workshop Optical Coatings for Laser Applications  
11<sup>th</sup> June 2015  
NTB Buchs, Switzerland

---

09. Juli 1946:

Gründung der Gerätebau-Anstalt in Balzers

durch Fürst Franz Josef II.,

Dr. Max Auwärter und

Emil Georg Bührle





Jones



# OUTLINE

---

- Markets
- Advanced AR systems
- Space and astro-optics from EUV to IR
- International trends
- Summary



---

# OUTLINE

---

- Markets
  - Advanced AR systems
  - Space and astro-optics from EUV to IR
  - International trends
  - Summary
-

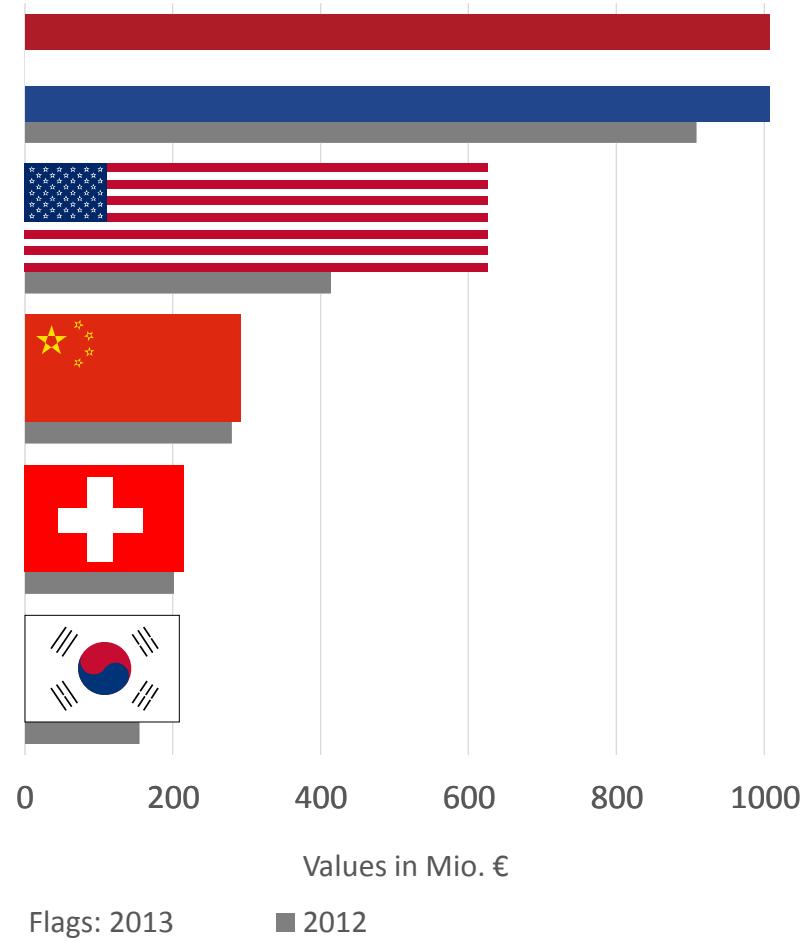
# Optical Technology – Key Enabling Technology



## Markets

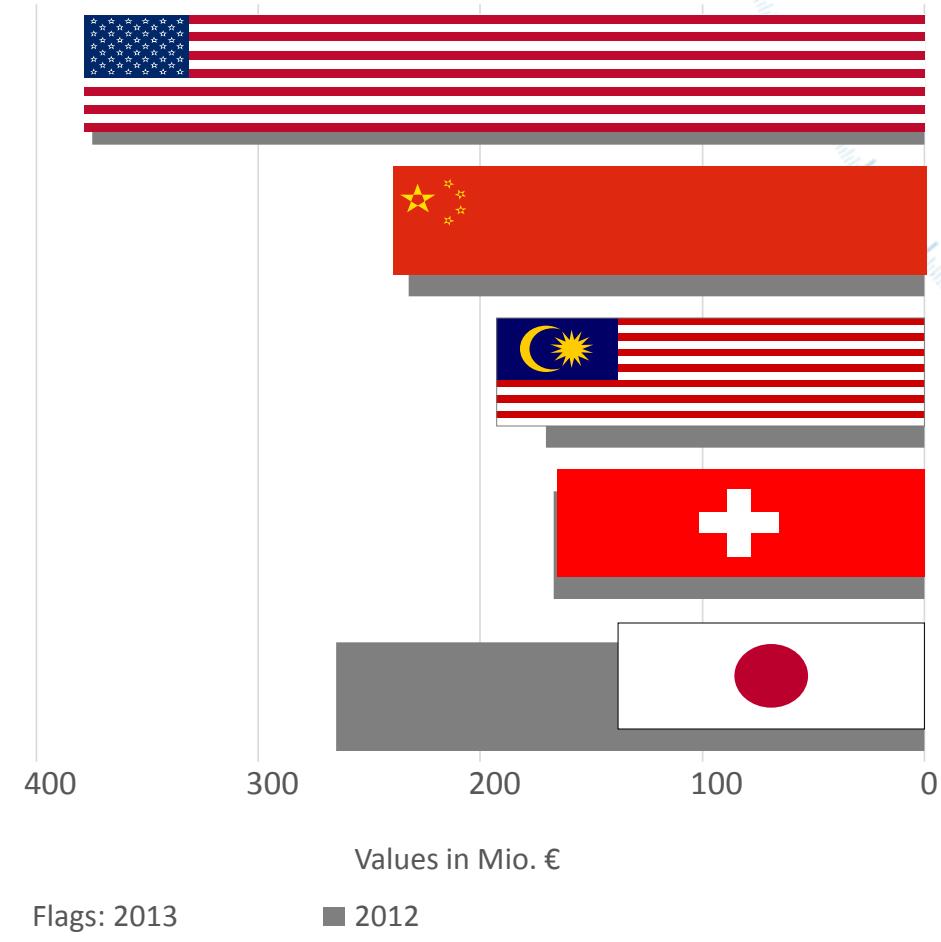
- Production
- Aerospace
- Information
- Medical technology
- Automotive
- Astronomy
- Communication
- Life science
- Illumination
- Security
- Electronics
- Research

# EXPORT



Quelle: Statistisches Bundesamt, SPECTARIS

# IMPORT Optical Components + Lightsources



Quelle: Statistisches Bundesamt, SPECTARIS

---

# OUTLINE

---

- Markets
- Advanced AR systems
- Space and astro-optics from EUV to IR
- International trends
- Summary





Transparency is a Beautiful Thing - Greta oto

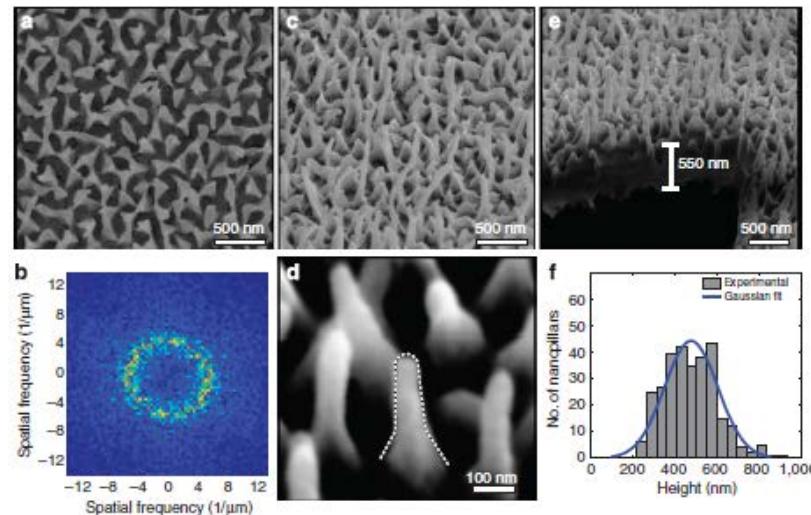
ARTICLE

Received 26 Jun 2014 | Accepted 13 Mar 2015 | Published 22 Apr 2015

DOI: 10.1038/ncomms7909

# The role of random nanostructures for the omnidirectional anti-reflection properties of the glasswing butterfly

Radwanul Hasan Siddique<sup>1</sup>, Guillaume Gomard<sup>2</sup> & Hendrik Hölscher<sup>1</sup>





Glass Wing Butterfly (*Greta Oto*)

# Broadband and wide-angle AR coatings containing organic nanostructured layers



**Antireflection coatings with step-down index profile containing plasma-etched organic layers**

**Ulrike Schulz\*, Friedrich Rickelt, Henning Ludwig, Peter Munzert and Norbert Kaiser**

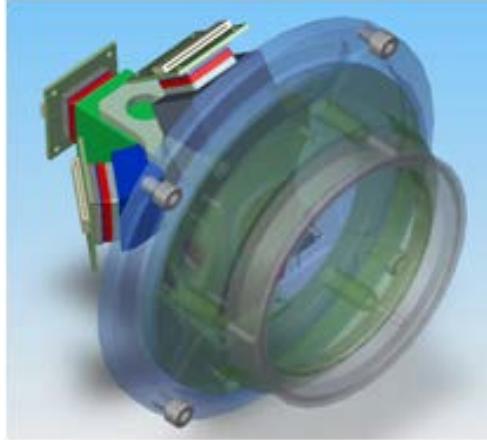
*Fraunhofer Institute of Applied Optics and Precision Engineering, A.-Einstein-Str. 7, 07745 Jena, Germany*

*\*ulrike.schulz@iof.fraunhofer.de*

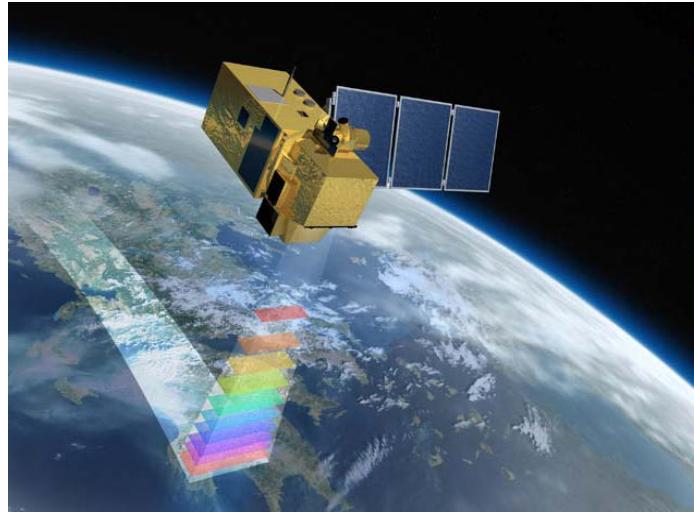
Received 20 Mar 2015; revised 21 Apr 2015; accepted 21 Apr 2015; published 4 May 2015  
(C) 2015 OSA 1 Jun 2015 | Vol. 5, No. 6 | DOI:10.1364/OME.5.001259 | OPTICAL MATERIALS EXPRESS 1259

# Requirements for broadband antireflection

- Enhanced spectral ranges UV- VIS -NIR
- Broad range of light incidence angles
- Camera systems containing curved lenses



Multispectral- camera

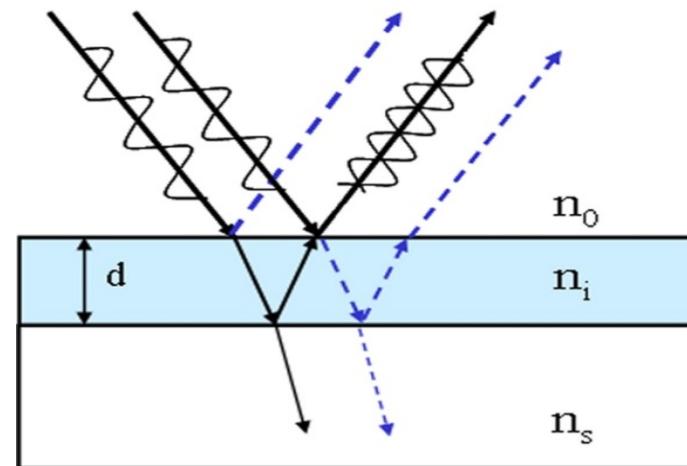


Picture: © Astrium

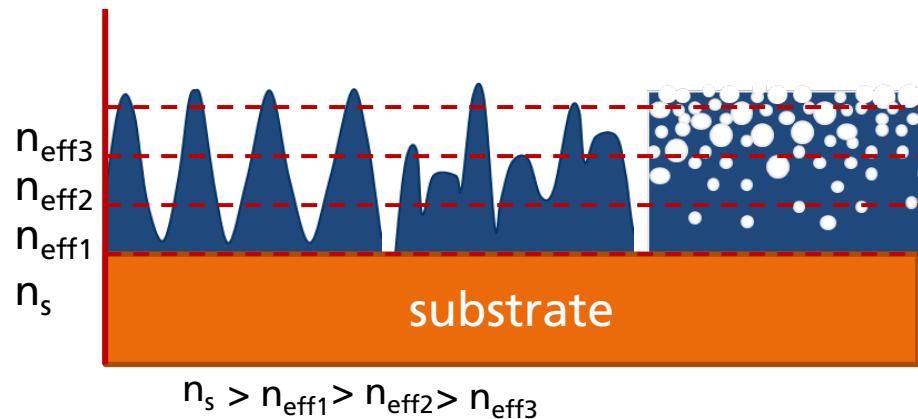


# Principles to achieve AR properties

- interference coatings  
→ destructive interference

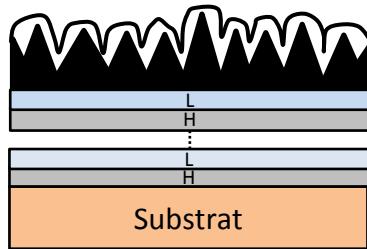


- nanostructures  
→ effective medium  
→ low „effective“  
refractive index  $n$

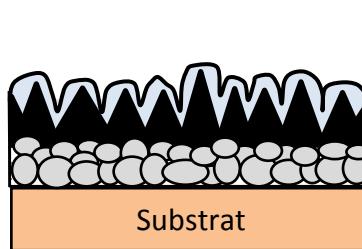


# BMBF-Verbundprojekt FIONA (2012-2015)

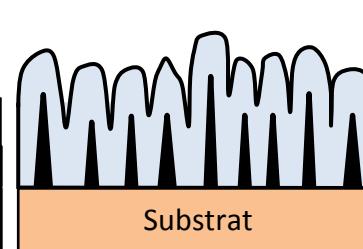
- Ziel: Farbneutrale Interferenzschichten zur Entspiegelung unter Berücksichtigung organischer Nanostrukturen
- Ergebnis: Verschiedene Systeme mit ausgezeichneter Entspiegelungswirkung



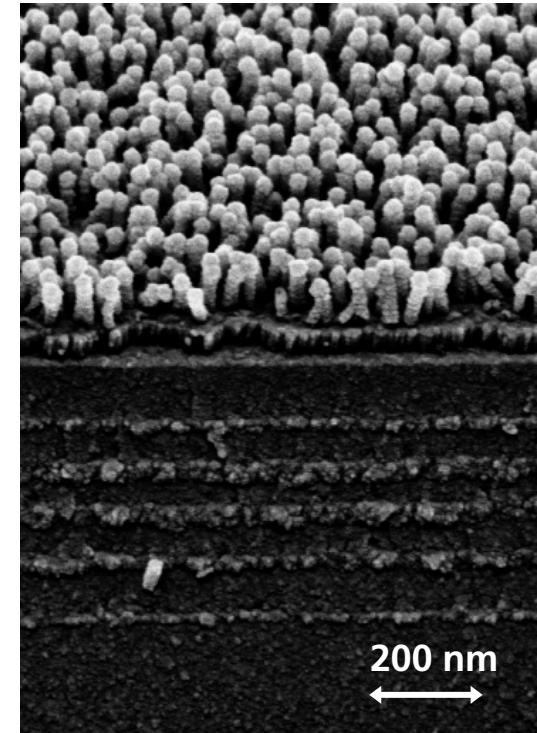
Patent IOF WO09127581



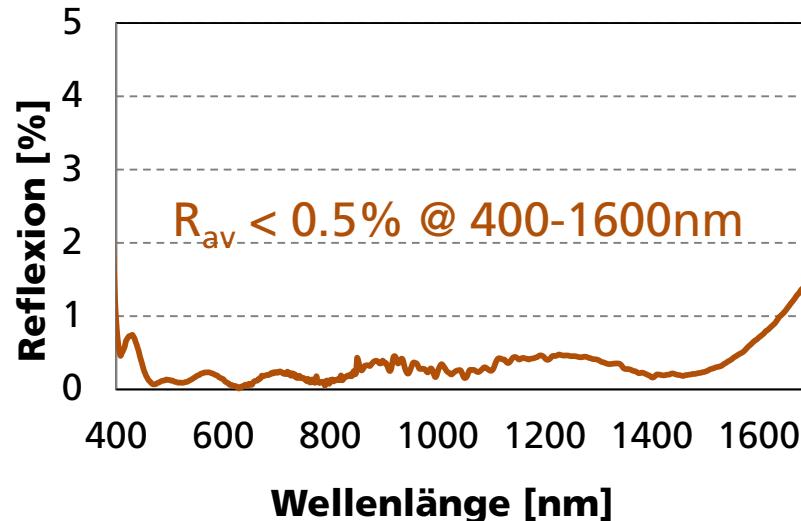
Patent IOF US20140374377



Patent IOF DE102013103075



- Beispiel:



# OUTLINE

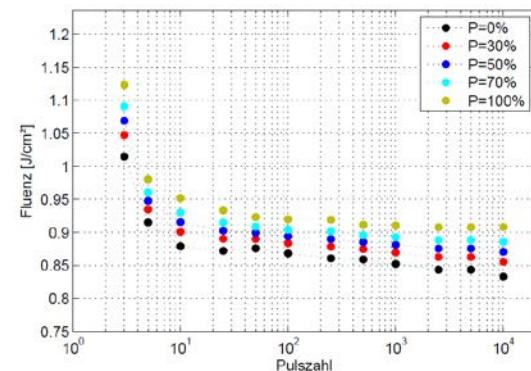
---

- Markets
- Advanced AR systems
- Space and astro-optics from EUV to IR
- International trends
- Summary



# Metall-dielektrische Schichten für Scanspiegel für Ultrakurzpuls laser

- **Metallspiegel:**  
technisch und wirtschaftlich attraktive  
Lösung für Scanspiegel
- **Hohe Oberflächenqualität  
NiP-Schicht, Diamantbearbeitung  
und Politur:**  
Hochfrequenzrauheit < 0,2 nm rms
- **Metall-dielektrische Schicht:**  
qualifiziert für Anwendung in  
Laserscannern
- **Laserzerstörschwelle (LIDT):**  
 $> 0.8 \text{ J/cm}^2$  @ 1030 nm, 425 fs, AOI 45°



# Description of particle induced damage on protected silver coatings

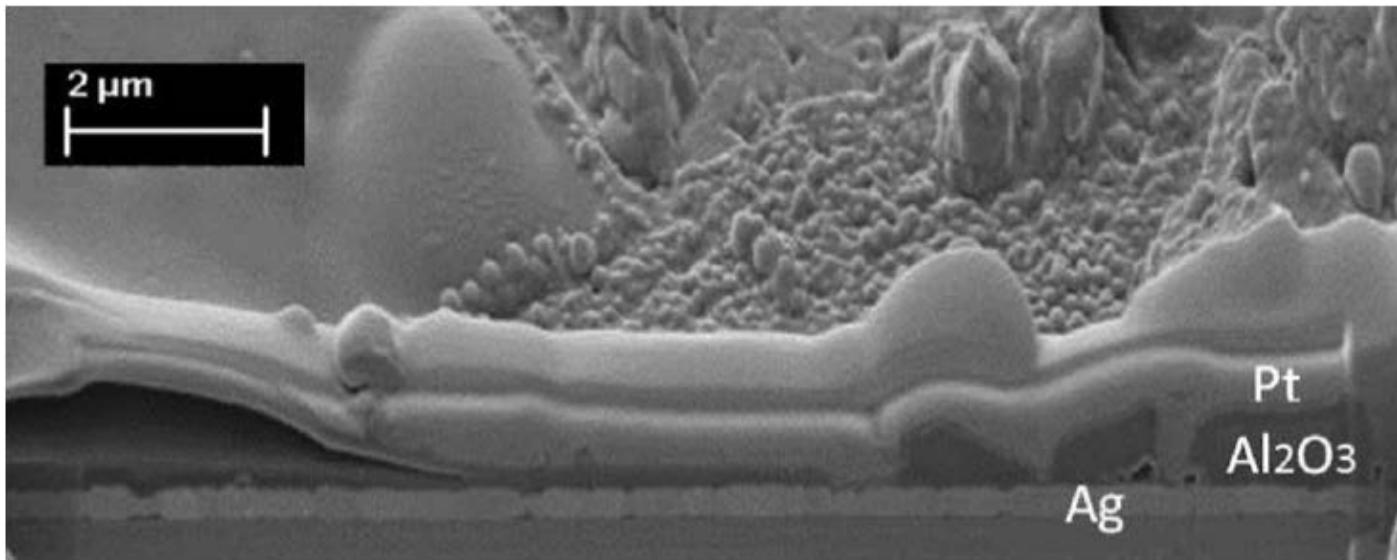
STEFAN SCHWINDE,<sup>1,2,\*</sup> MARK SCHÜRMANN,<sup>1</sup> PAUL JOHANNES JOBST,<sup>1,2</sup>  
NORBERT KAISER,<sup>1</sup> AND ANDREAS TÜNNERMANN<sup>1,2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Fraunhofer-Institute for Applied Optics and Precision Engineering IOF, Albert-Einstein-Straße 7, 07745 Jena, Germany

<sup>2</sup>Friedrich-Schiller-University Jena, Institute of Applied Physics, Abbe Center of Photonics, Albert-Einstein-Straße 15, D-07745 Jena, Germany

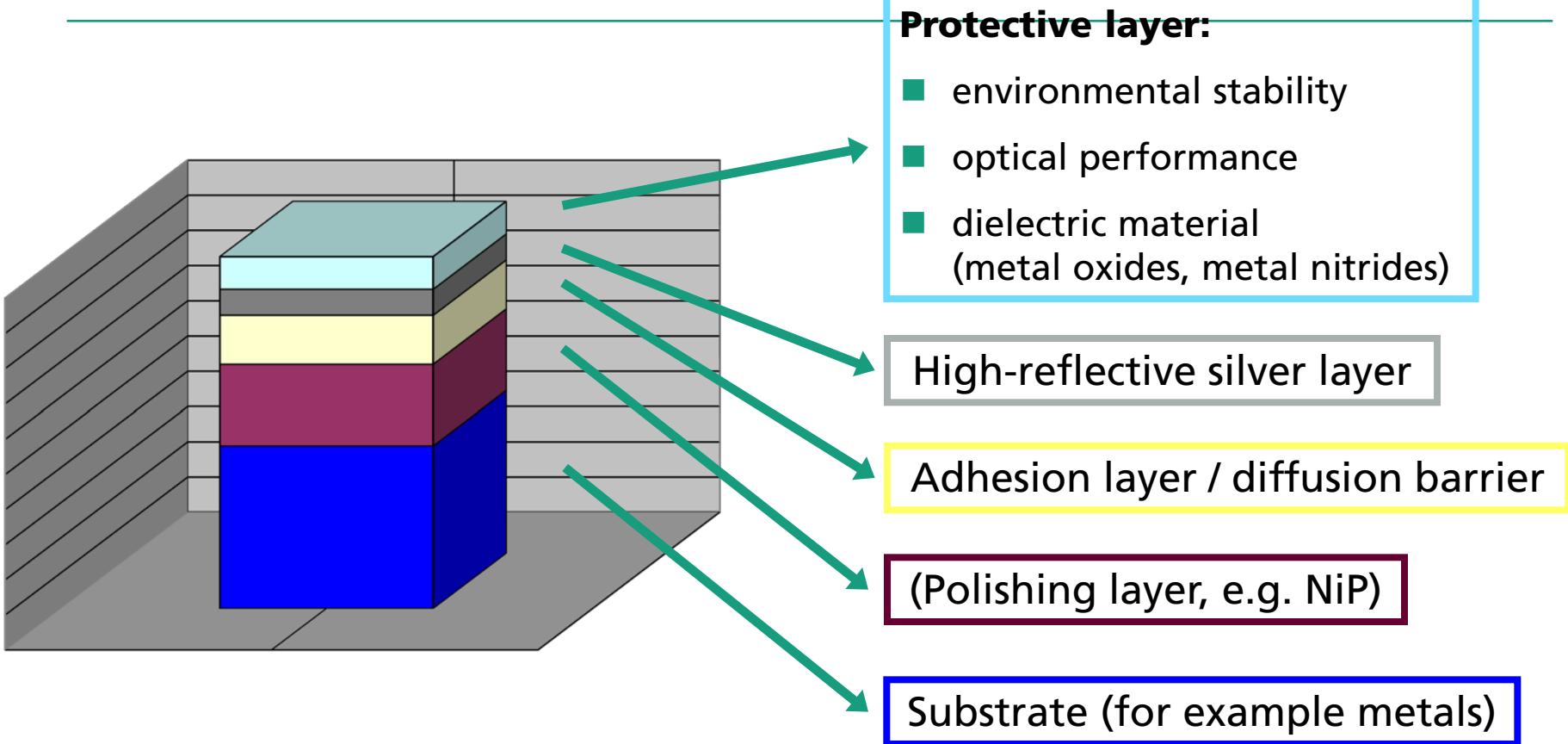
\*Corresponding author: stefan.schwinde@iof.fraunhofer.de

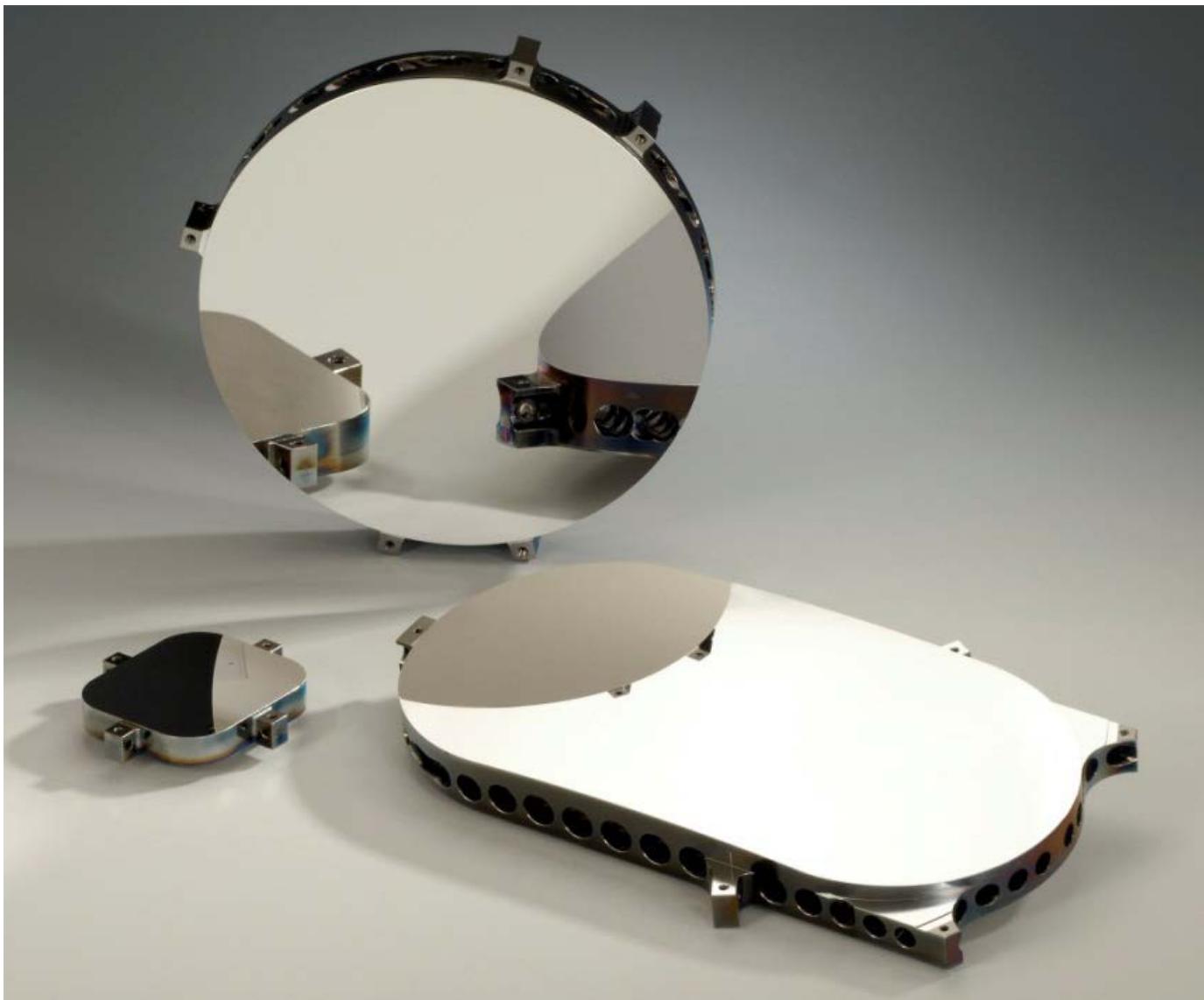
Received 24 March 2015; revised 28 April 2015; accepted 28 April 2015; posted 28 April 2015 (Doc. ID 236643); published 21 May 2015



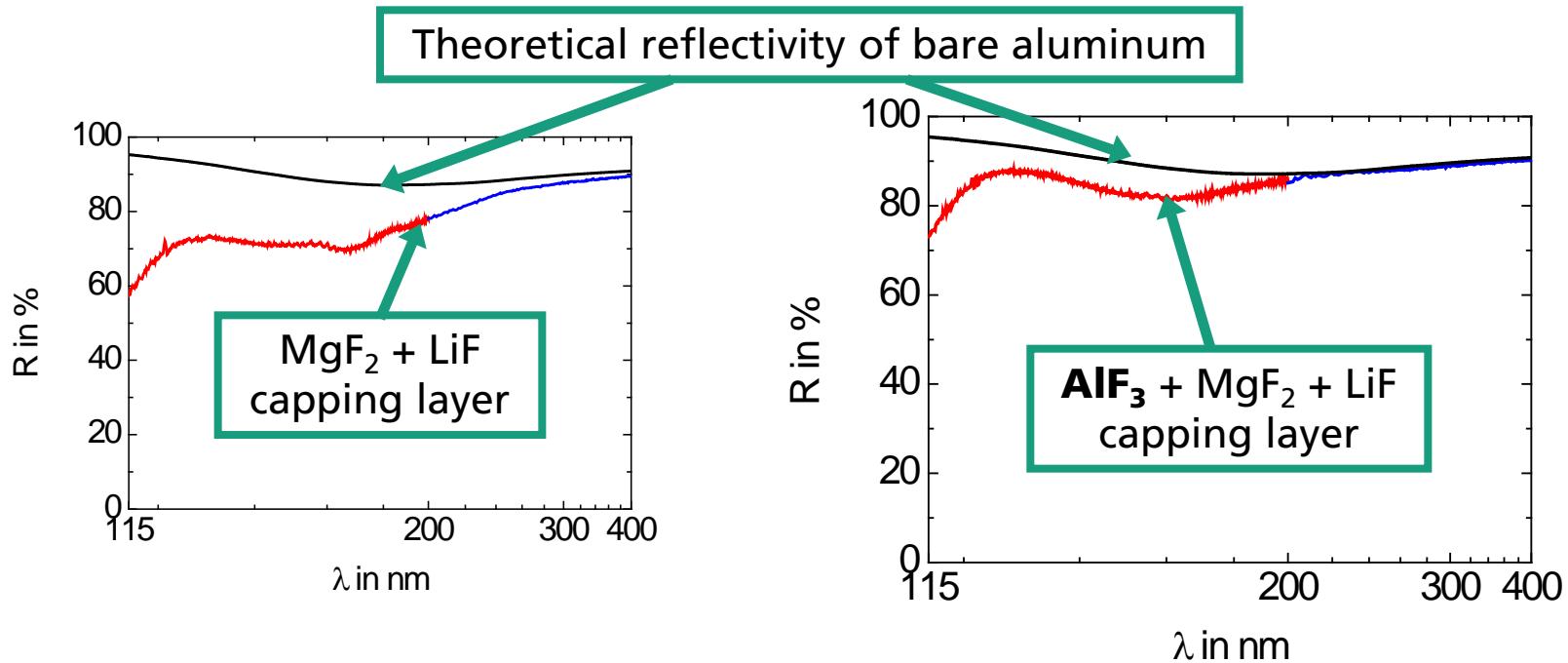
**Fig. 2.** Cross section of the surrounding area of a particle in the center of a defect in a protected Ag coating. Preparation by FIB and imaging by SEM.

# Composition of protected silver coating





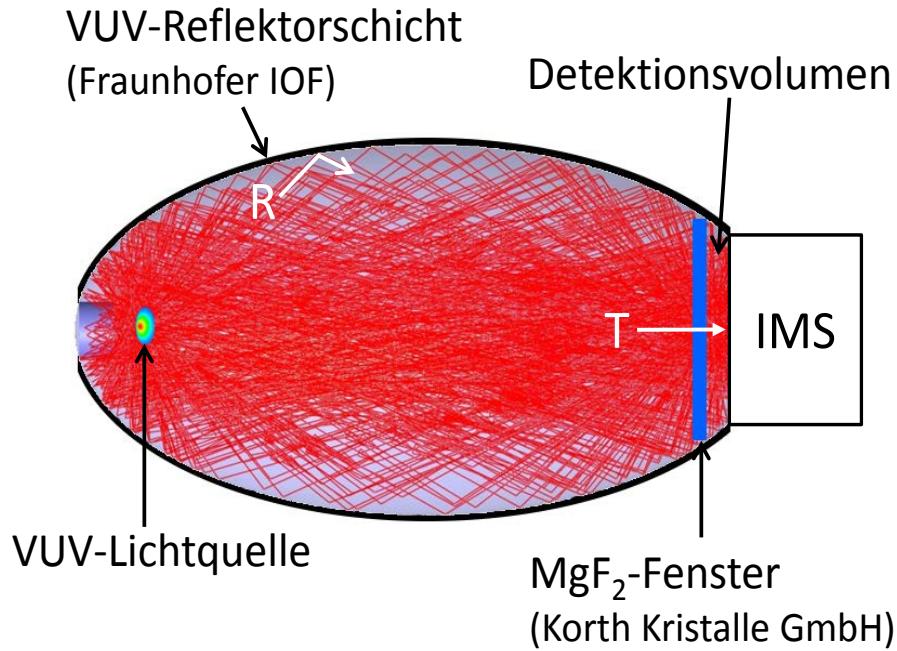
# DUV and VUV – 120 nm → 400 nm Aluminum reflectors



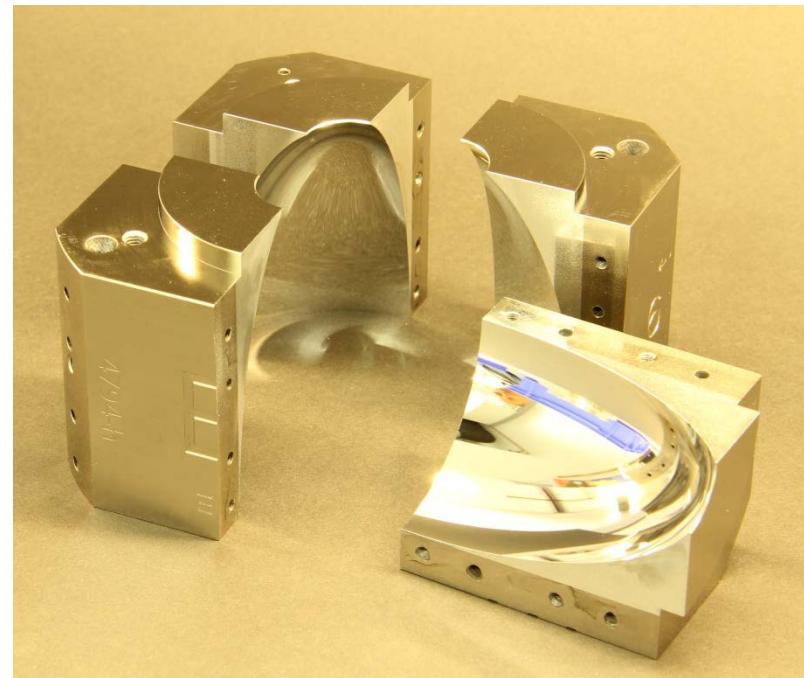
Increased reflectivity due to addition of  $AlF_3$  to  
capping layer system

# Kompetenz VUV-Reflektorbeschichtung: Multipass-Reflexionszelle für DIVE

## Prinzip



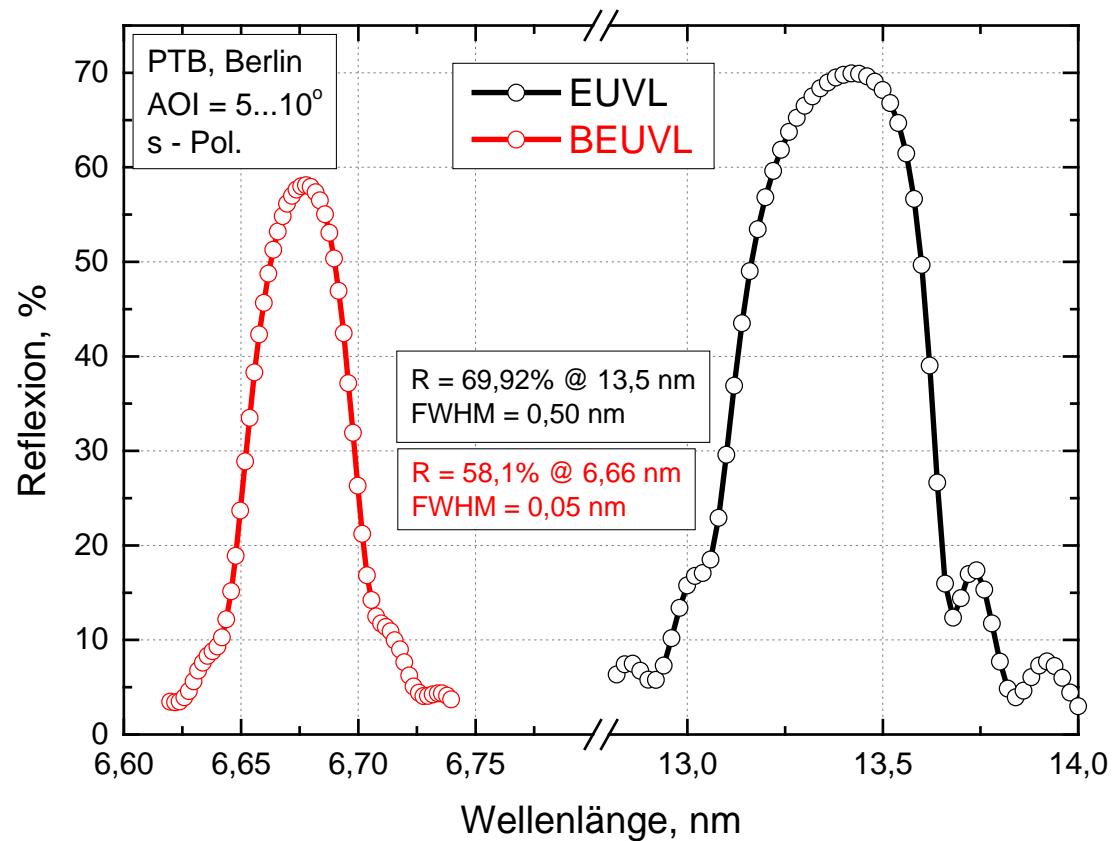
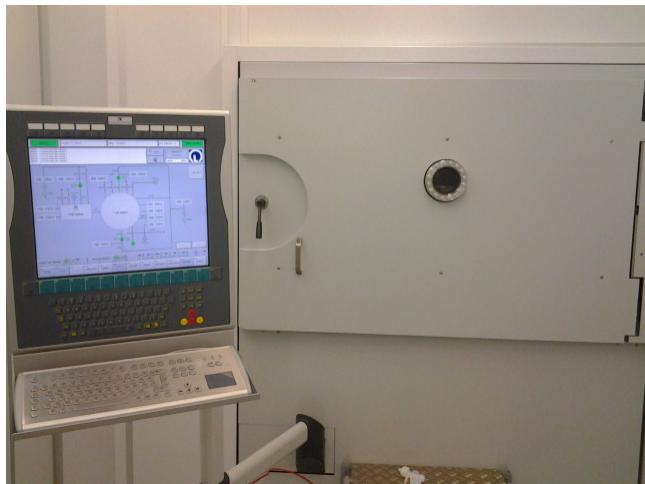
## praktische Umsetzung



# Beschichtung hochreflektierender Spiegel für EUV/BEUV Lithographie

## Beschichtungsanlage Nassy-3:

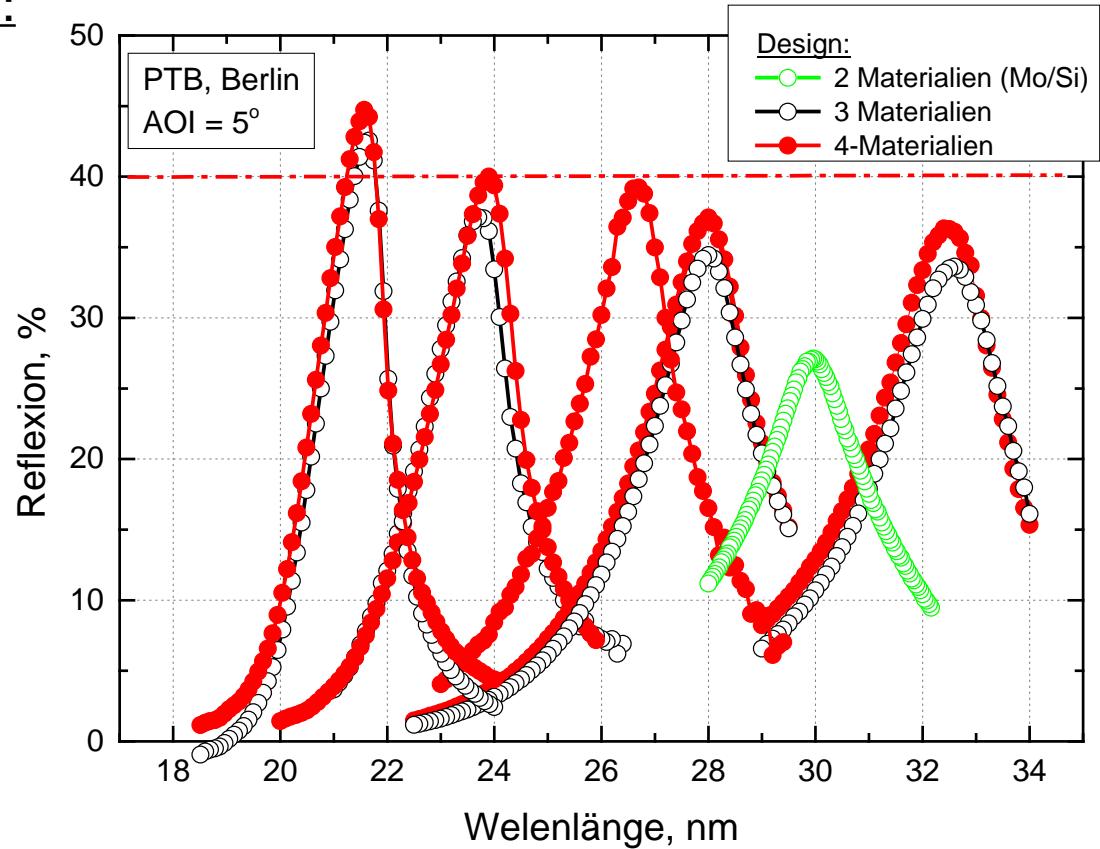
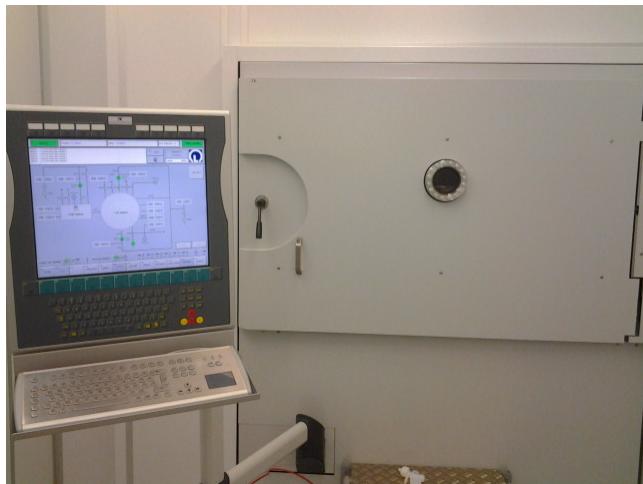
- in Betrieb seit Ende 2013
- Substrate bis  $\varnothing$  200 mm
- Metallschichten & dielektrische Schichten



# Beschichtung hochreflektierender Spiegel für EUV/BEUV Lithographie

## Beschichtungsanlage Nassy-3:

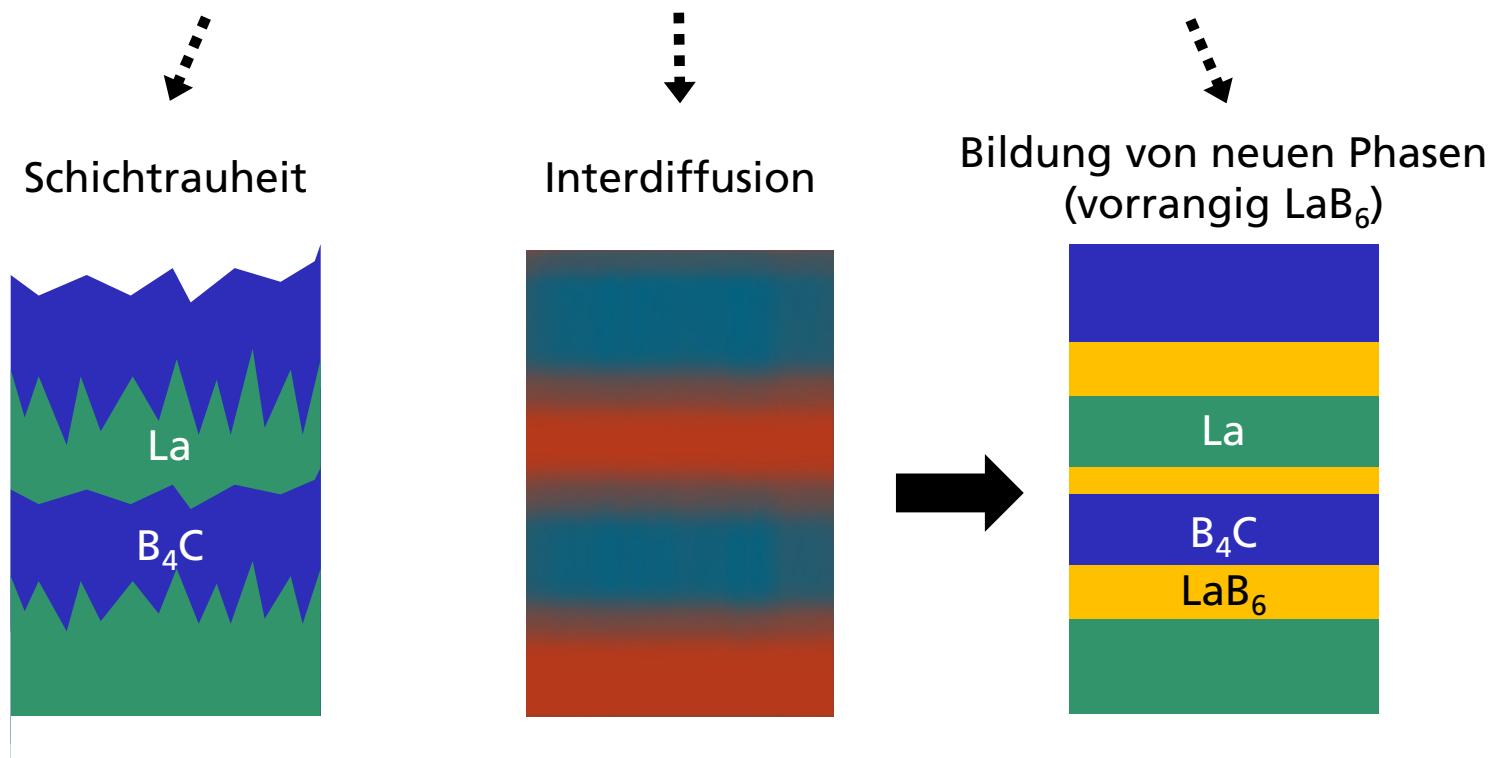
- in Betrieb seit Ende 2013
- Substrate bis  $\varnothing$  200 mm
- Metallschichten & dielektrische Schichten



# Ergebnisse

## Grenzflächenbeschaffenheit in La/B<sub>4</sub>C Multilayern

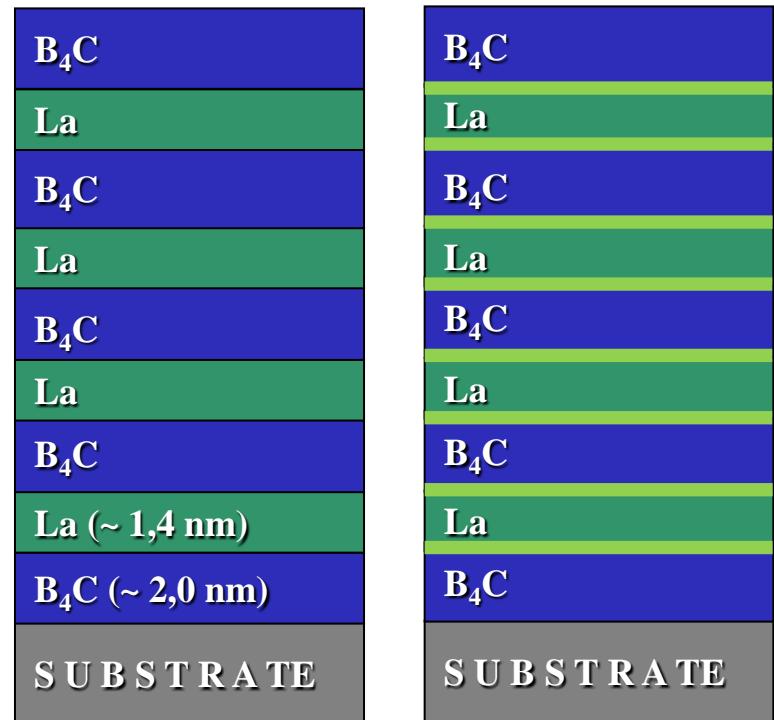
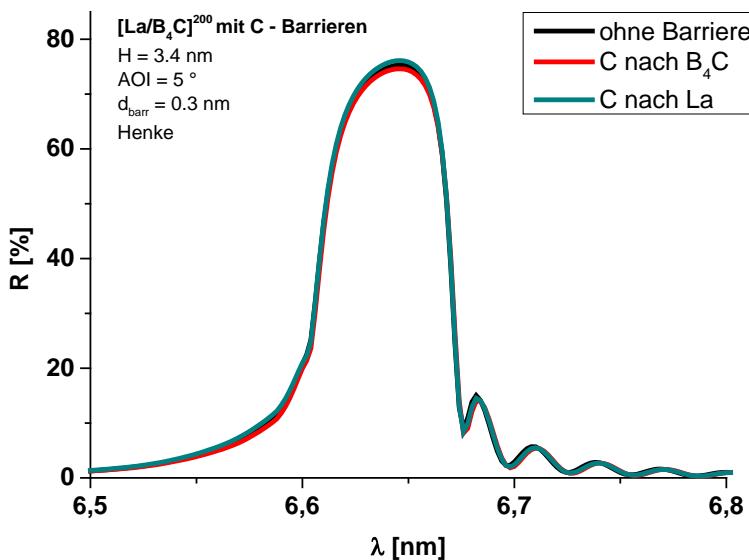
- Grenzflächen in La/B<sub>4</sub>C Multilayern sehr breit ( $\sigma \approx 0,6 - 0,8 \text{ nm}$ )



# Ergebnisse

## Anwendung ultradünner Diffusionsbarrieren

- ultradünne C-Barrieren an Grenzflächen
- Dicke:  $d_{\text{barr}} = 0,3 \text{ nm}$



---

# OUTLINE

---

- Markets
- Advanced AR systems
- Space and astro-optics from EUV to IR
- International trends
- Summary



# Physical insight toward electric field enhancement at nodular defects in optical coatings

Xinbin Cheng,<sup>1,2,3</sup> Abudusalamu Tuniyazi,<sup>1,2</sup> Zeyong Wei,<sup>1</sup> Jinlong Zhang,<sup>1,2</sup> Tao Ding,<sup>1,2</sup> Hongfei Jiao,<sup>1,2</sup> Bin Ma,<sup>1,2</sup> Hongqiang Li,<sup>1</sup> Tongbao Li,<sup>1,2</sup> and Zhanshan Wang<sup>1,2,3,\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup>MOE Key Laboratory of Advanced Micro-Structured Materials, Shanghai, 200092, China  
<sup>2</sup>Institute of Precision Optical Engineering, School of Physics Science and Engineering, Tongji University, Shanghai, 200092, China

<sup>3</sup>IFSA Collaborative Innovation Center, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Shanghai 200240, China  
[wangs@tongji.edu.cn](mailto:wangs@tongji.edu.cn)

#231132 - \$15.00 USD Received 17 Feb 2015; revised 18 Mar 2015; accepted 19 Mar 2015; published 27 Mar 2015  
© 2015 OSA 6 Apr 2015 | Vol. 23, No. 7 | DOI:10.1364/OE.23.008609 | OPTICS EXPRESS 8609

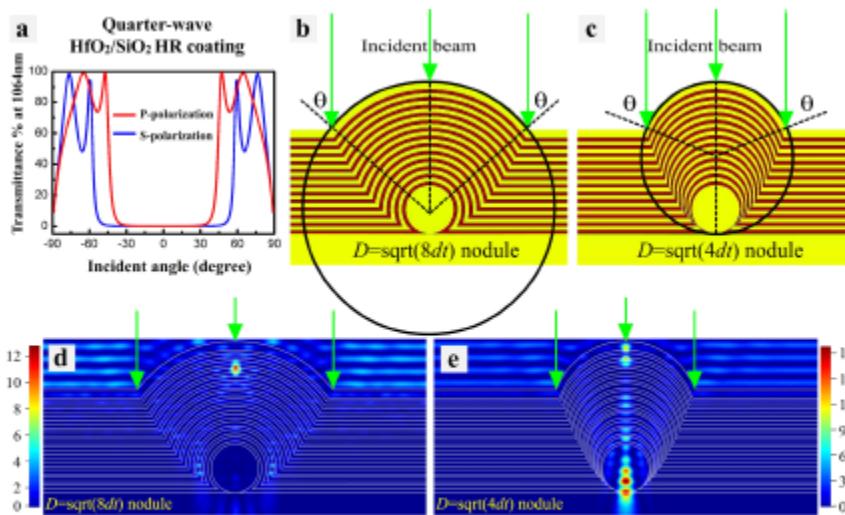


Fig. 1. The  $D = \sqrt{8dt}$  and  $D = \sqrt{4dt}$  nodules in the quarter-wave HfO<sub>2</sub>/SiO<sub>2</sub> HR coating. (a) P-polarized and S-polarized angular dependent transmission curves of the quarter-wave HfO<sub>2</sub>/SiO<sub>2</sub> HR coating. (b and c) Geometrical modeling of the  $D = \sqrt{8dt}$  nodule (b) and the  $D = \sqrt{4dt}$  nodule (c). (d and e) FDTD-simulated P-polarized EField distributions in vicinity of the  $D = \sqrt{8dt}$  nodule (d) and the  $D = \sqrt{4dt}$  nodule (e). Two nodular geometries show quite different EField distributions.

# Nanosecond laser-induced damage of nodular defects in dielectric multilayer mirrors [Invited]

Xinbin Cheng,<sup>1,2</sup> Abudusalamu Tuniyazi,<sup>1,2</sup> Jinlong Zhang,<sup>1,2</sup> Tao Ding,<sup>1,2</sup> Hongfei Jiao,<sup>1,2</sup> Bin Ma,<sup>1,2</sup> Zeyong Wei,<sup>1</sup> Hongqiang Li,<sup>1</sup> and Zhanshan Wang<sup>1,2,\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Key Laboratory of Advanced Micro-Structured Materials, Ministry of Education, Shanghai 200092, China

<sup>2</sup>Institute of Precision Optical Engineering, School of Physics Science and Engineering,  
Tongji University, Shanghai 200092, China

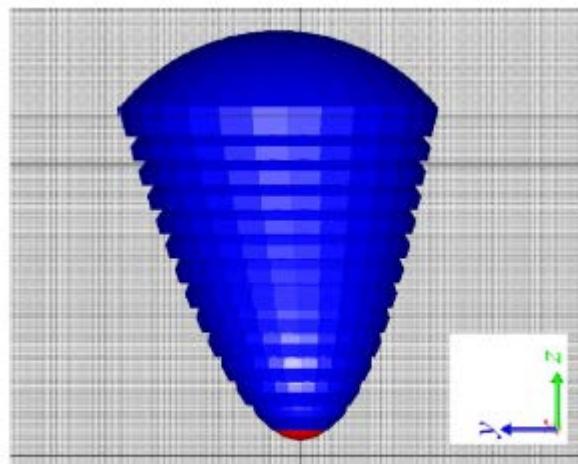


Fig. 6. 3D geometry of an asymmetrical nodule initiating from a 0.9  $\mu\text{m}$  silica microsphere.

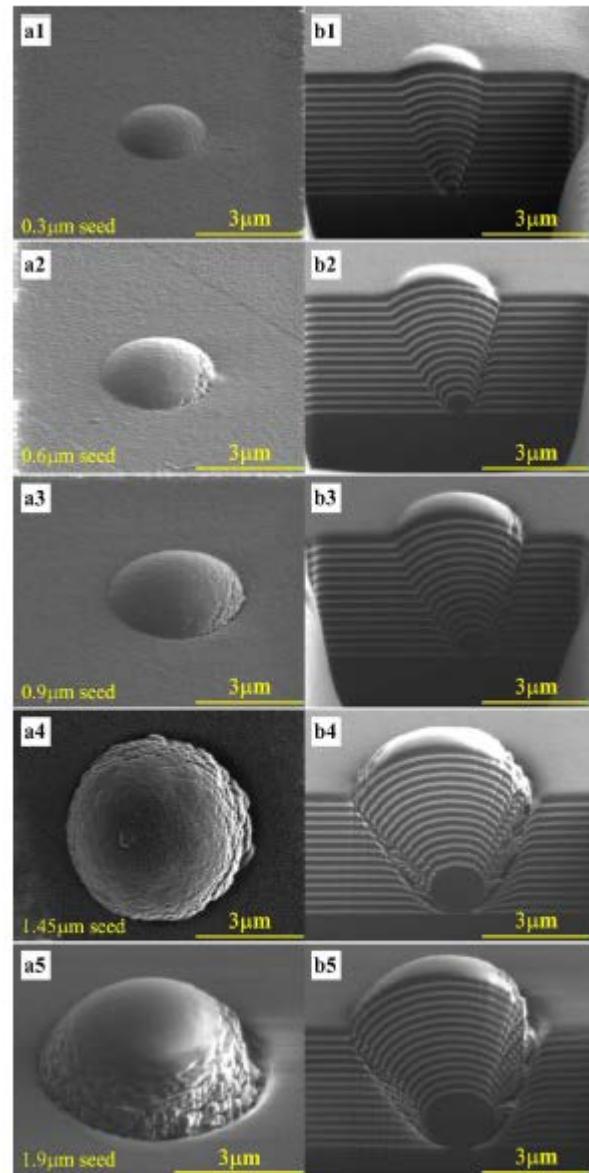
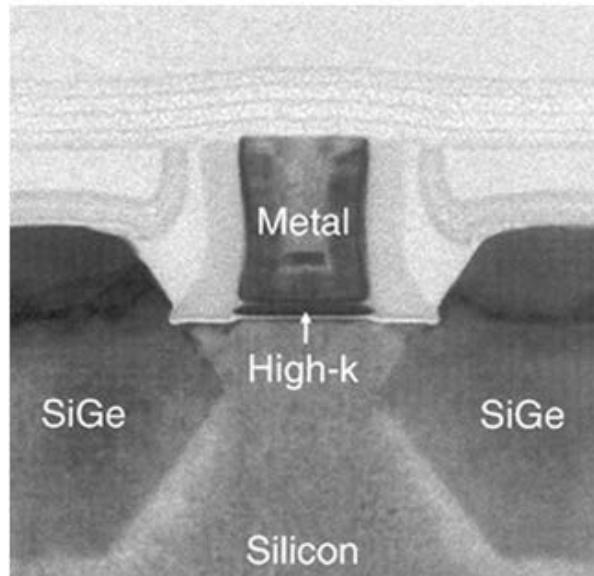


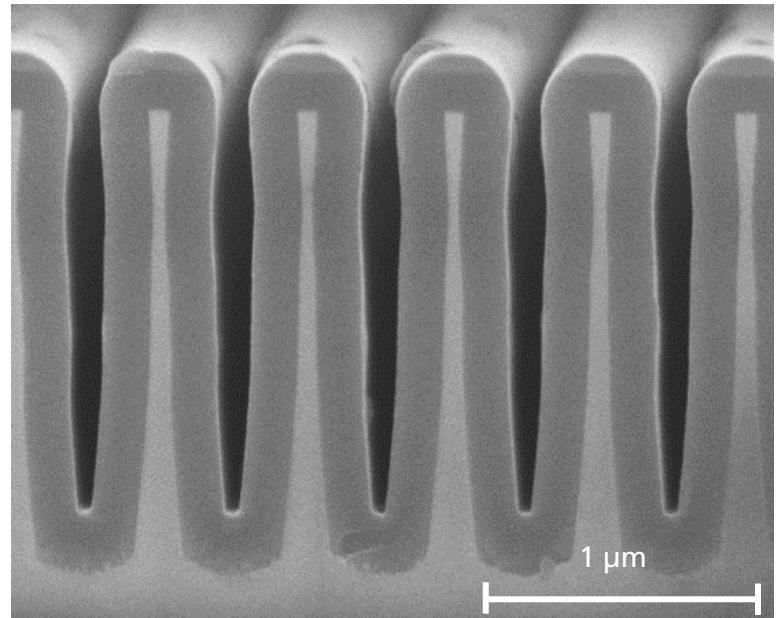
Fig. 5. (a1)-(a5) Top-view micrographs of asymmetrical nodules. (b1)-(b5) Cross-sectional micrographs of the corresponding asymmetrical nodules.

# Atomic Layer deposition (ALD)



Intel, 2007

**ALD Semiconductor-Industry**



⇒ **Optical Coatings**

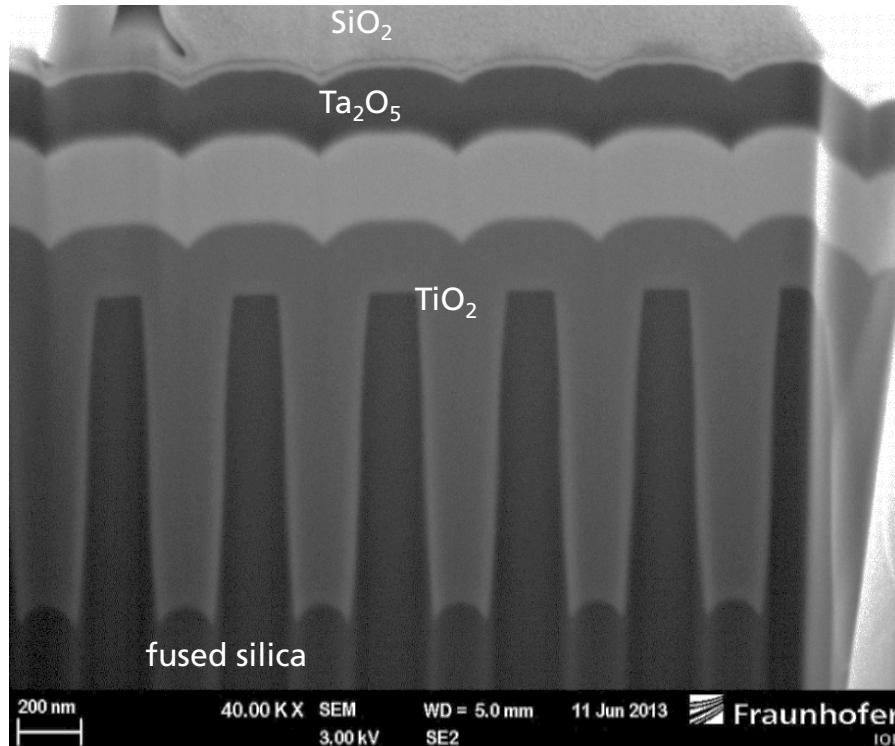
Tuesday, June 24, 11:40 – 12:00 S3-03

## Plasma-ALD of $\text{SiO}_2$ layers for optical applications

A. Bingel<sup>1,2</sup>, L. Ghazaryan<sup>1</sup>, S. Ratzsch<sup>1</sup>, A. Szeghalmi<sup>1</sup>, P. Munzert<sup>2</sup>, U. Schulz<sup>2</sup>, N. Kaiser<sup>2</sup>, A. Tünnermann<sup>1,2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Institute of Applied Physics, Abbe Center of Photonics, Friedrich Schiller University [Germany]

<sup>2</sup> Fraunhofer Institute for Applied Optics and Precision Engineering [Germany]



---

# New Materials

---

Today, the thin film technology is employed in a wide range of applications. Among the various deposition methods, physical vapor deposition (PVD) and chemical vapor deposition (CVD) processes are widely used in industry. However new processes and/or new materials have to be developed to improve the film properties and to enable synthesis of new materials.

---

---

# OUTLINE

---

- Markets
  - Advanced AR systems
  - Space and astro-optics from EUV to IR
  - International trends
  - Summary
-

# Recent developments in the field of optical coatings from XUV to IR wavelength

So what does all this add up to?



---

**Leadership in optical thin film plasma-technology is not only a direct key for the development of competitive future concepts and products in optical technology, it also promises a high economical prosperity of the affected industrial companies because of the high net product achievable with optical thin films.**

# Acknowledgments



MAX-PLANCK-INSTITUT  
FÜR QUANTENOPTIK  
GARCHING



# Acknowledgments



Ulrike Schulz



Sergiy Yulin



Olaf Stenzel



Mark Schürmann

**optiX fab.**



Torsten Feigl

GEFÖRDERT VOM



Bundesministerium  
für Bildung  
und Forschung

# Fraunhofer IOF - Research for the future



Thank you for your attention!