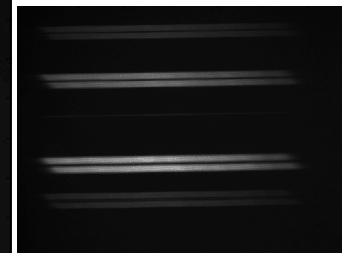
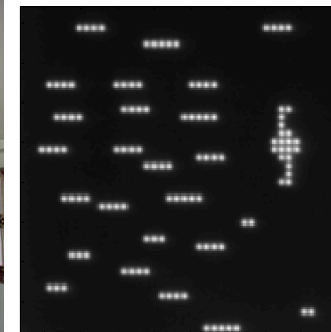
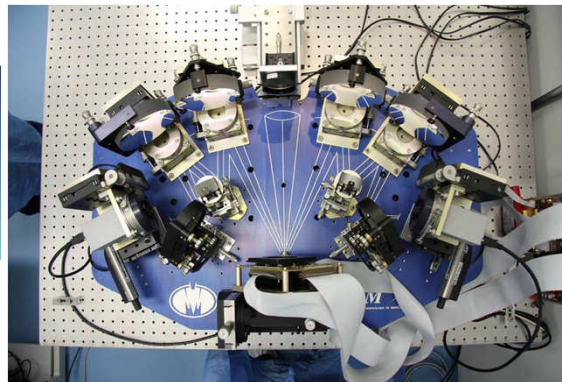
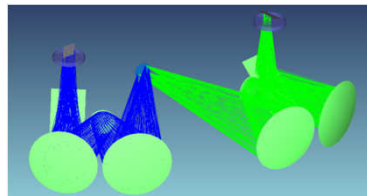
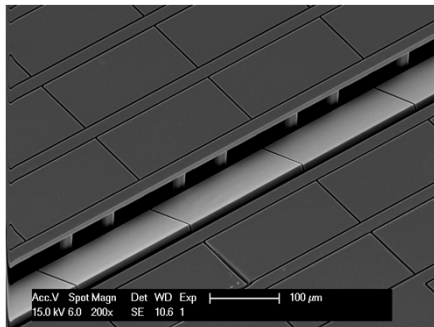


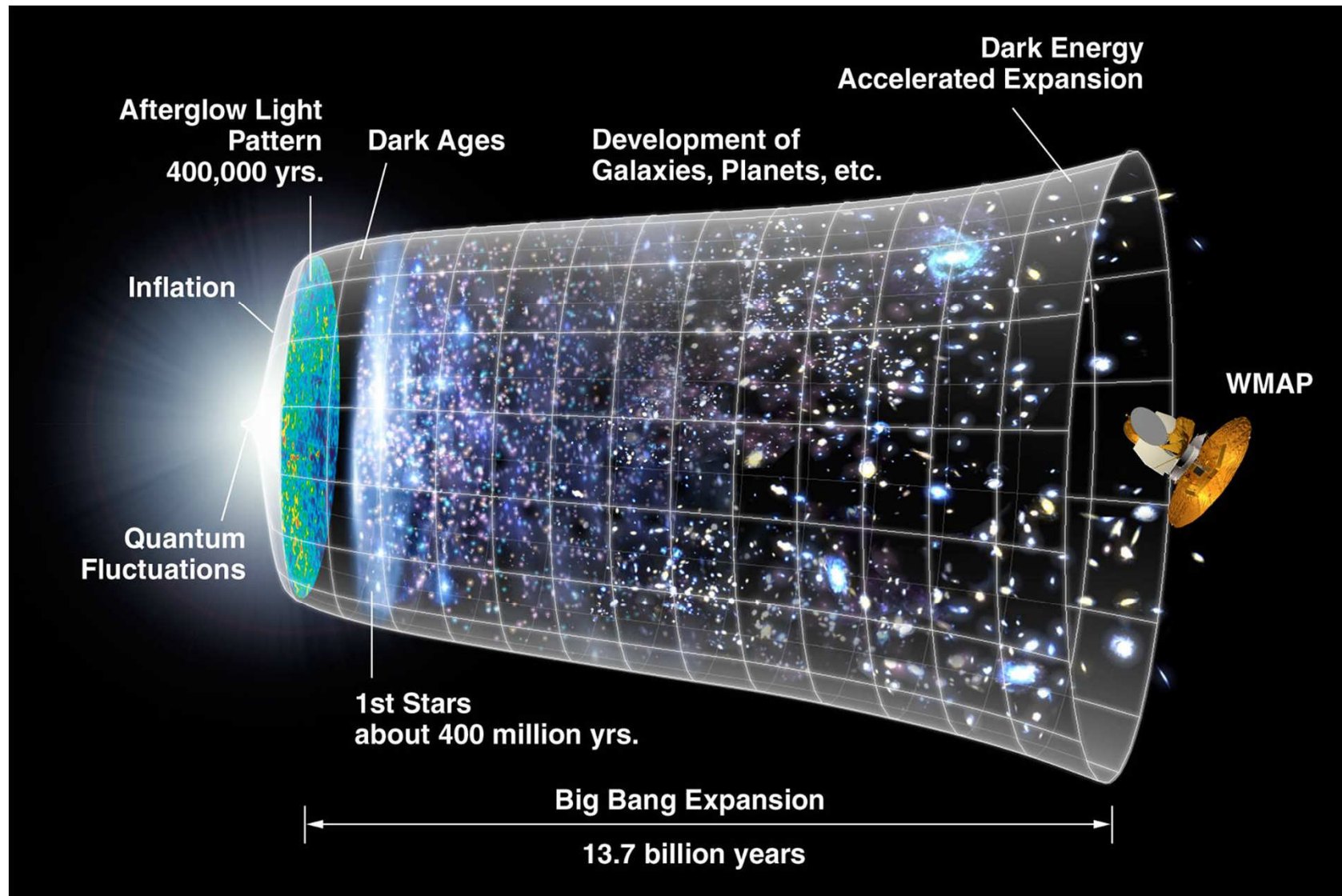
# Applications of SLMs for advanced optical instrumentation in space

**Frederic Zamkotsian**

*Laboratoire d'Astrophysique de Marseille, France*



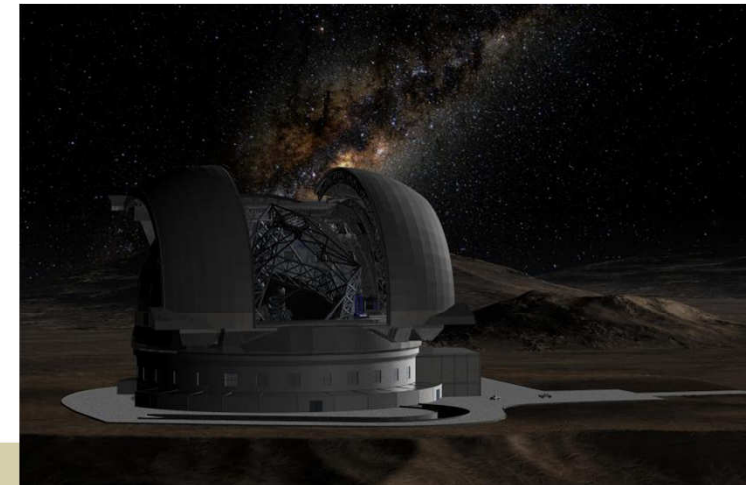
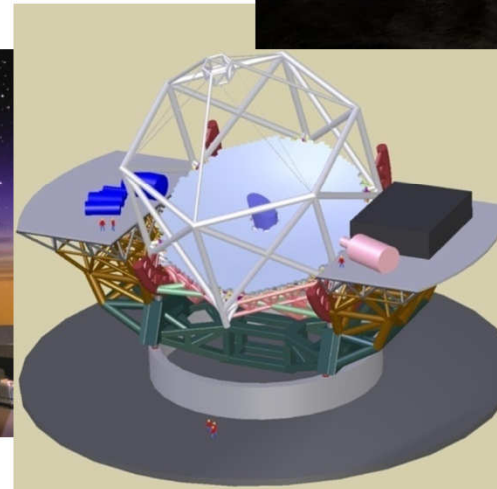
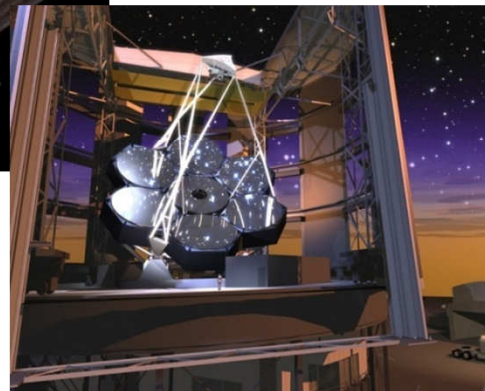
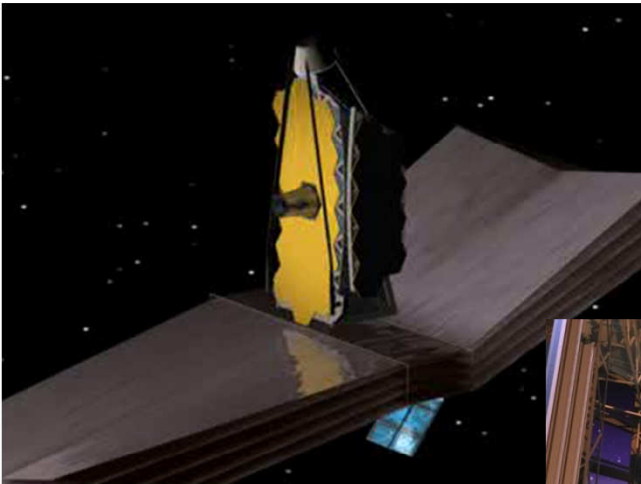
# The Universe



## Future needs

### ◆ MOEMS devices designed/operating at cryo temperature + vacuum

- ❑ Space instruments
- ❑ Ground-based IR instruments

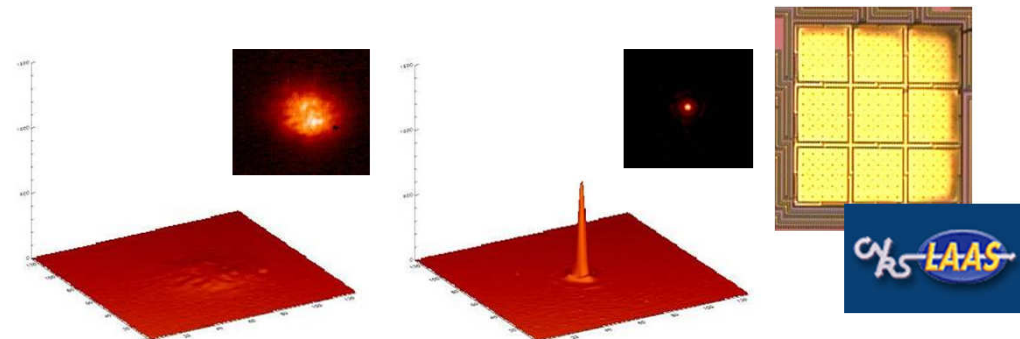




# Instrumental needs

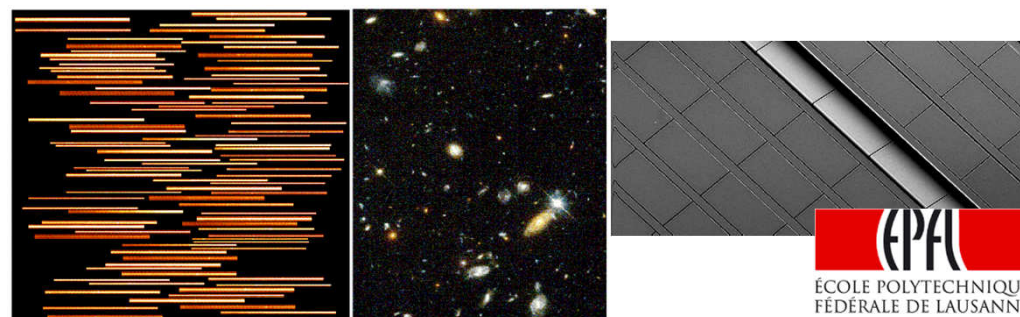
## ◆ Instrumental needs using micro-opto-electro-mechanical systems (MOEMS)

- Wavefront control
  - Deformable mirrors



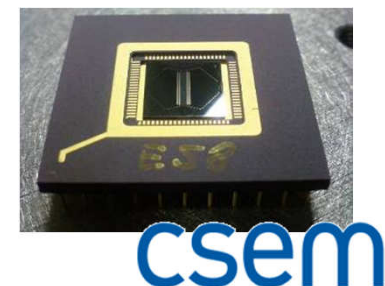
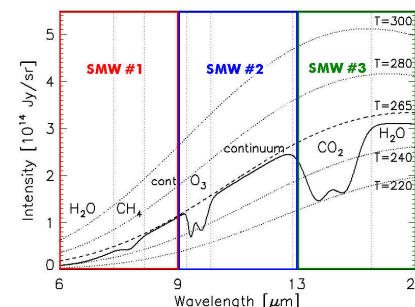
Phase

- Object selection
  - Programmable slits



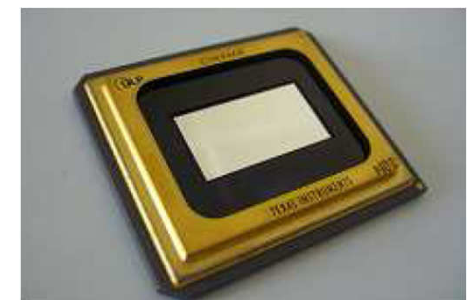
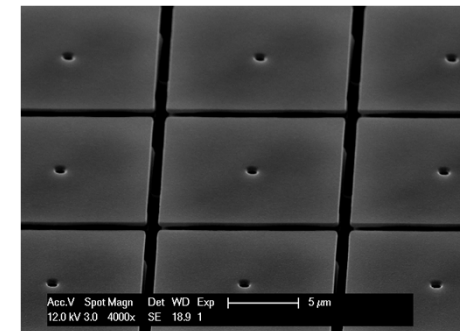
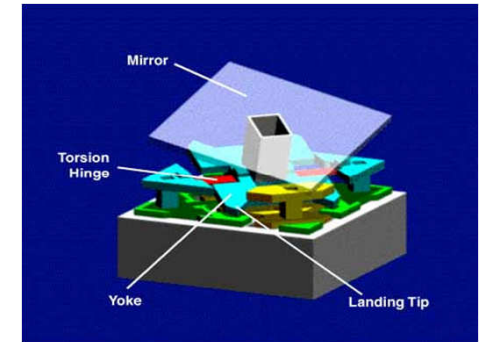
Intensity

- Spectral domain application
  - Programmable gratings



Wavelength

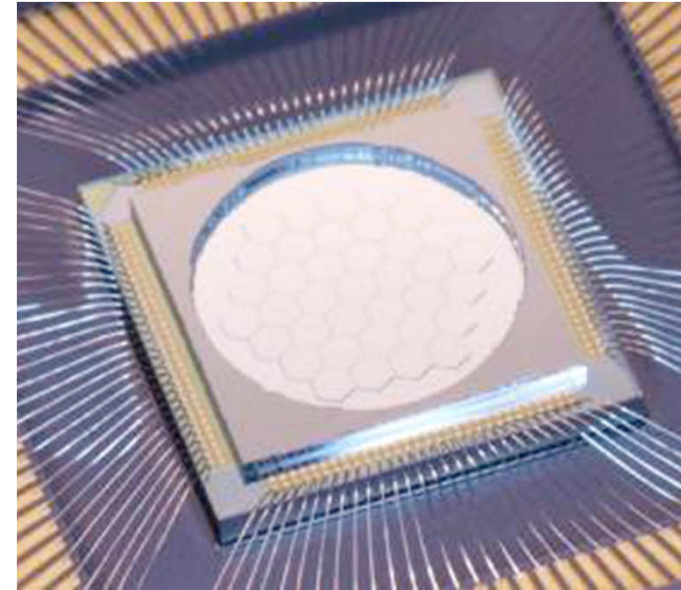
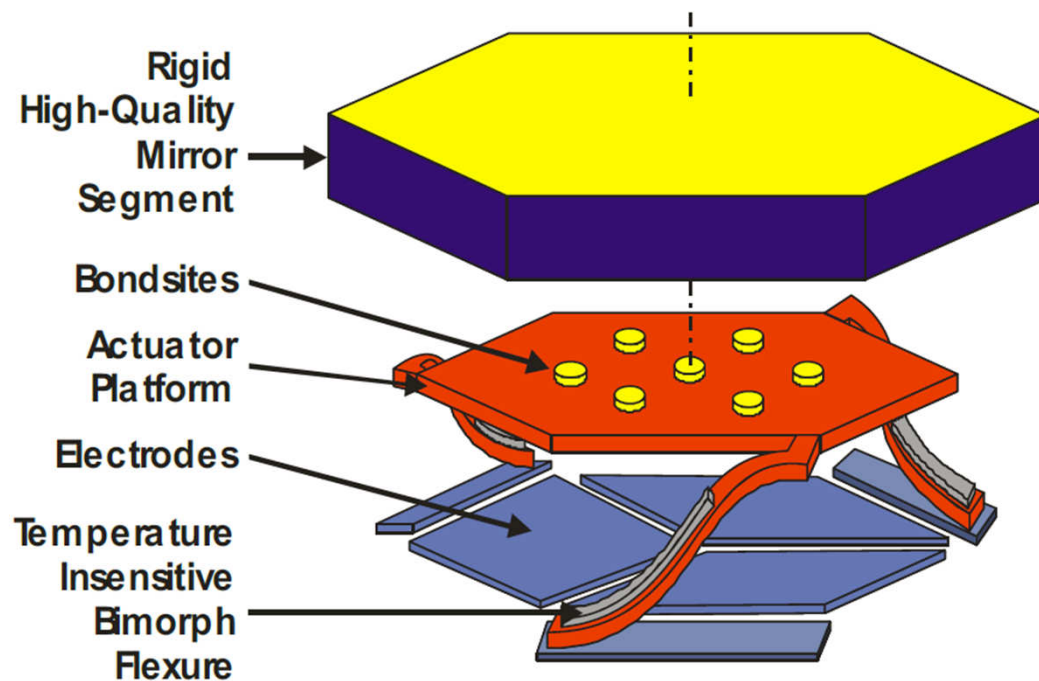
- ◆ Most popular MOEMS devices available
- ◆ Micro-mirrors
  - ❑ 2048x1080 individually tiltable
  - ❑ 13.68µm pixel pitch,
  - ❑ Tilt angle of 12°
- ◆ Numerous applications
  - ❑ Prime use displaying images
  - ❑ No customization possible
- ◆ Space qualification tests (ESA contract)
  - ❑ -40°C in 10<sup>-5</sup> mbar vacuum
  - ❑ Micro-mirrors in position for > 1500s
  - ❑ DMD fully operational
  - ❑ 1038 hours life test, radiations, vibrations
  - ❑ **No show-stopper for space application**



Zamkotsian et al., SPIE 6884, 2008

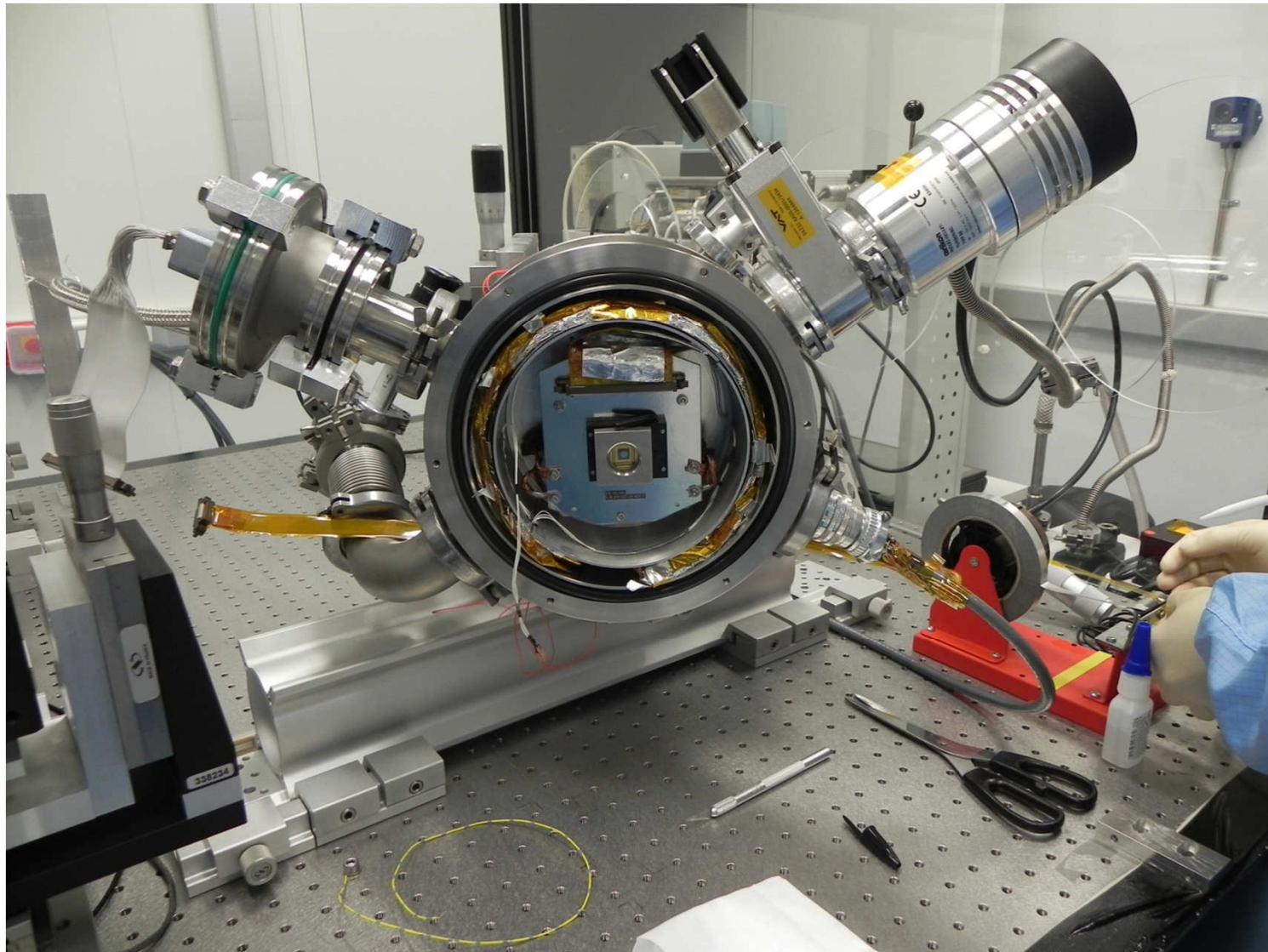
### ◆ PTT 111 DM

- ❑ 111 actuators, 37 piston-tip-tilt segments
- ❑ Segment pitch 606 $\mu$ m (segment size 700 $\mu$ m)
- ❑ Stroke 5 to 7  $\mu$ m; Tilt angle  $\pm 4$  or  $\pm 5.6$  mrad
- ❑ Optical coating: protected silver, gold, protected alu, dielectric

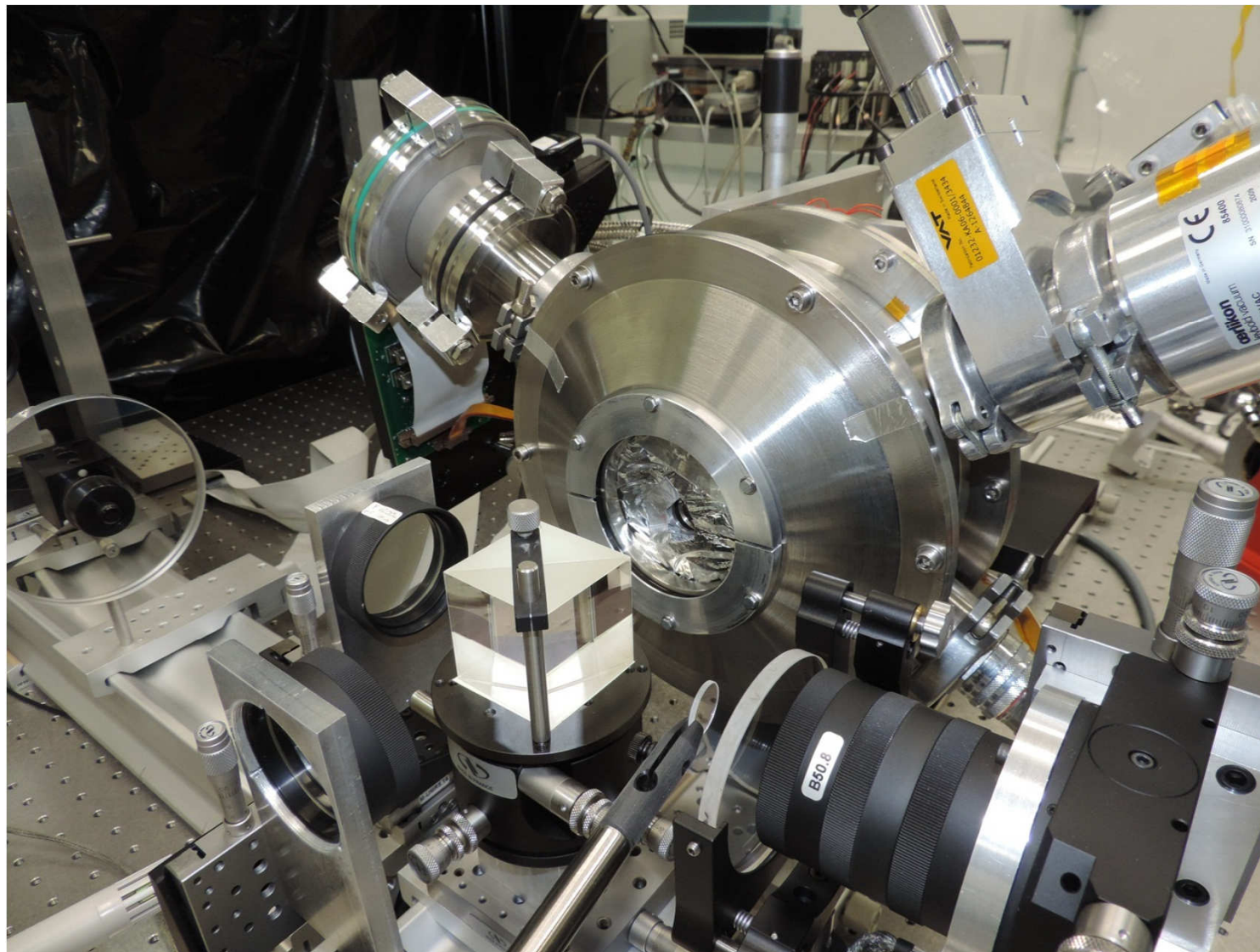




# PTT111 integration

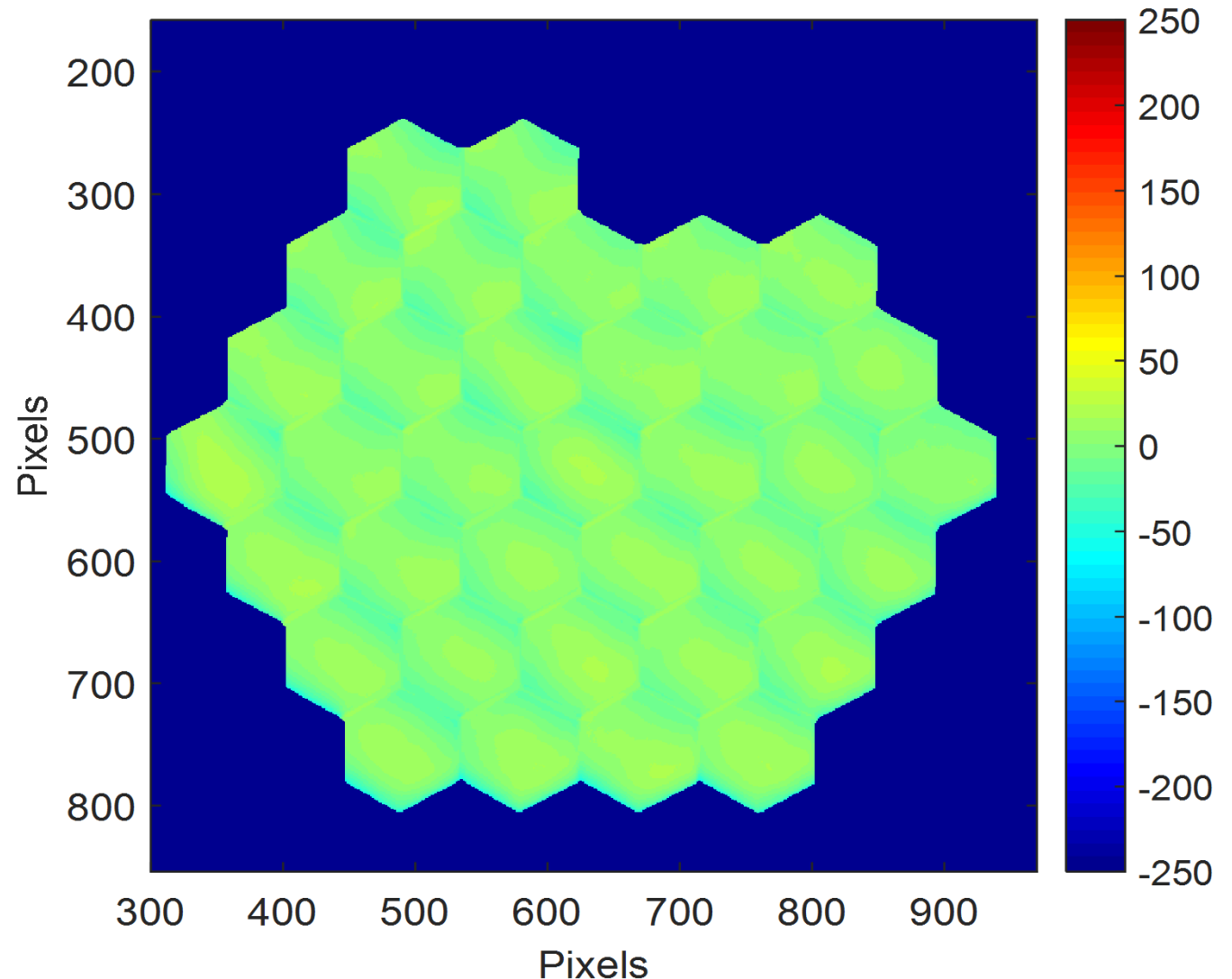


# PTT111 integration



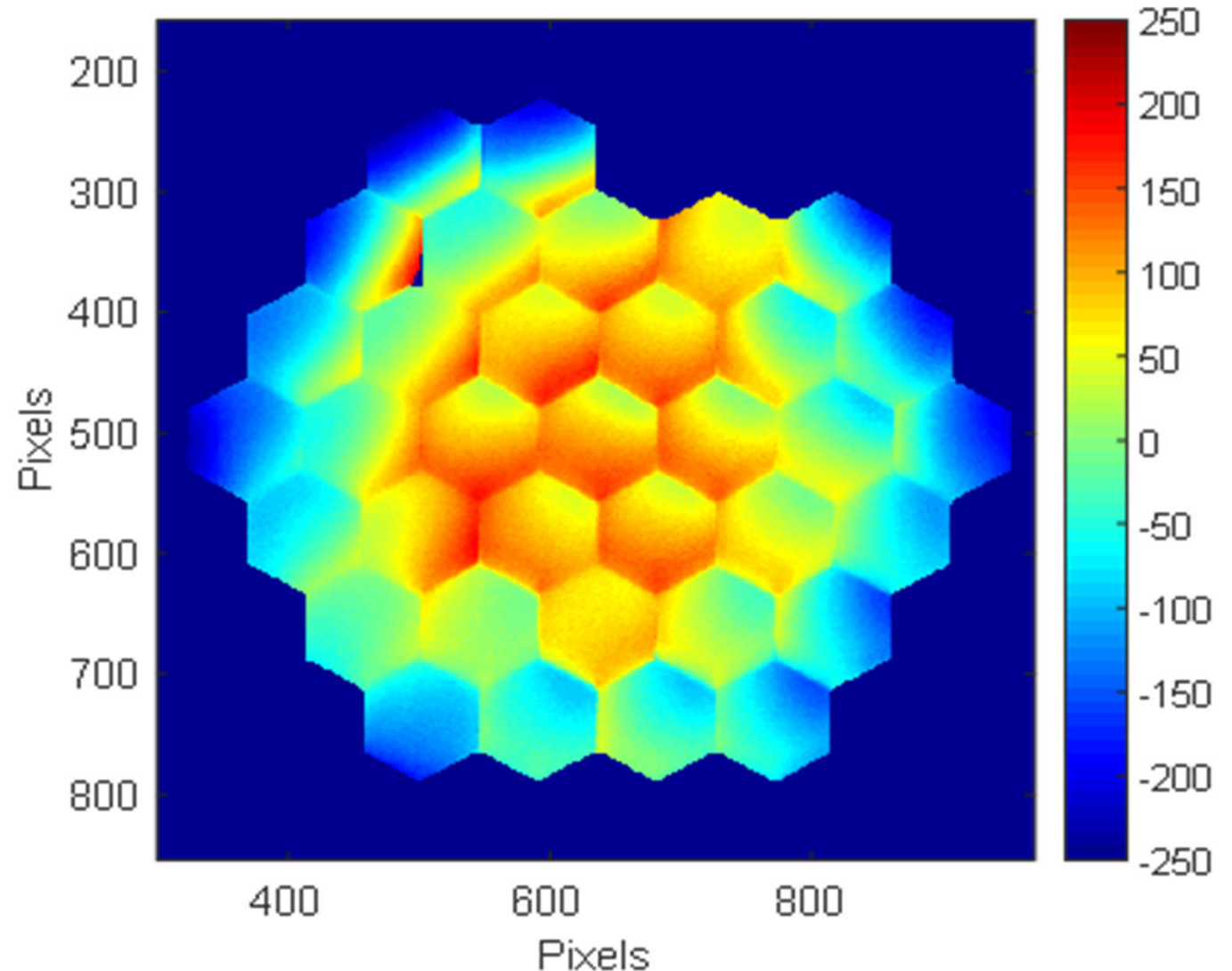


- **Best flat**  
**10nm RMS**  
**79nm PtV**

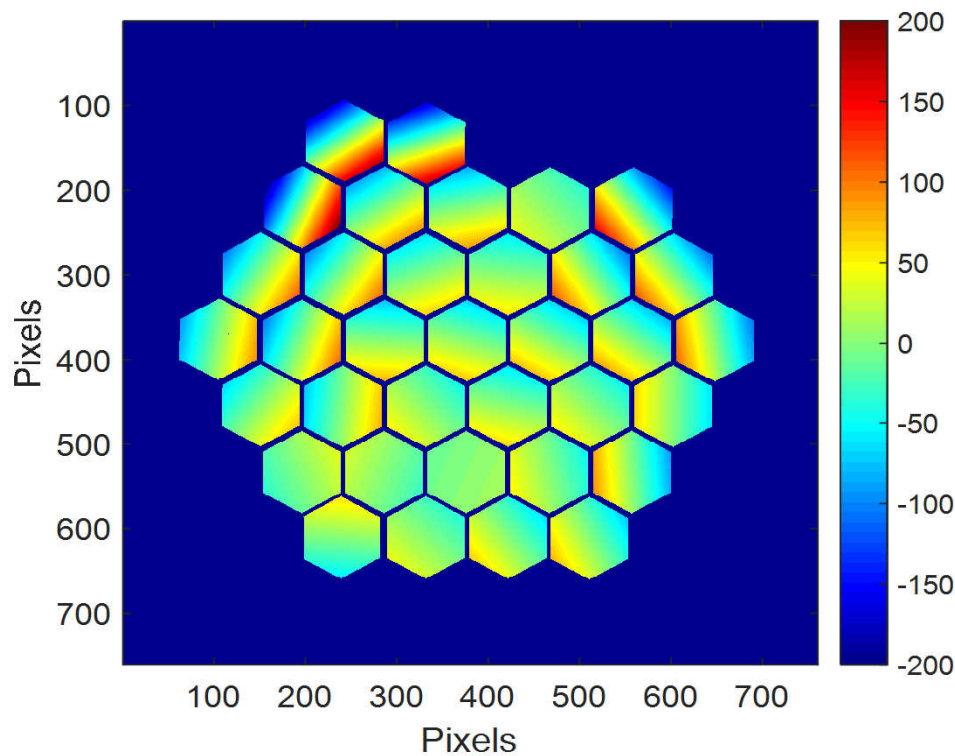


Zamkotsian et al.,  
Micromachines , 8, 233; 2017  
doi:10.3390/mi8080233

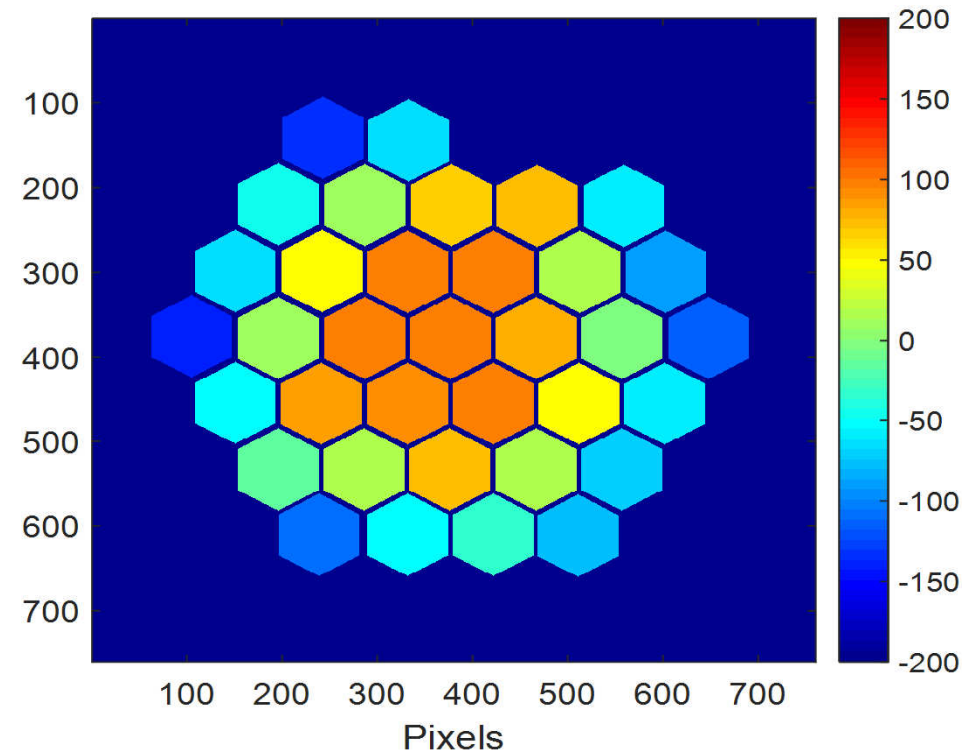
- **Best flat**  
**86nm RMS**  
**501nm PtV**



Zamkotsian et al.,  
Micromachines , 8, 233; 2017  
doi:10.3390/mi8080233



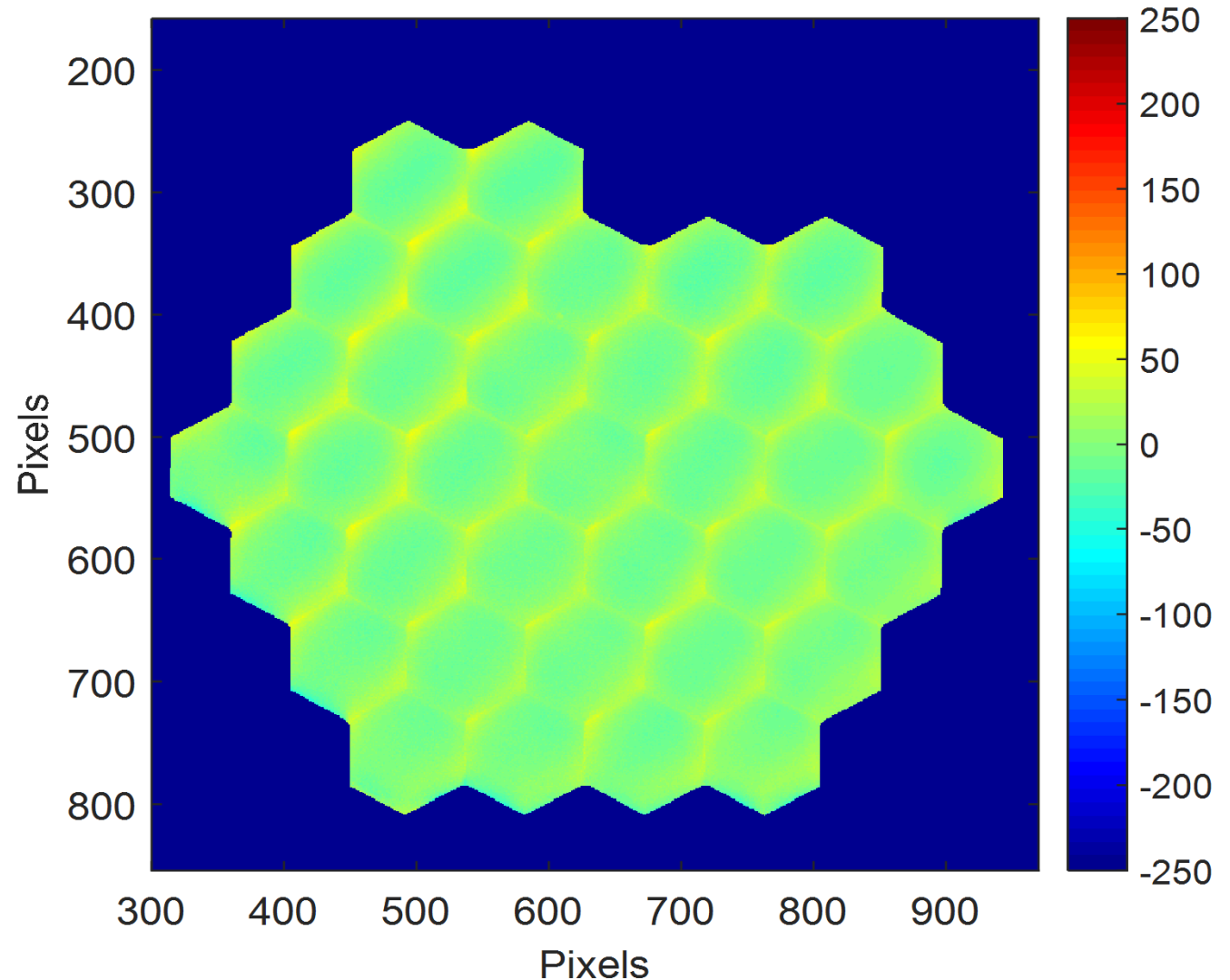
**Tilt**



**Piston**

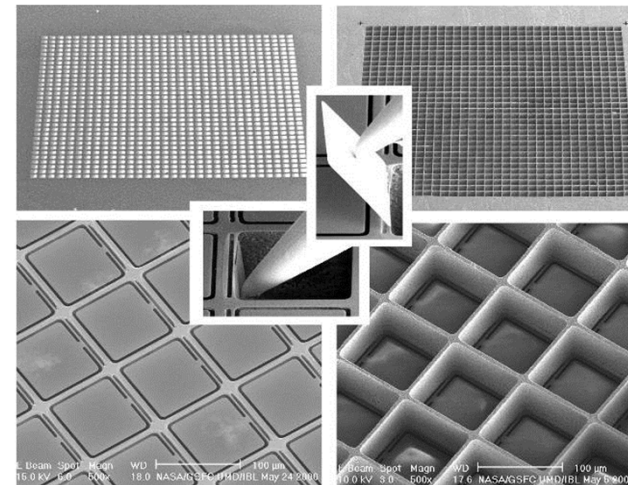
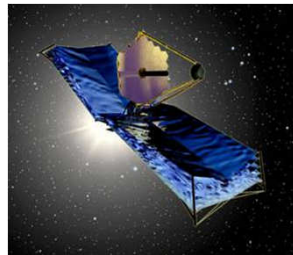


- **Best flat**  
**12nm RMS**  
**113nm PtV**

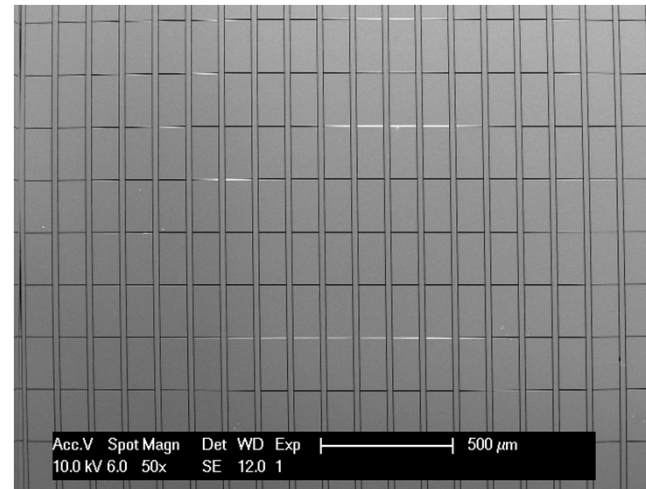


Zamkotsian et al.,  
Micromachines , 8, 233; 2017  
doi:10.3390/mi8080233

◆ NASA-GSFC Micro-shutters  
(USA)  
Selected for JWST NIRSpec



◆ LAM-IMT Micro-mirrors  
(Europe)



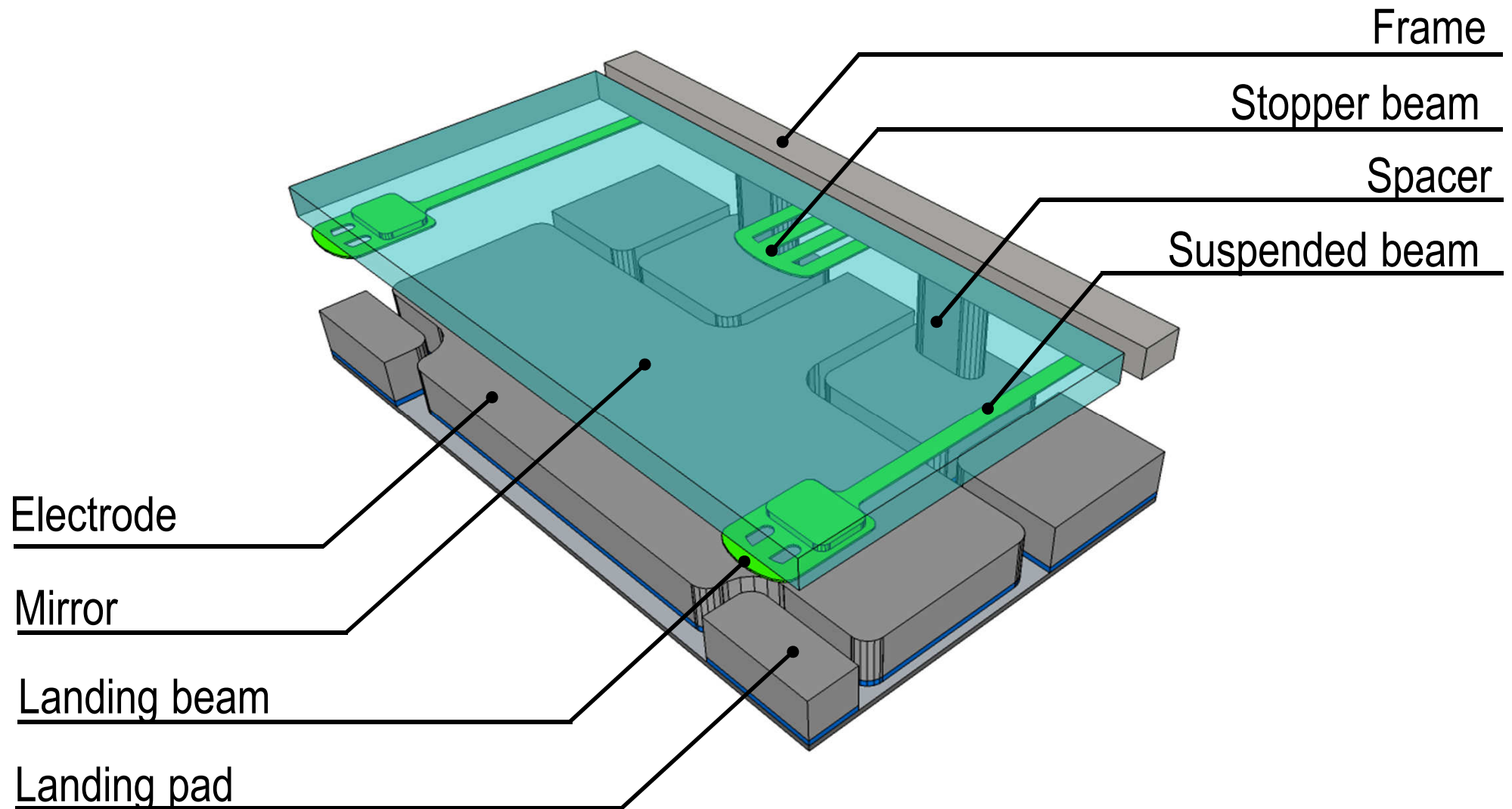
## ◆ LAM – EPFL micromirror array development: MIRA project

### ◆ Requirements

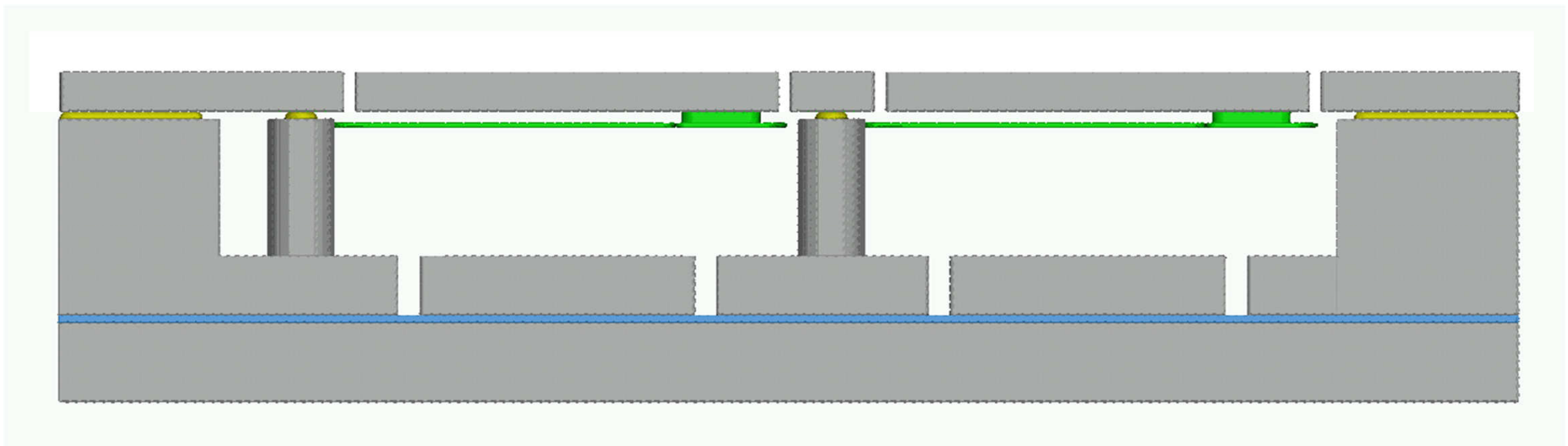
- ❑ Mirror size of 100 x 200  $\mu\text{m}^2$
- ❑ Individual addressing of the micromirrors
- ❑ High contrast of at least 1000:1
- ❑ 20° mechanical tilt angle
- ❑ Uniform tilt angle over the whole array
- ❑ Fill factor of more than 90% (if possible >95% in one direction)
- ❑ Wavelength range from visible to infrared
- ❑ Optically flat mirrors in operation  $< \lambda/20$  with  $\lambda = 1 \mu\text{m}$
- ❑ Cryogenic operating temperature (<100K, 30K goal)



# MIRA: concept



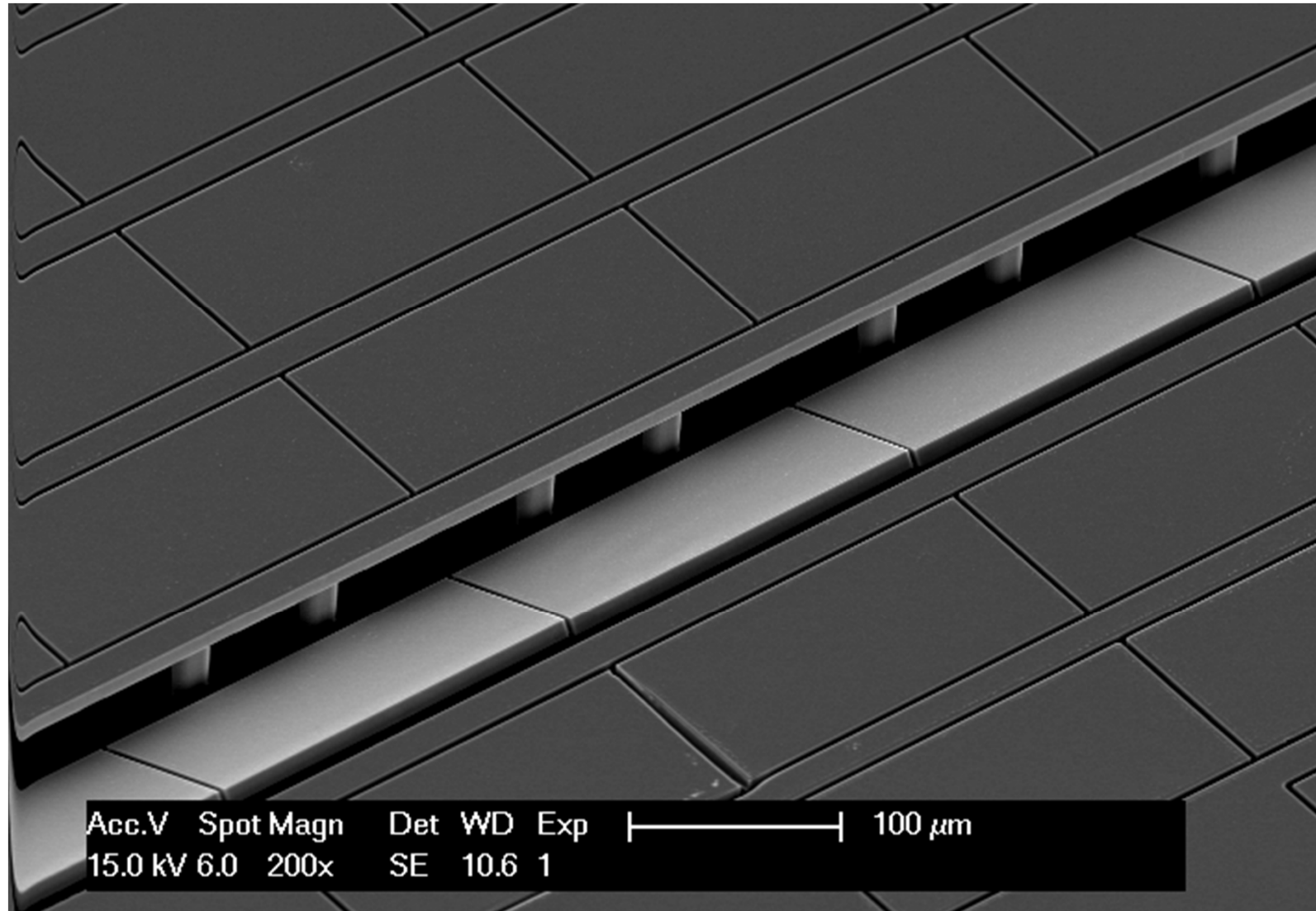
- ◆ Three SOI wafer process
- ◆ Two wafer-level bonding steps



Waldis et al., SPIE 6887, 2008

Canonica et al., JMM, 2013

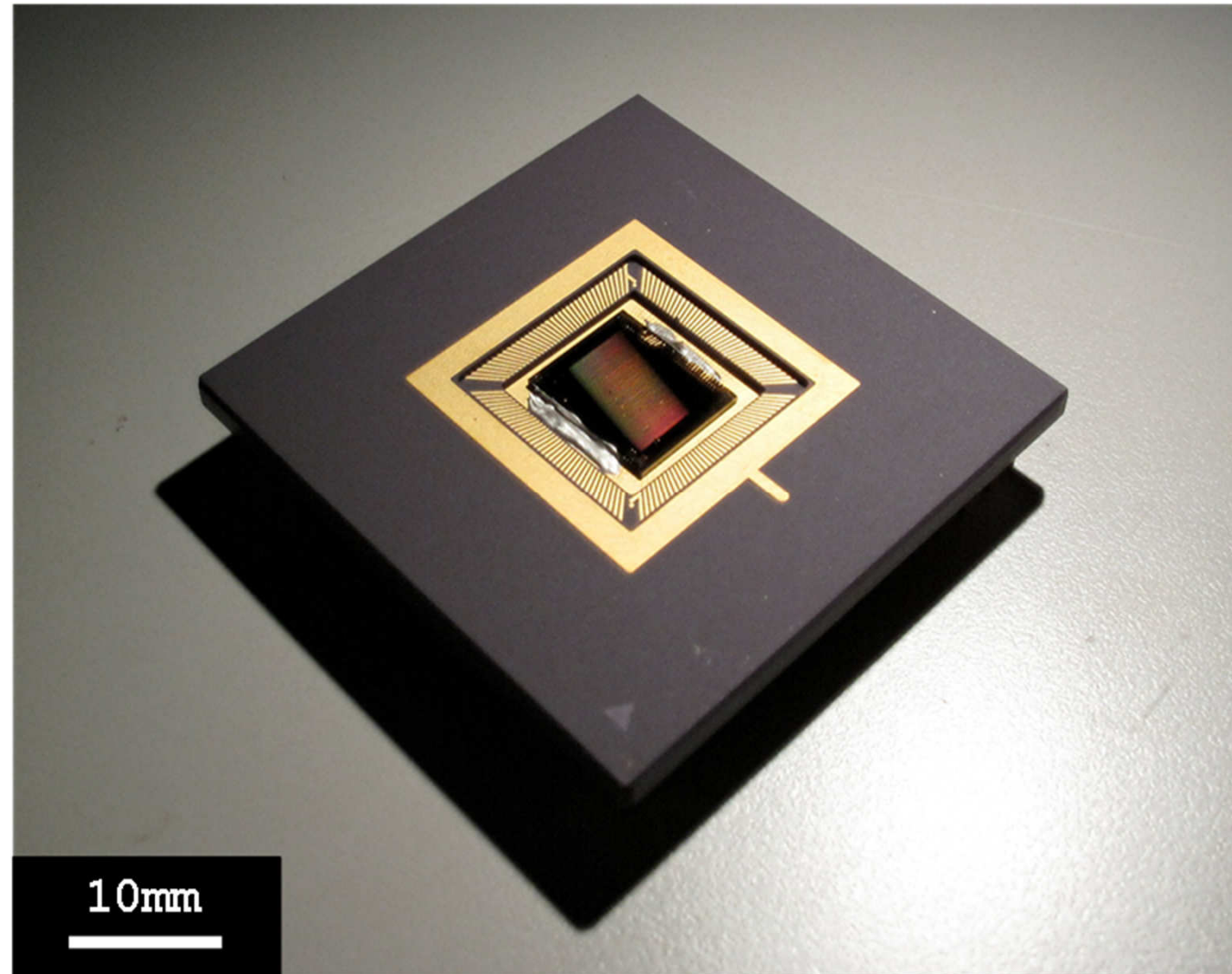
## MIRA: the realization





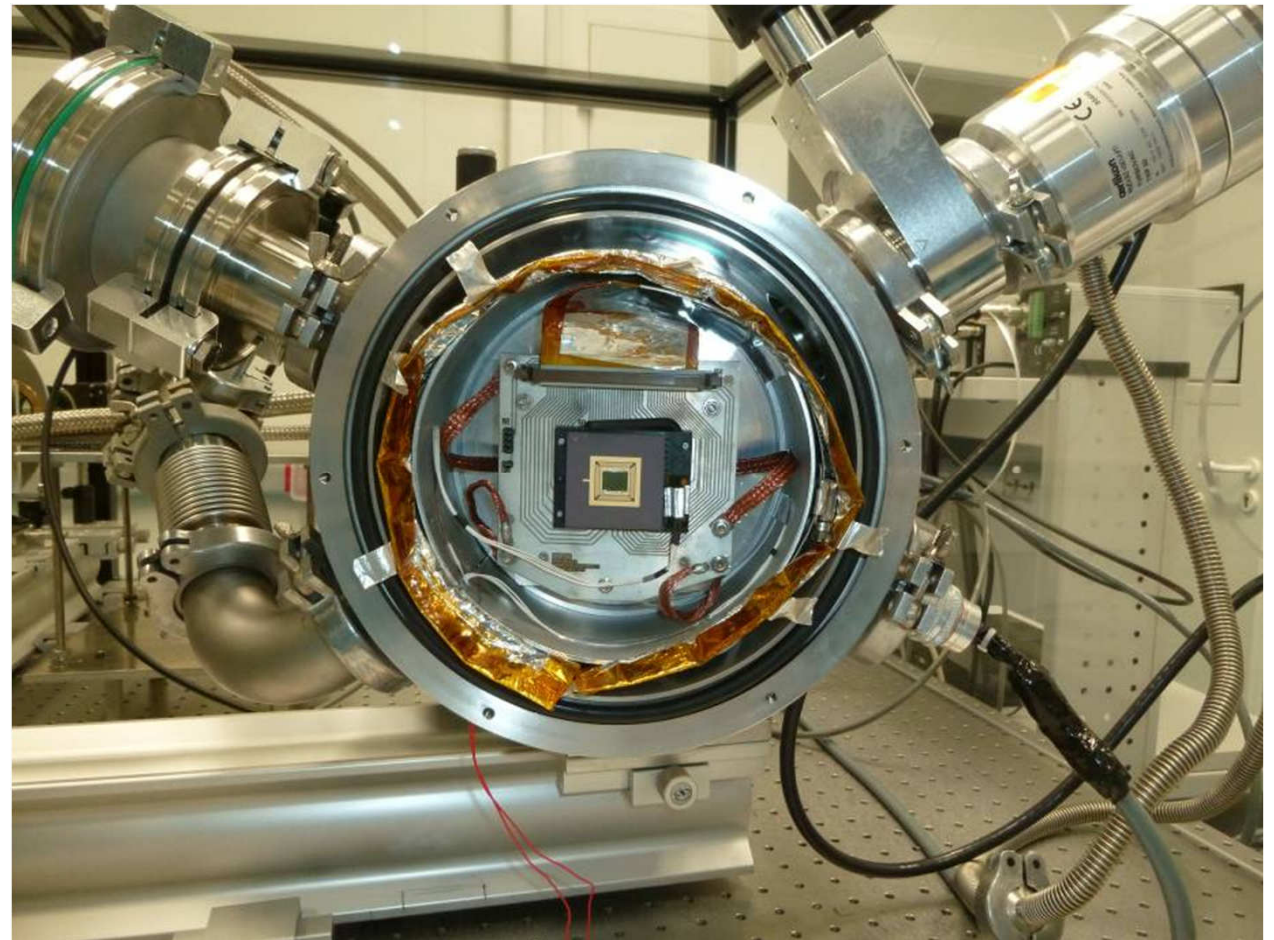
## MIRA: the realization

2048 mirrors  
(64 x 32)



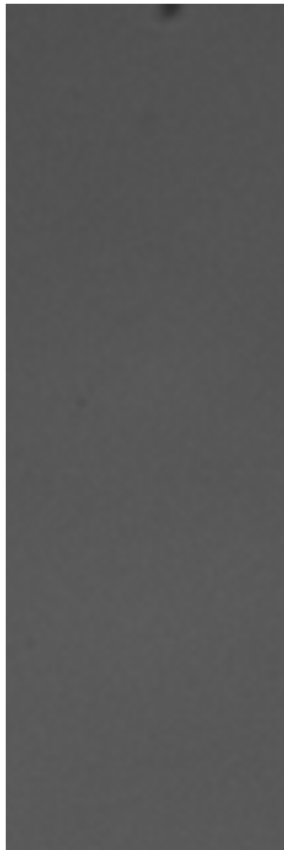
## MIRA: cryogenic test

- ❑ Specific cryo chamber developed, compatible with our interferometric bench
- ❑ Vacuum  $10^{-6}$  mbar
- ❑ Cryogenic temperatures

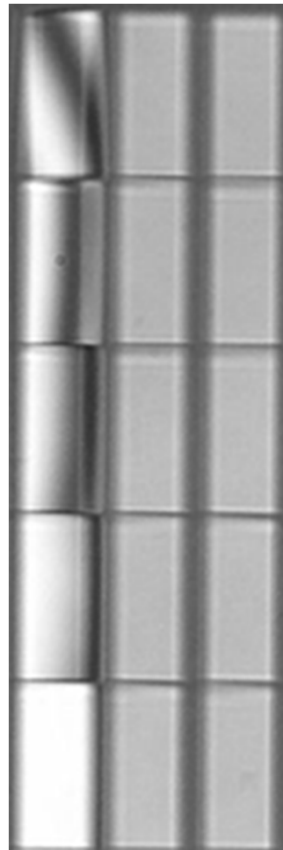


# MIRA: cryogenic test

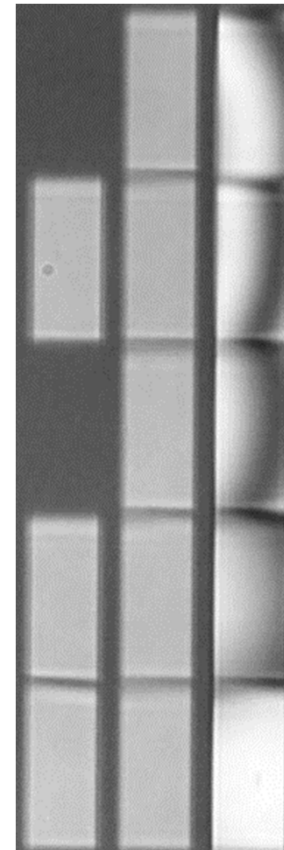
300K  
0 V



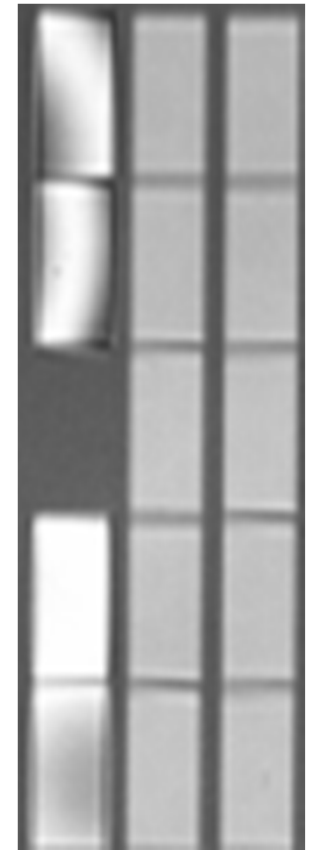
300K  
130V



162K  
130V

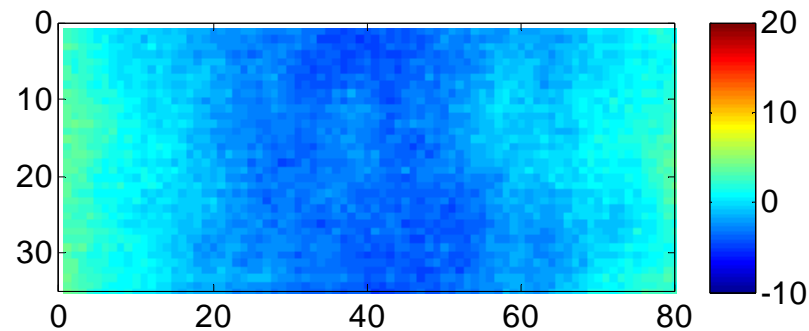


162K  
148V

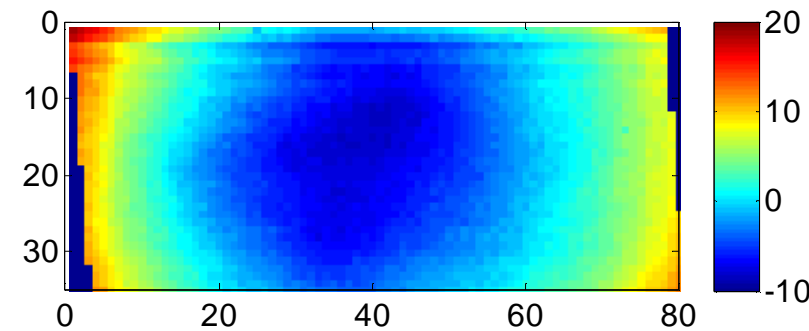


## Surface quality measurement in the ON position

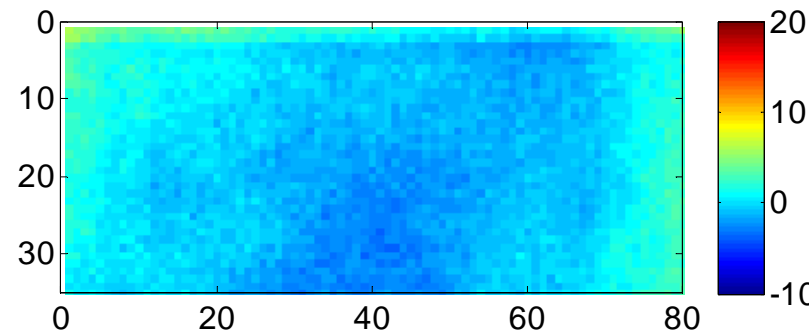
**293 K**  
**135 V**  
**9.8 nm PtV**



**162 K**  
**148 V**  
**27.2 nm PtV**

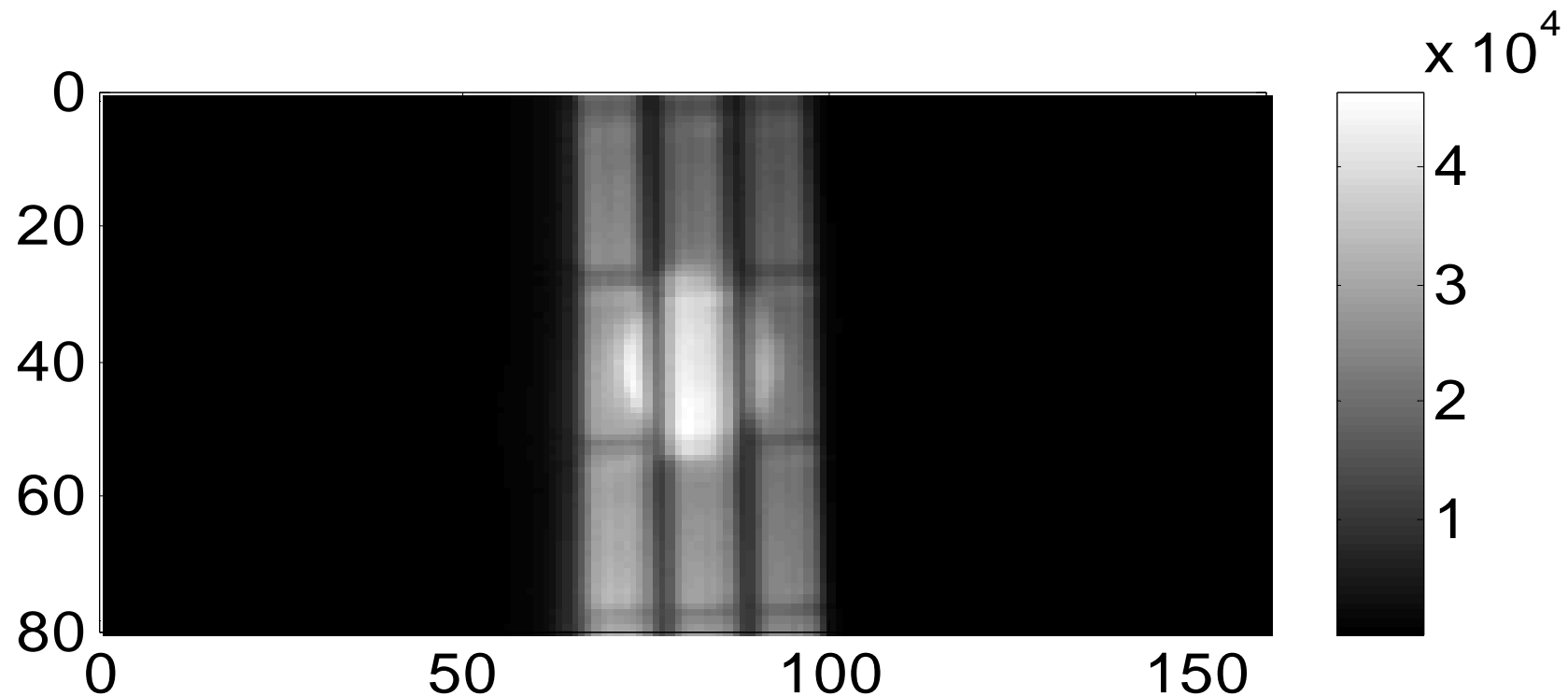


**293 K**  
**135 V**  
**9.9 nm PtV**

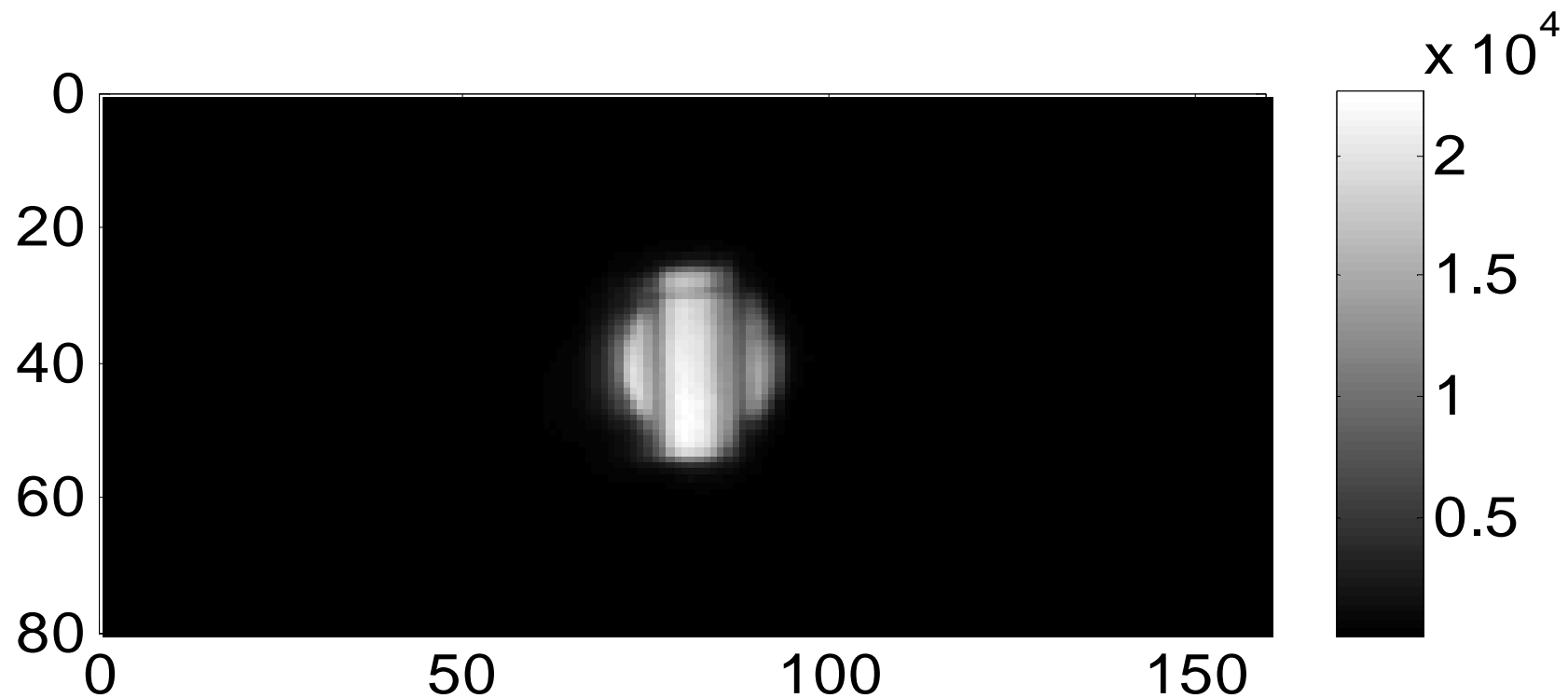




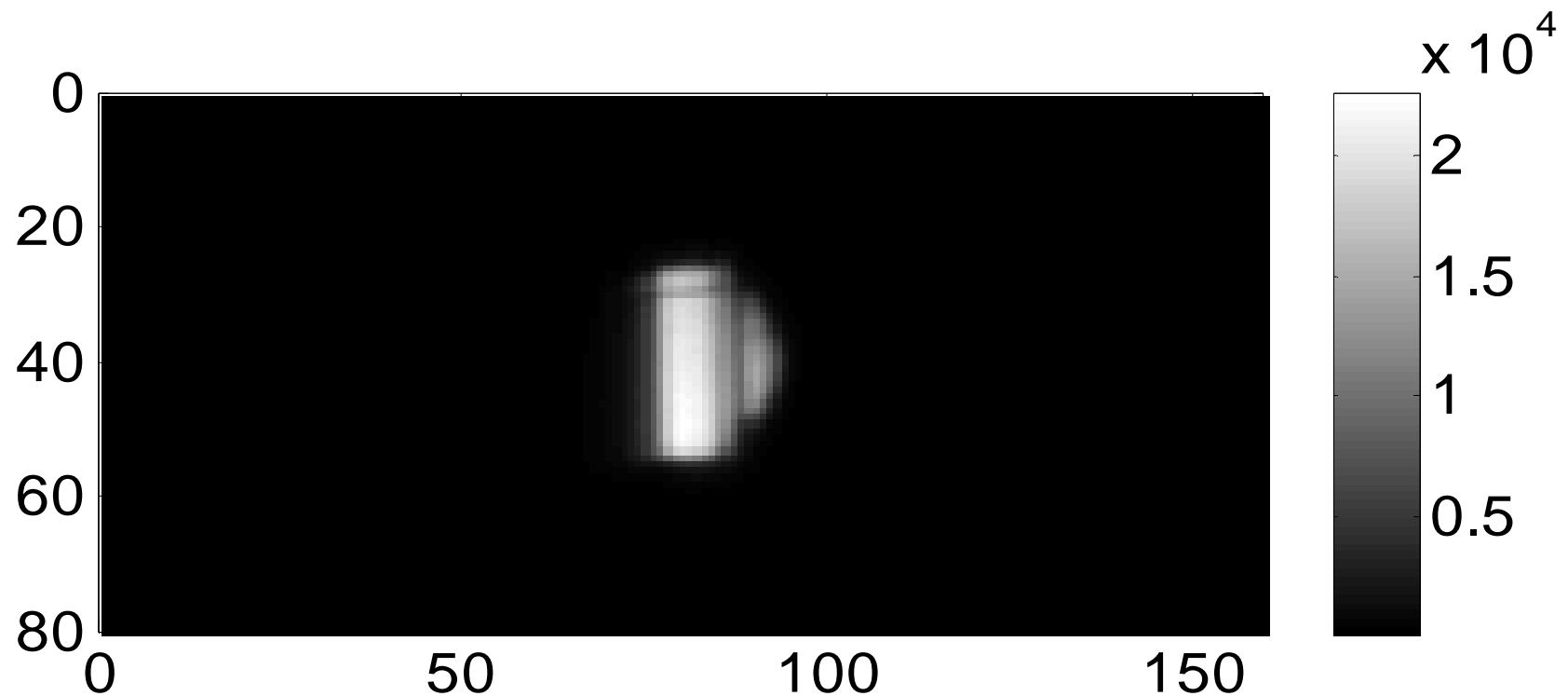
- ❑ Device with lines tilting only
- ❑ 200 $\mu\text{m}$  object projected on the 100 x 200  $\mu\text{m}^2$



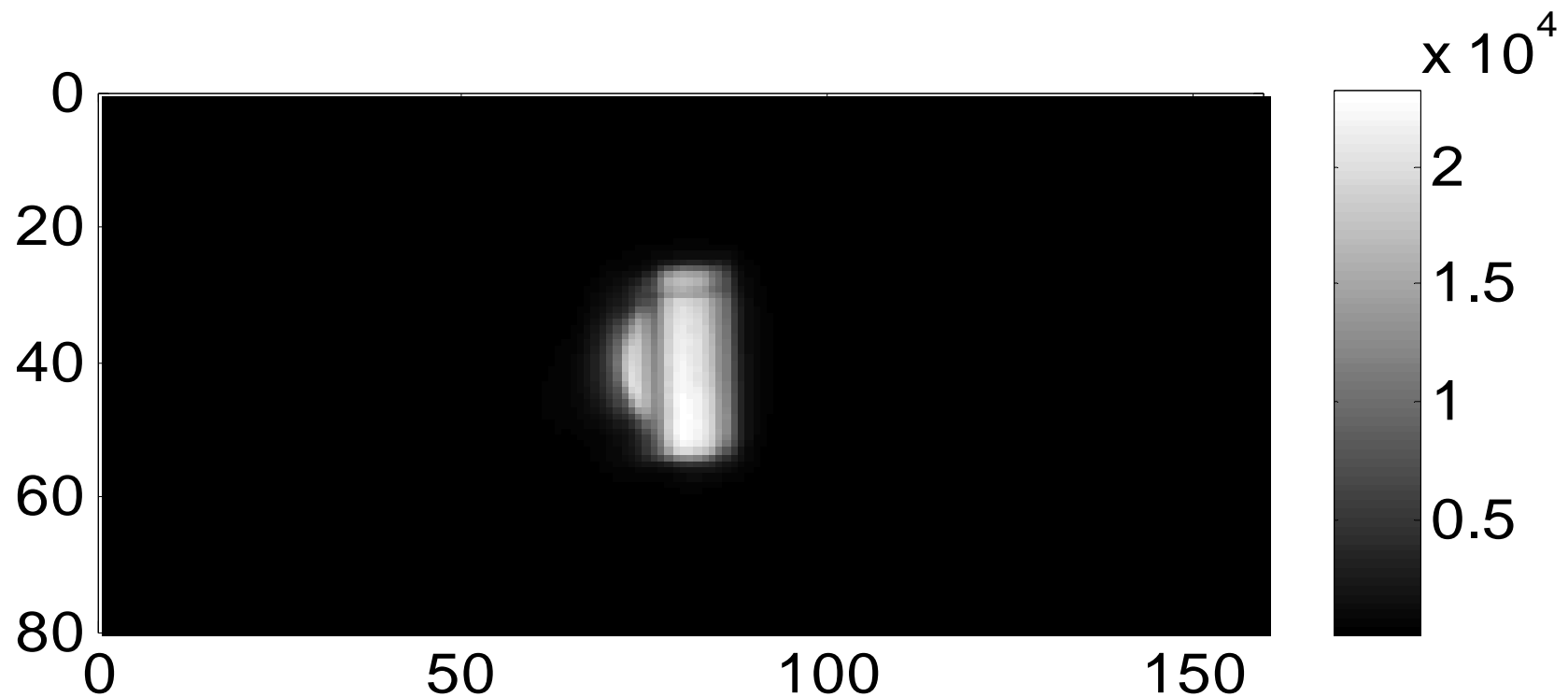
## □ PSF slicing



## □ PSF slicing

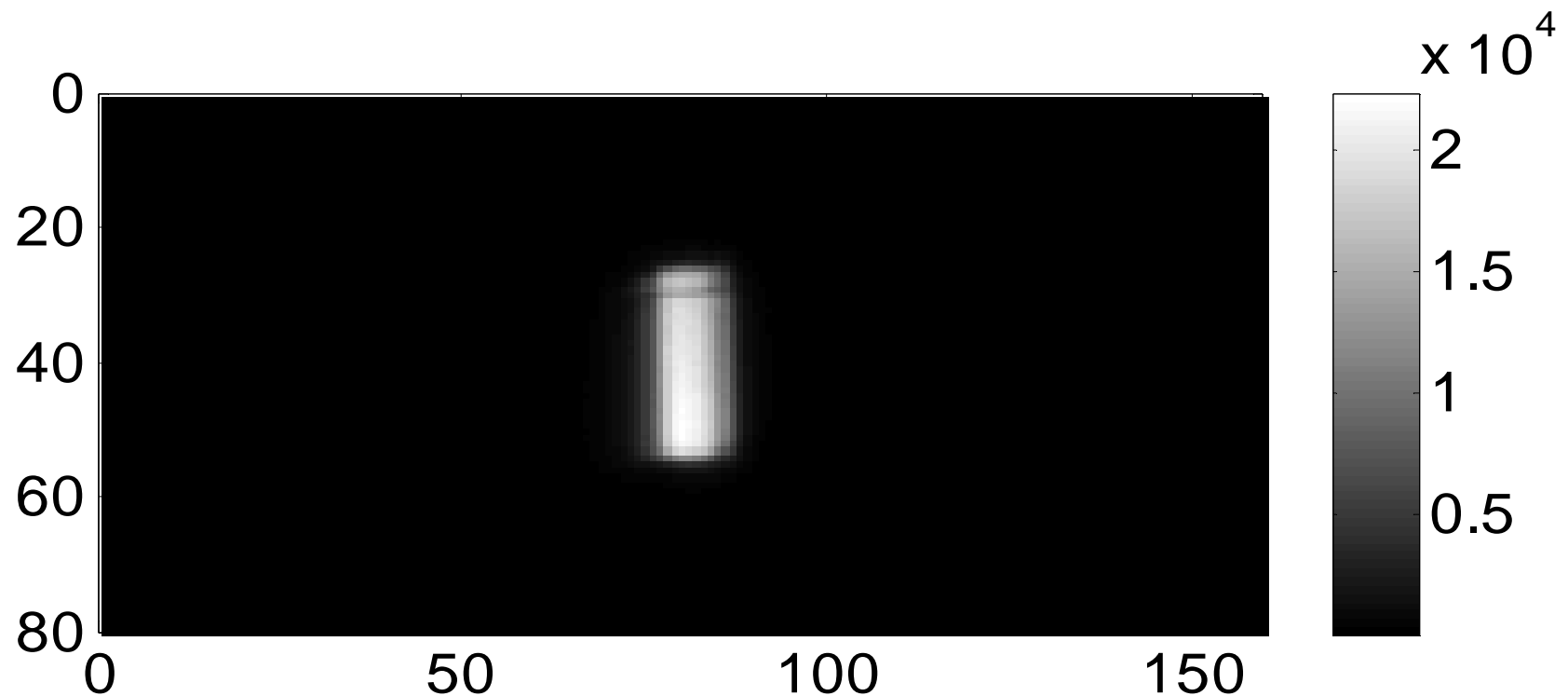


## □ PSF slicing

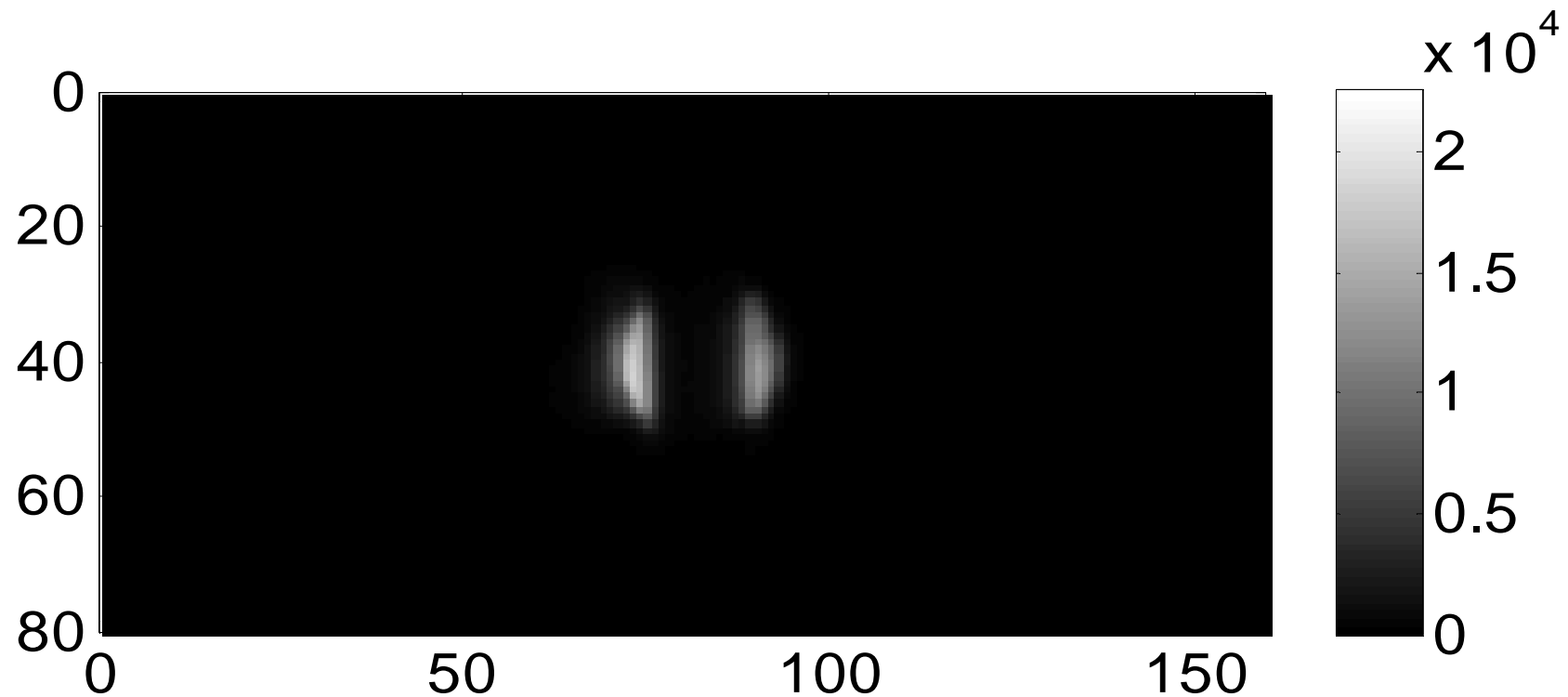




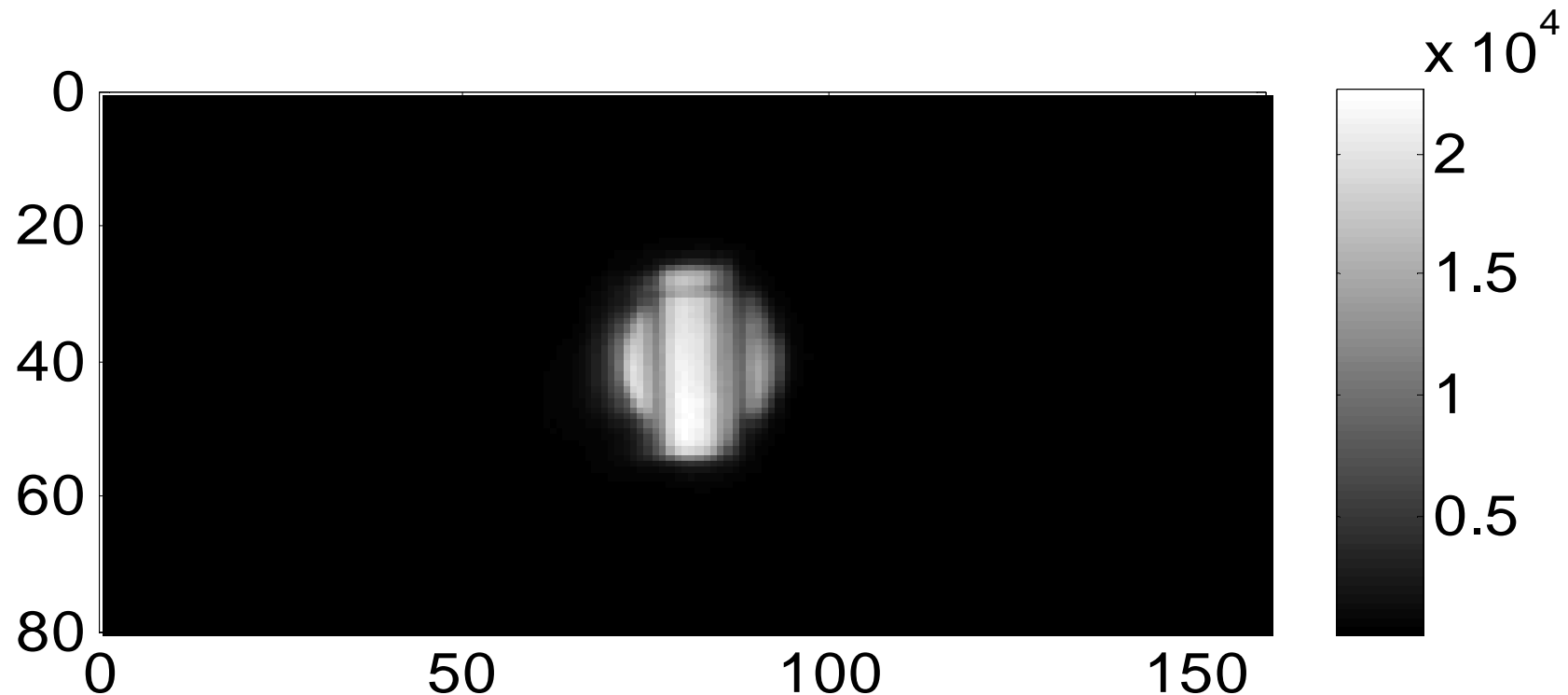
## □ PSF slicing



## □ PSF slicing



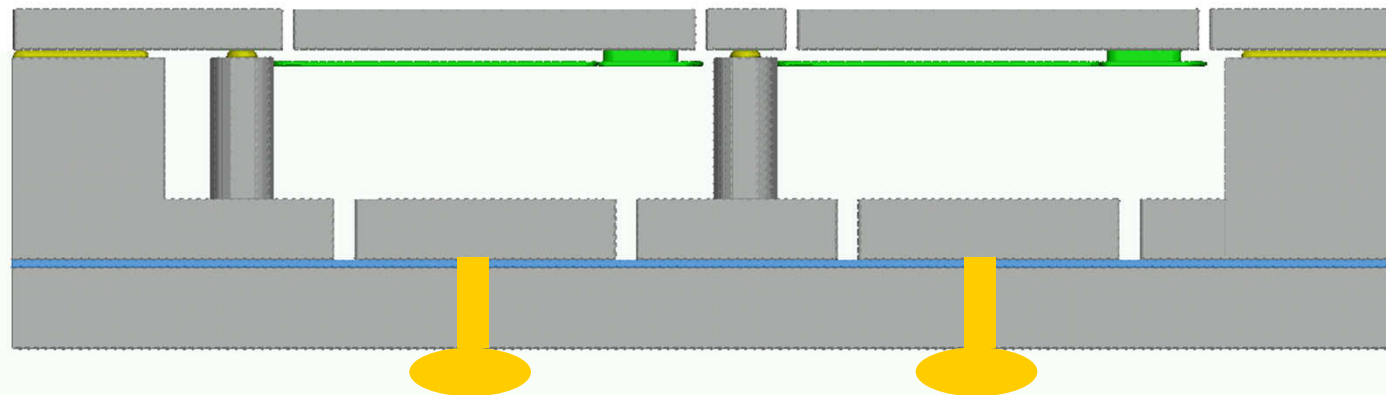
- Contrast measurement integrated over the micromirror surface
- Contrast value: **1000:1**



## MIRA 4 project

[ MIRA + hardened electronics ] : buttable arrays in FOV

Micro-mirrors

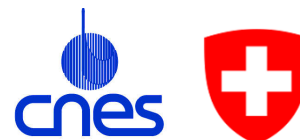


Interposer

Electronics

Applications: Universe and Earth Observation, Physics, Biology

Funding





# MOEMS characterization platform

- ◆ Operational bench (completed 2002)
  - ❑ MOEMS components operational performances measurement (tilting micromirrors, programmable diffraction gratings, ...)
  - ❑ Modular bench: multi-sources, multi-detectors and adjustable pupil
- ◆ Interferometric bench (completed 2004)
  - ❑ Surface quality, deformation static and dynamical measurement
  - ❑ Small and large FOV with sub-nanometer resolution (z-direction)
- ◆ Cryogenic bench (completed 2013)
  - ❑ Performances measurement under vacuum and at cryo. temp. (30K - ambient)



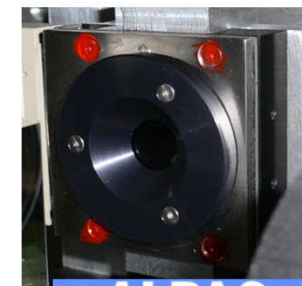
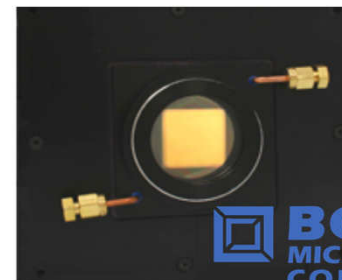
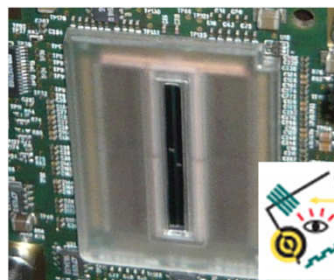
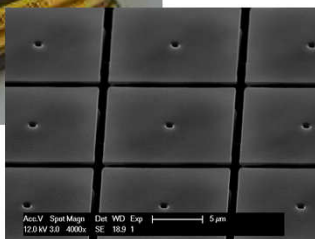
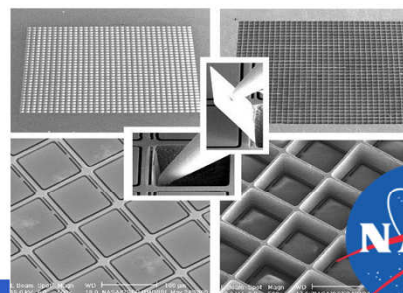
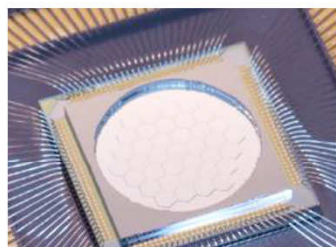
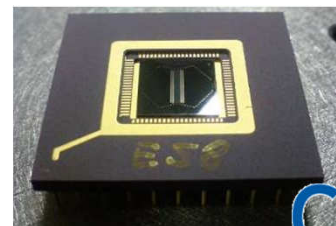
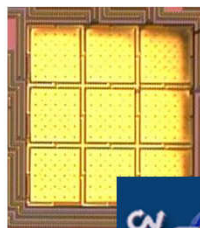
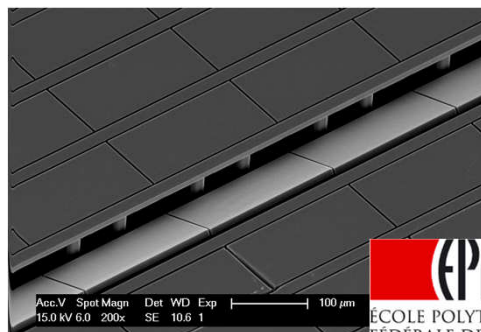
Frederic Zamkotsian



OST, LAM, 30 May 2017

# MOEMS characterization platform

**Tests on multiple devices:** TI, EPFL, NASA, LAAS, MEMSCAP, OKO, ALPAO, BMC, CSEM ...  
**in cryo:** MIRA project (with EPFL), TI-DMD for EUCLID, PTT111 from Iris-AO

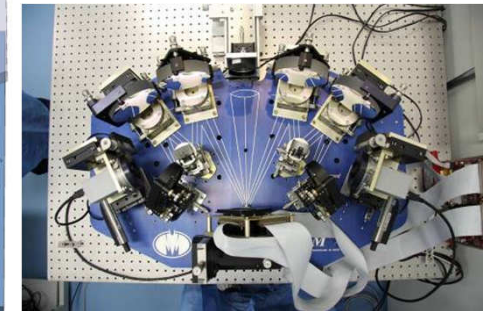
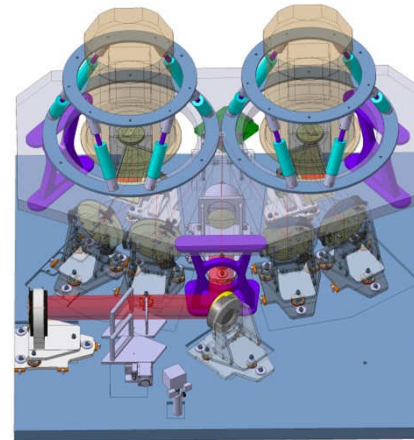


## ◆ Instrument developments using MOEMS: **the BATMAN family**

### □ Multi-Object Spectrograph

- BATMAN
- ROBIN
- BATMAN flies

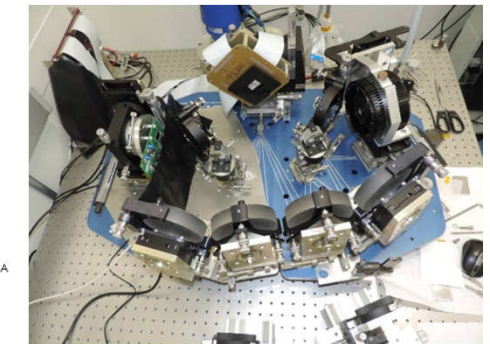
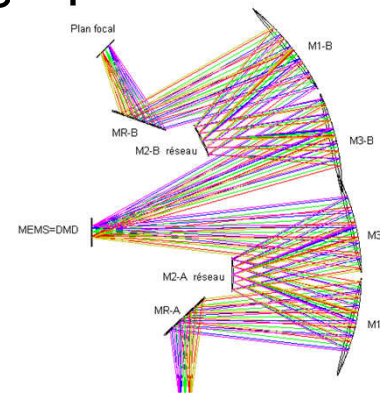
**Universe  
Observation**



### □ Programmable wide field spectrograph

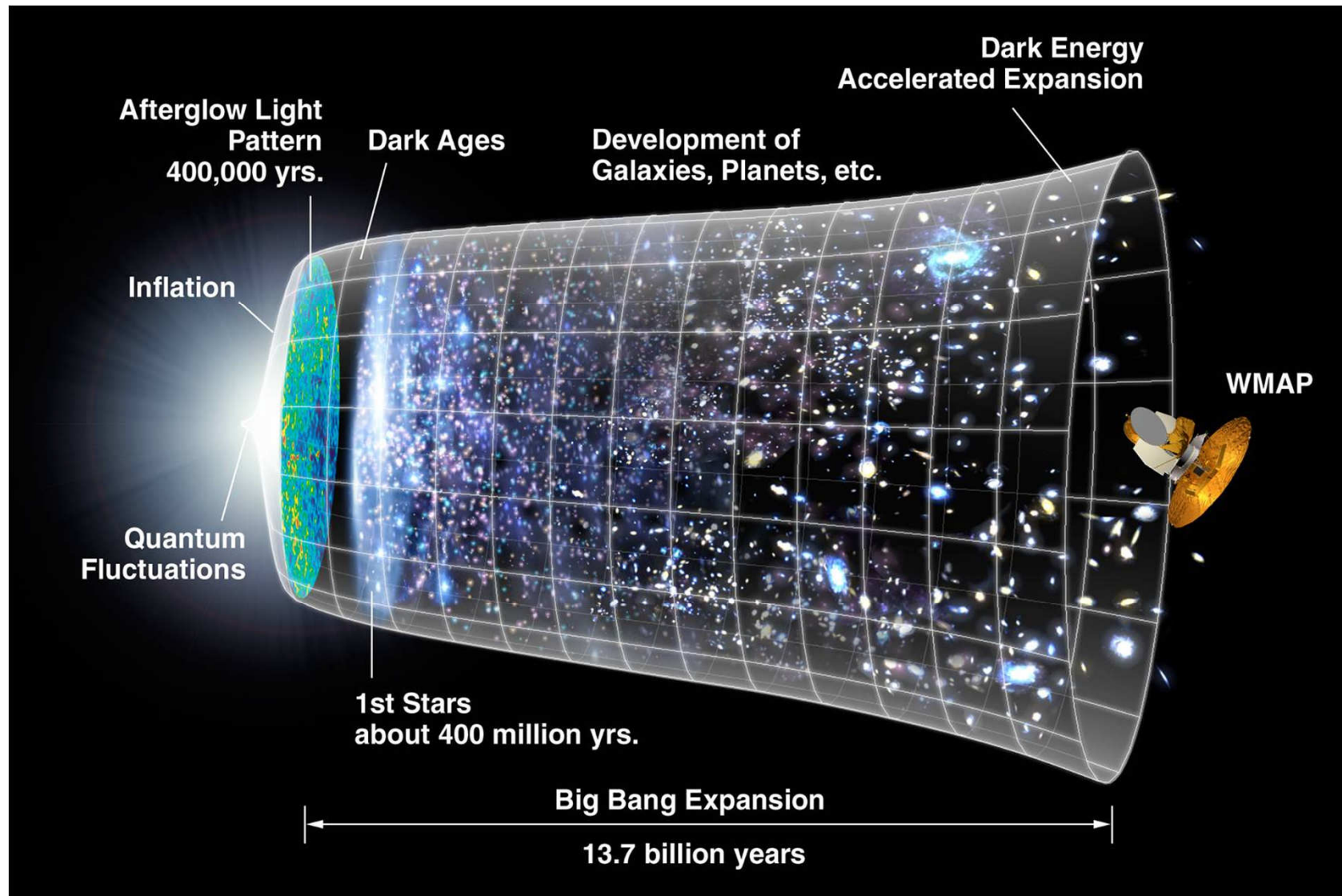
- Flight model design
- Full scale breadboard

**Earth  
Observation**

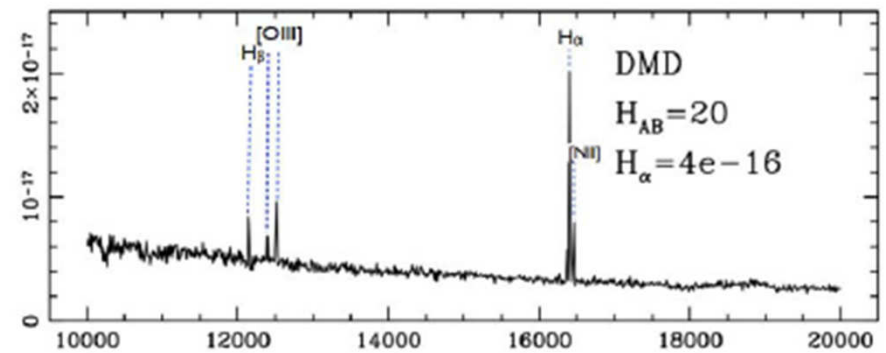
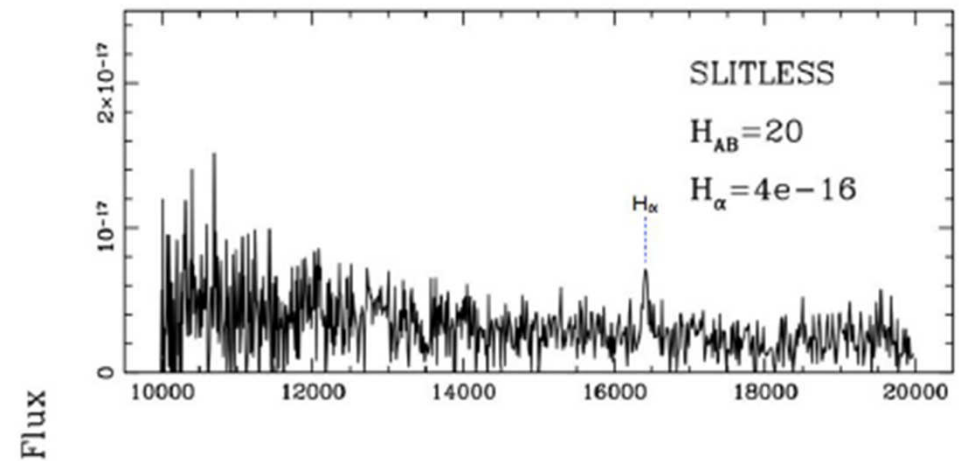
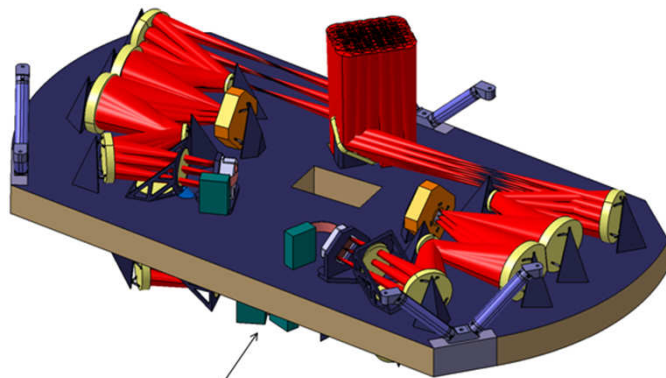
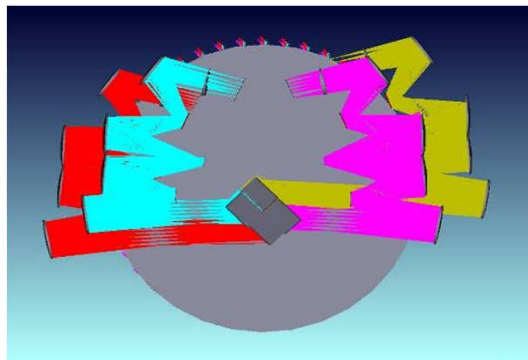
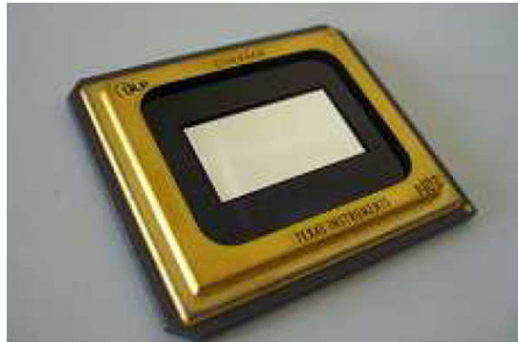




# The Universe

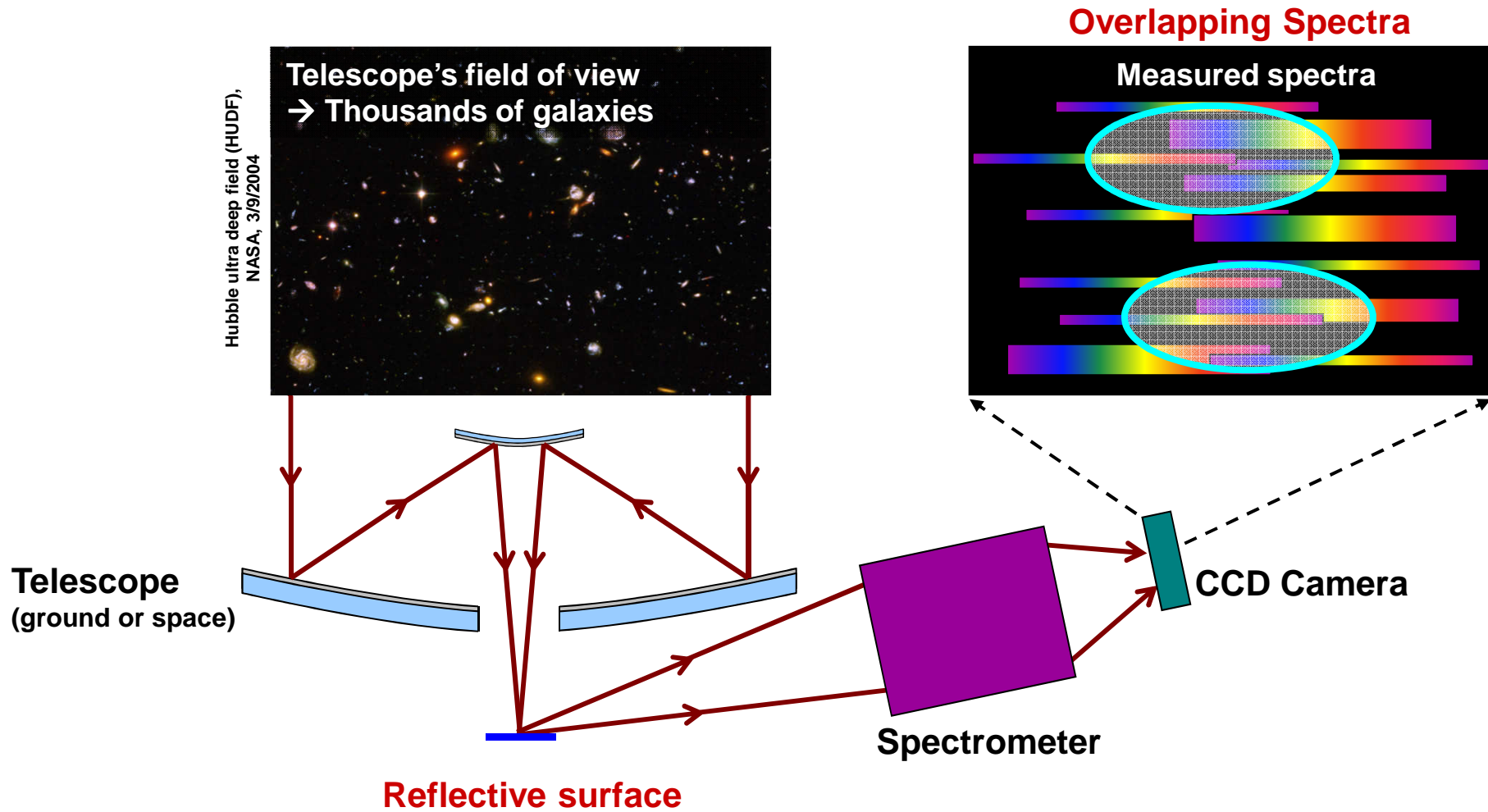


# EUCLID-NIS: the DMD option

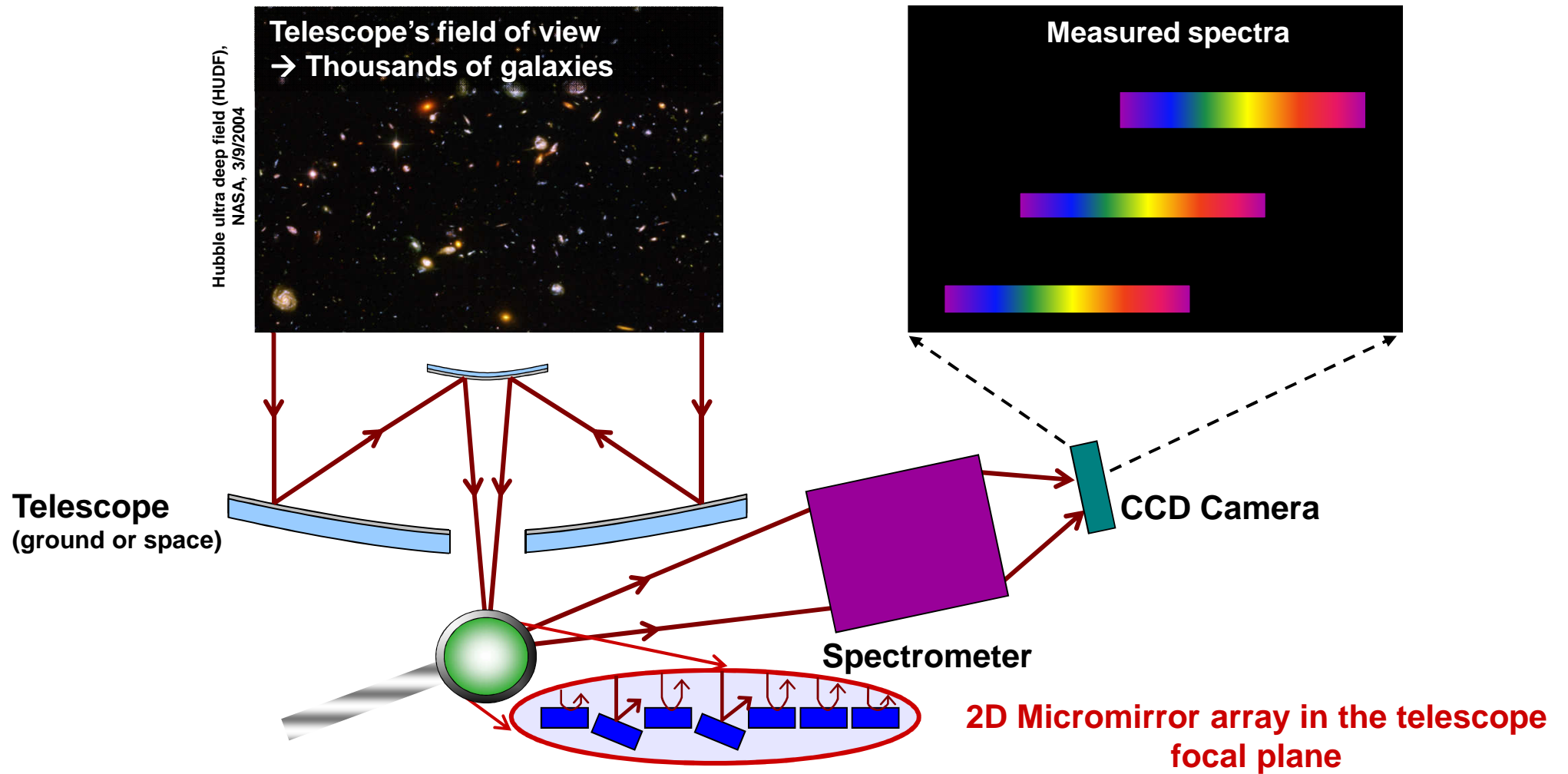




# Multi-Object Spectroscopy (MOS)

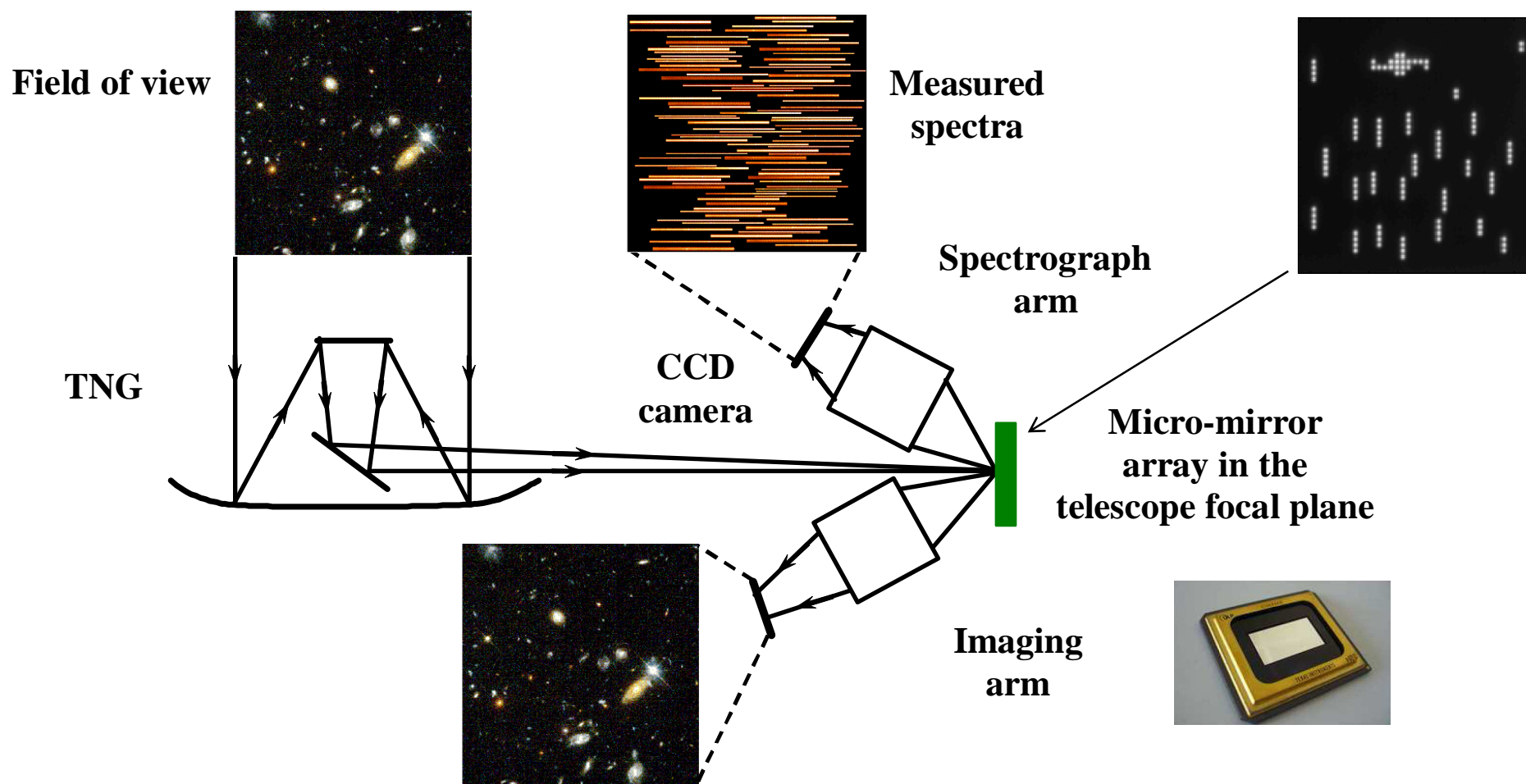


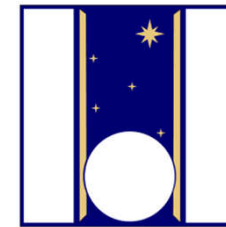
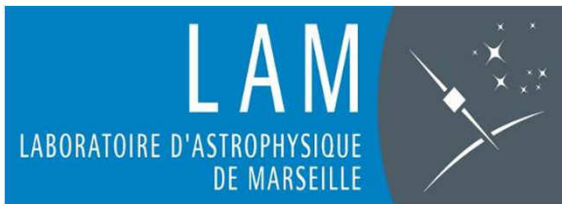
# Multi-Object Spectroscopy (MOS)



# MOEMS-based Spectro-Imager

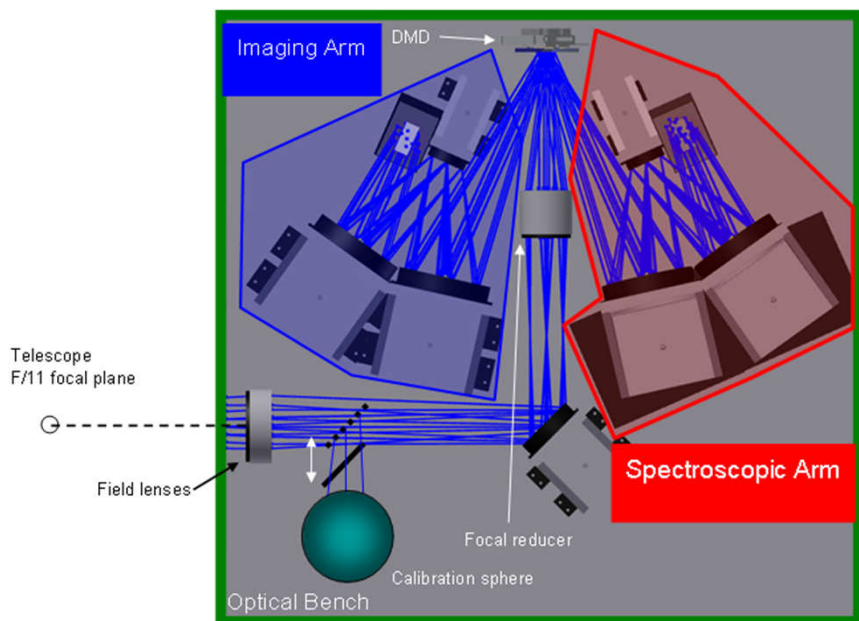
## ◆ Universe Observation: Multi-Object Spectrograph + Imager



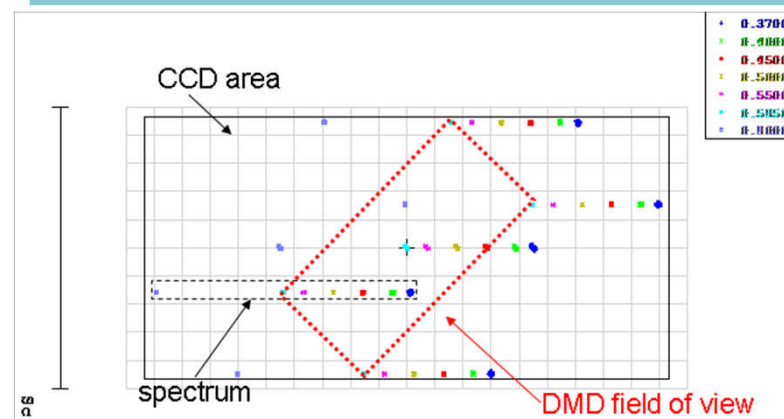
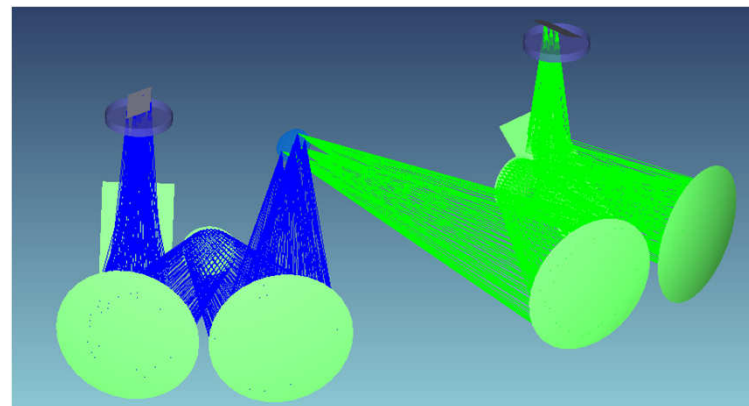


# BATMAN

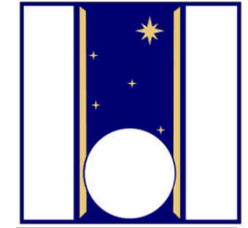
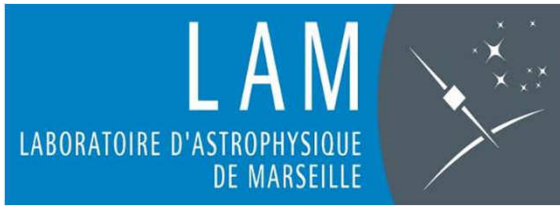
## Spectro-Imager on Galileo telescope (3,6m)



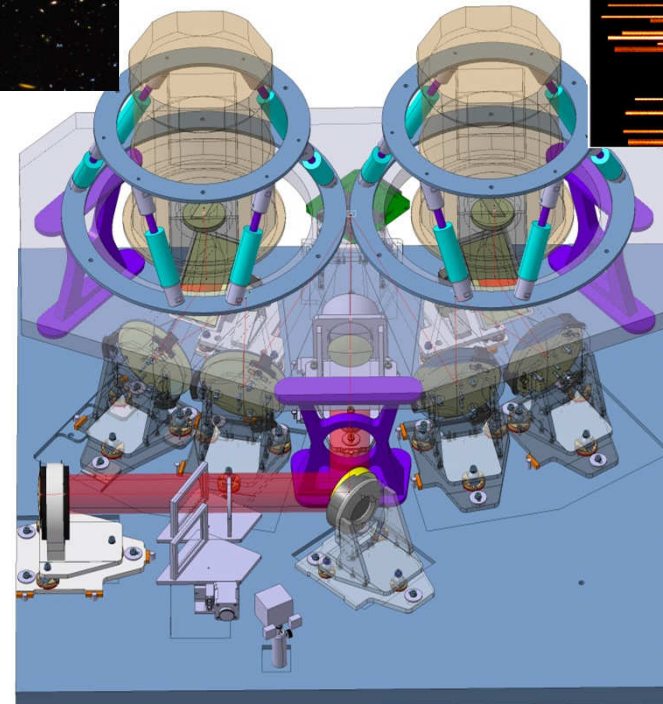
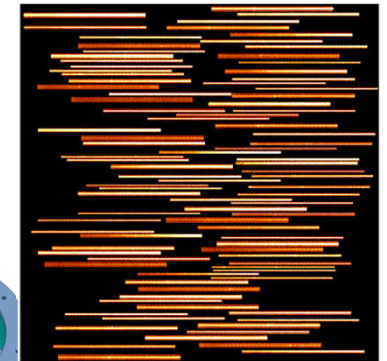
Zamkotsian et al., SPIE 9908, 2016





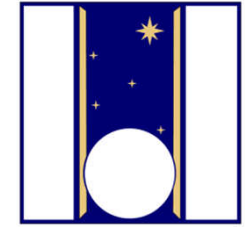
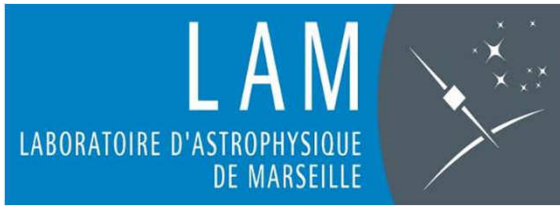


# BATMAN

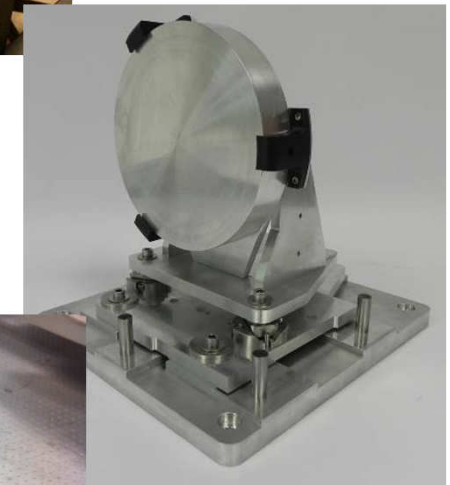
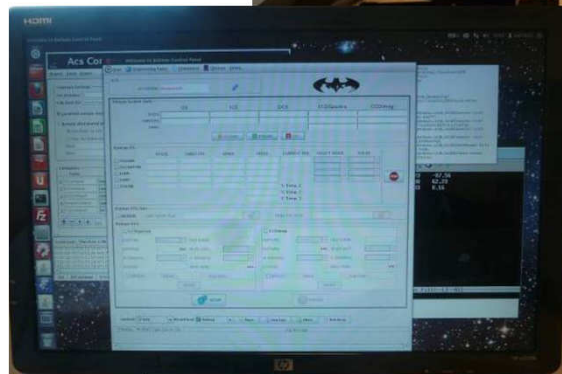
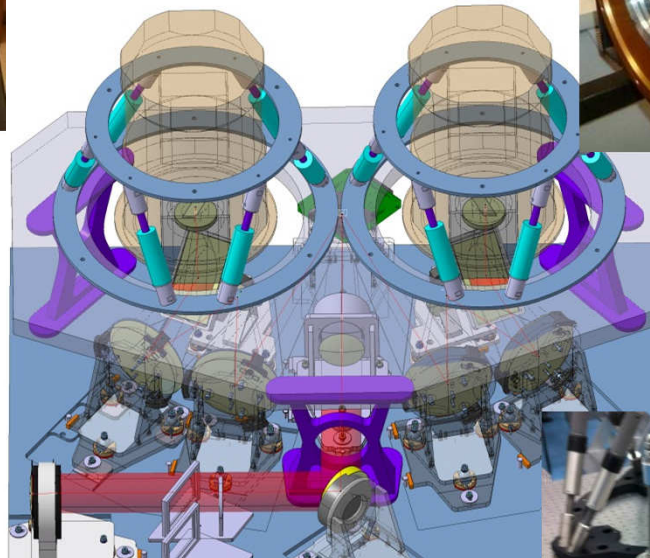
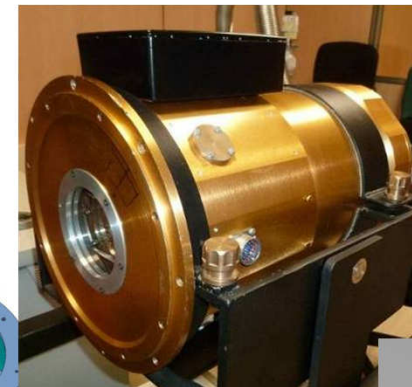
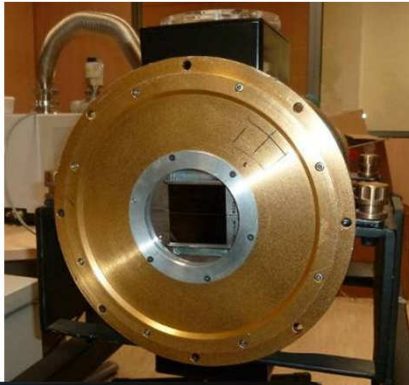


Frederic Zamkotsian





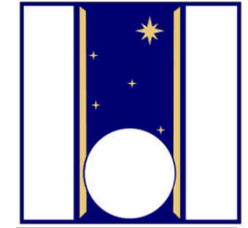
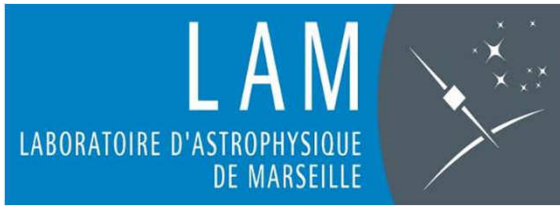
# BATMAN



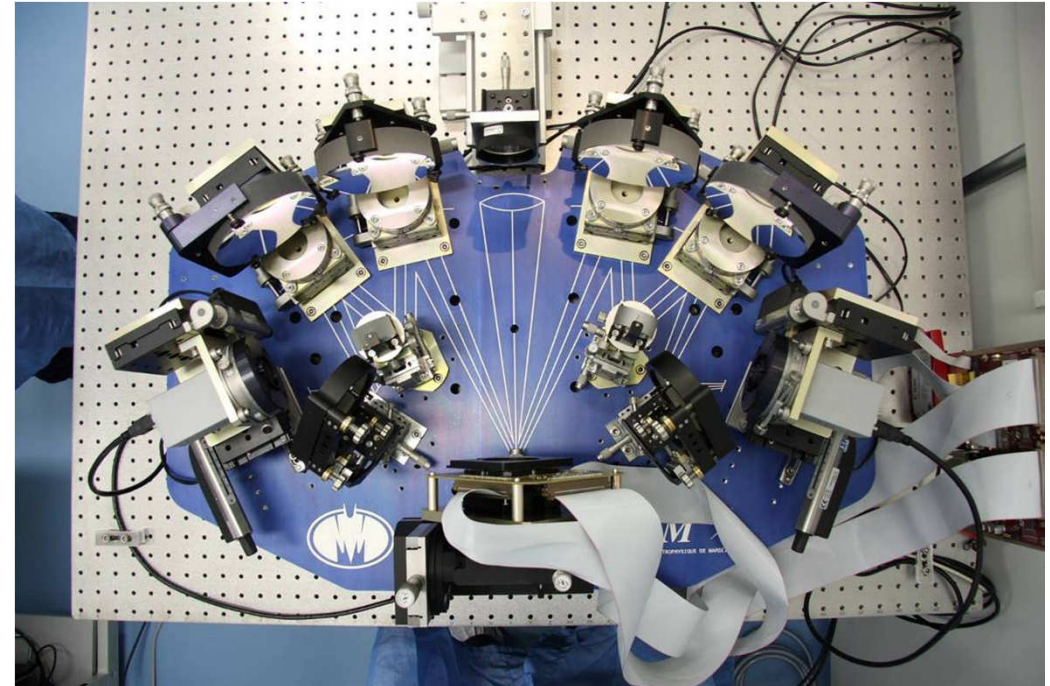
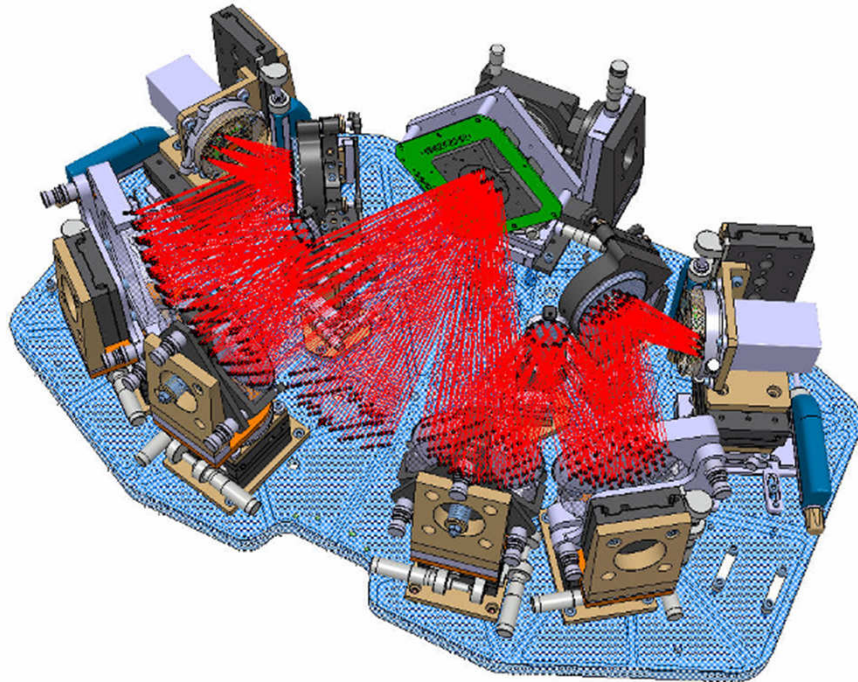
**On-sky by end 2018**





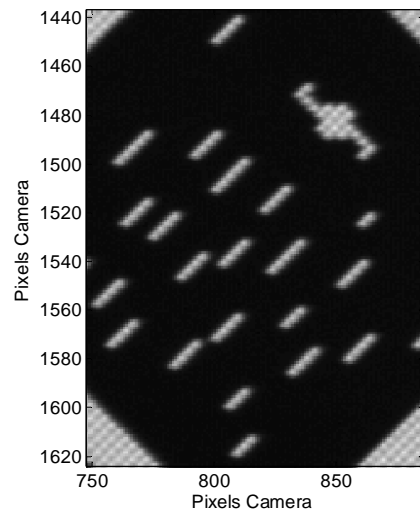


# ROBIN

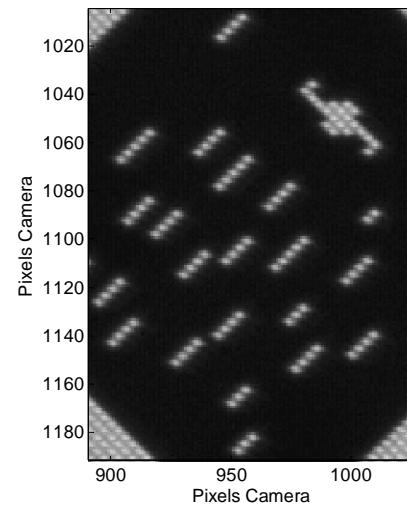




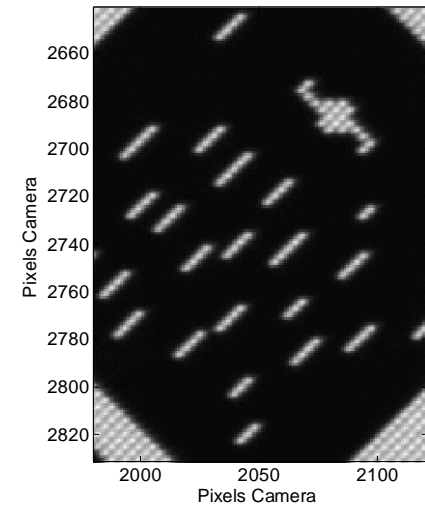
z00 pattern2



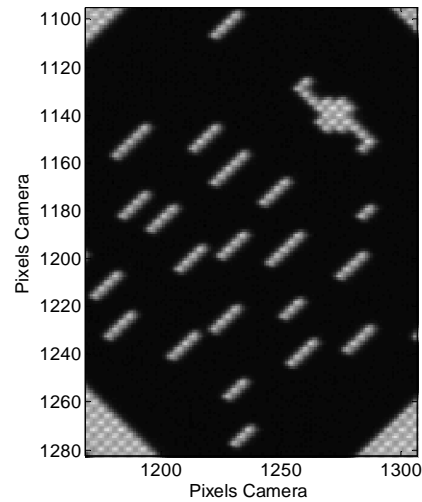
z09 pattern2



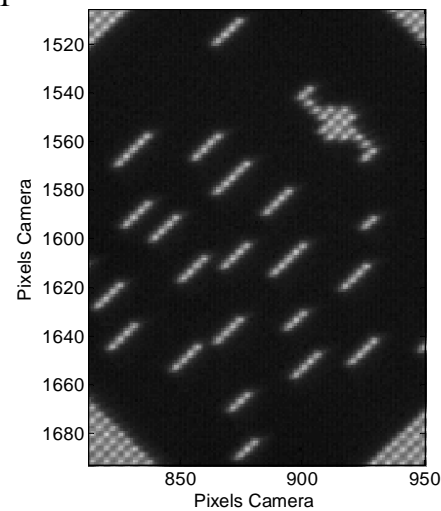
z20 pattern1



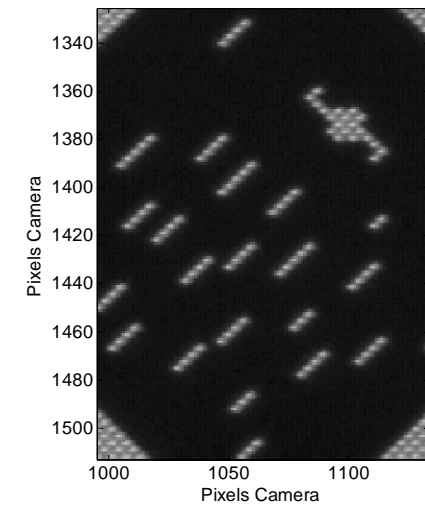
z25 pattern1

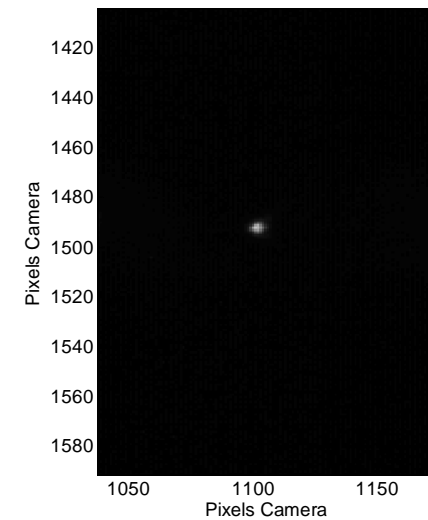
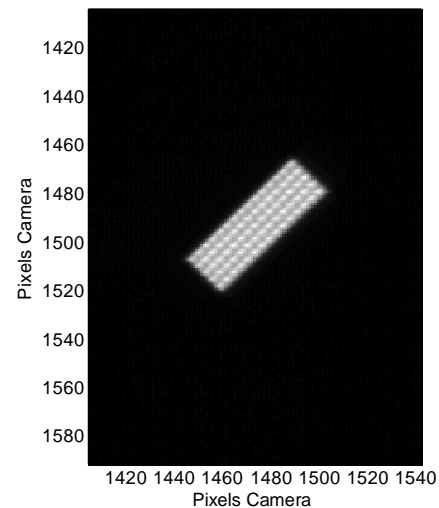
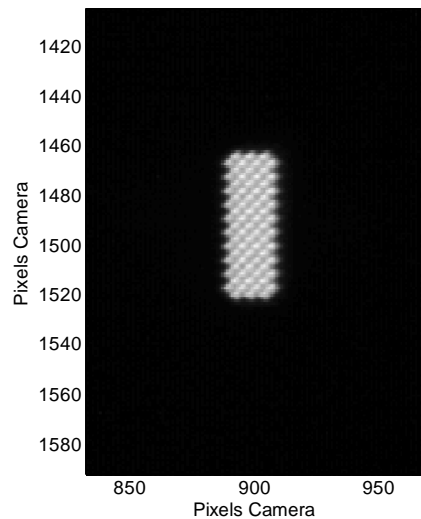
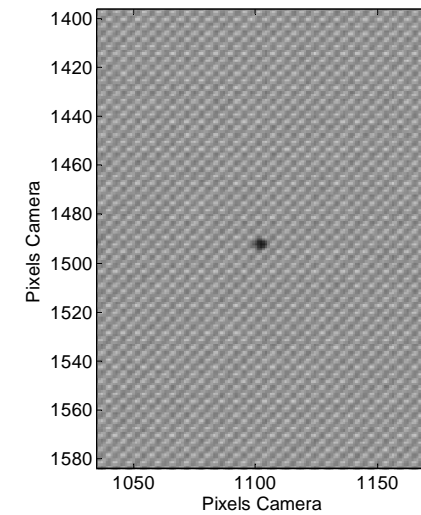
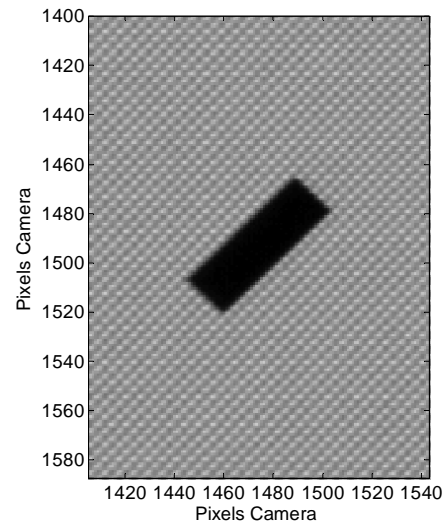
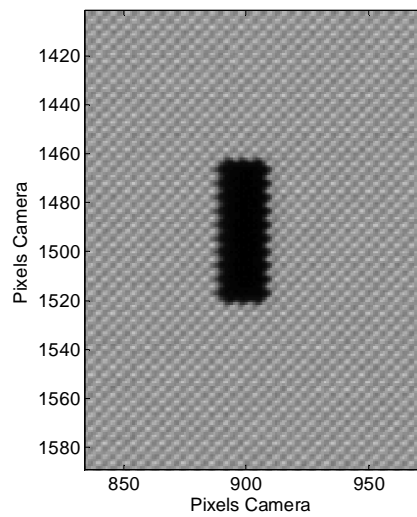


z40 pattern1

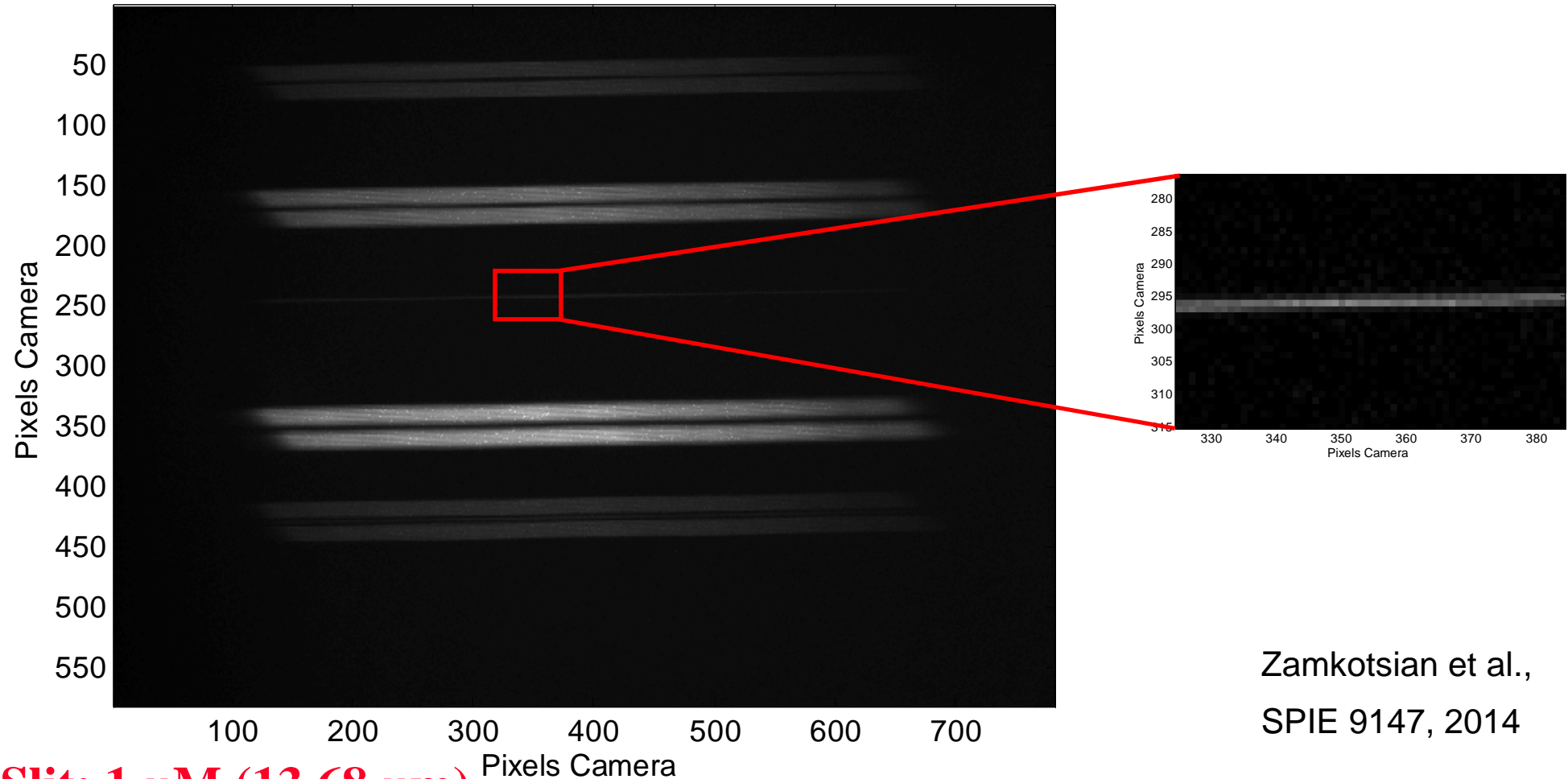


z49 pattern2





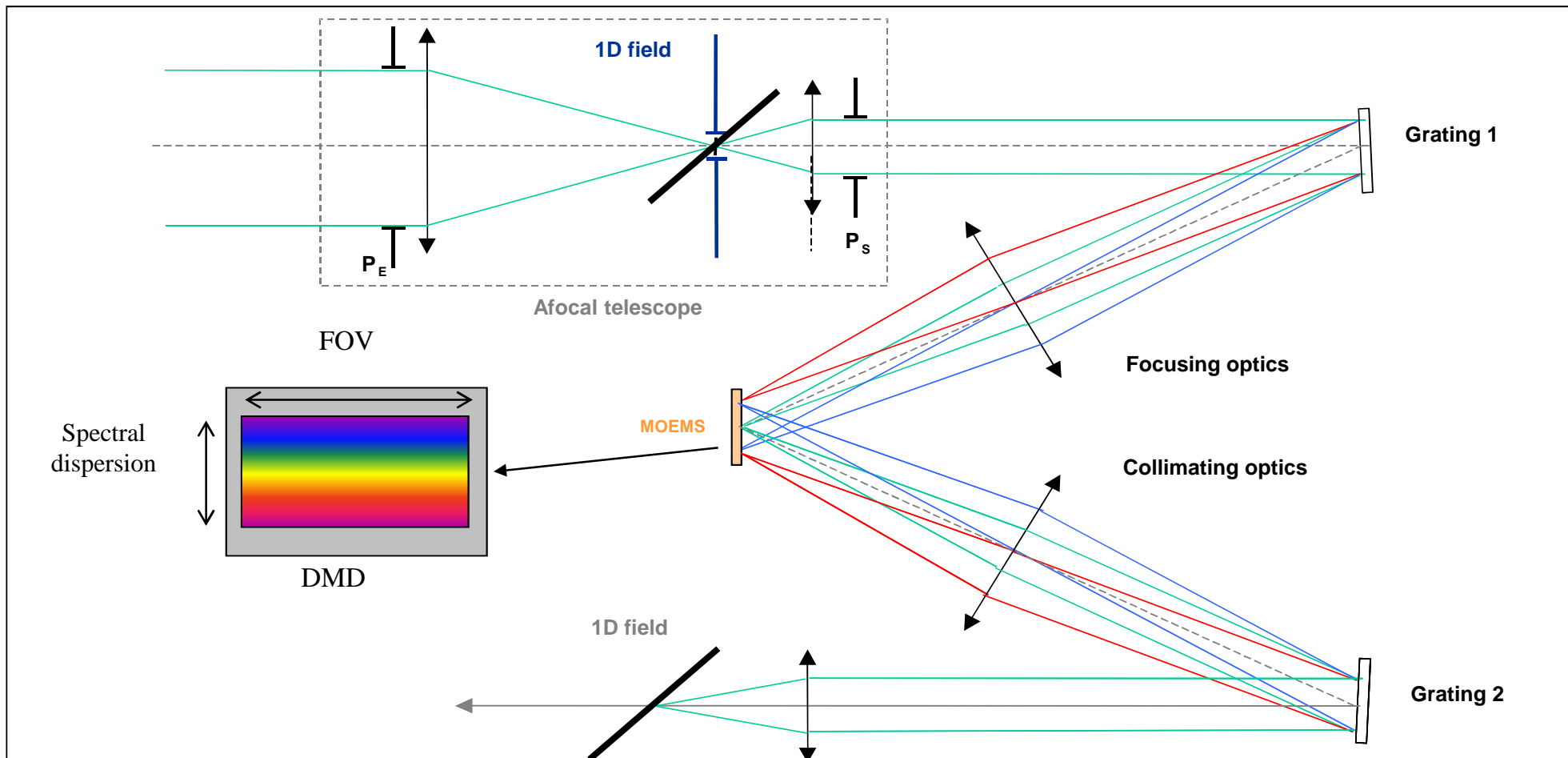




Zamkotsian et al.,  
SPIE 9147, 2014

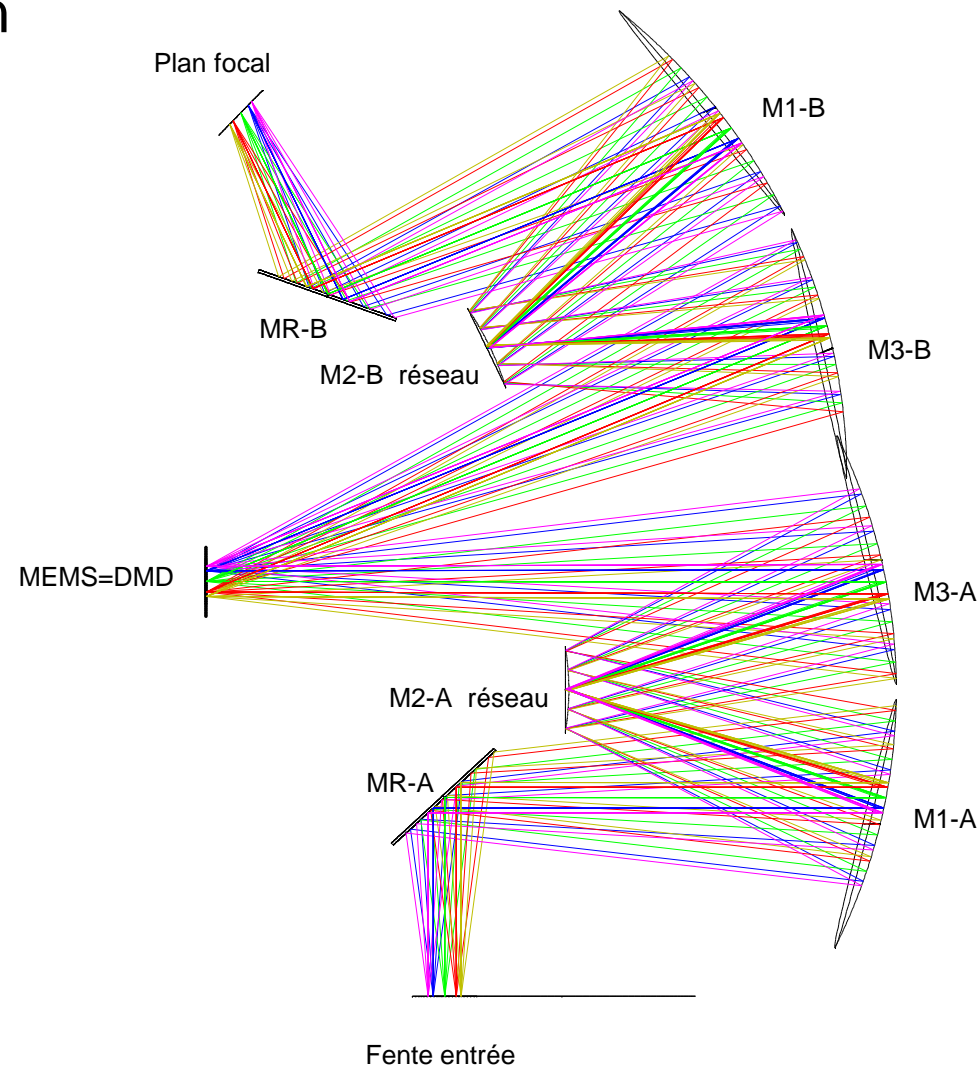
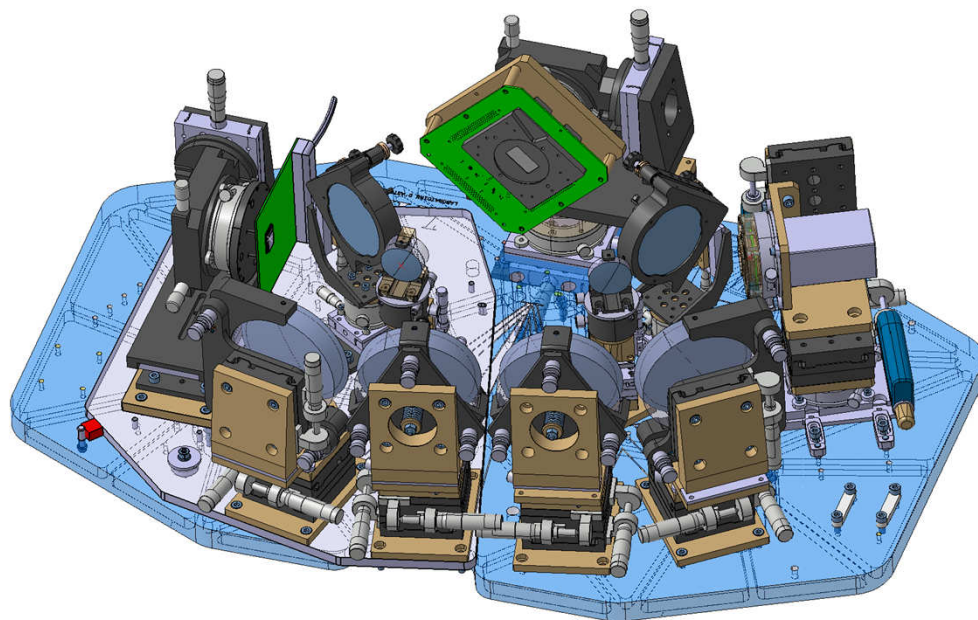
**Slit: 1  $\mu\text{M}$  (13.68  $\mu\text{m}$ )**

**Spectrum on 1.5 detector pixel (8,3 $\mu\text{m}$ ) in 450-650nm wavelength range**



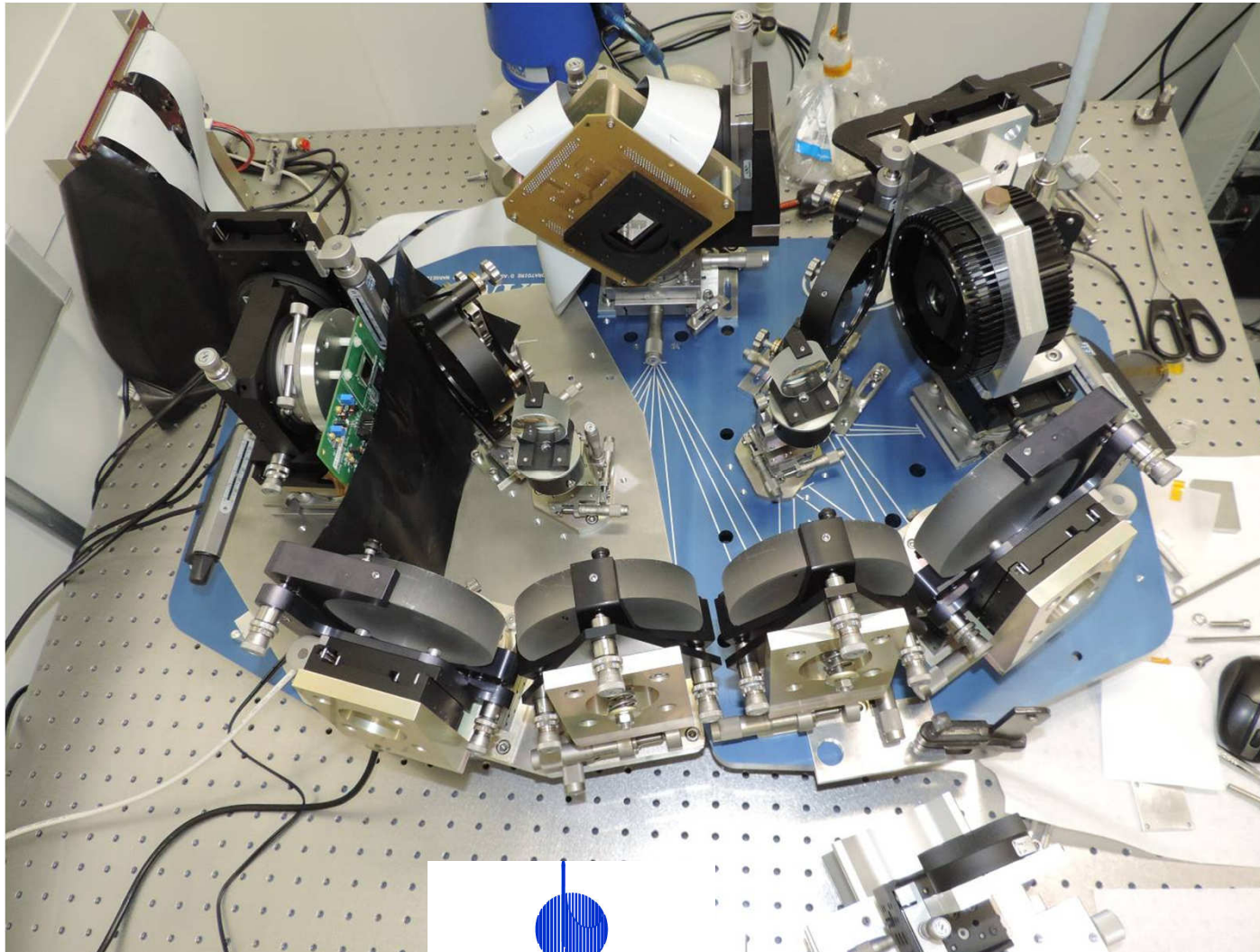
Zamkotsian et al., SPIE 9376, 2015

## ◆ Optical and opto-mechanical design





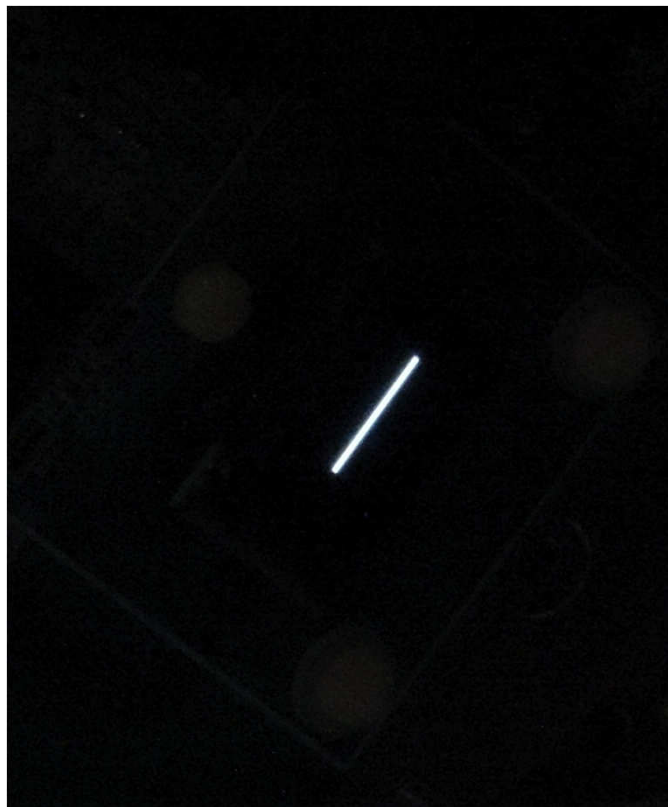
# Demonstrator



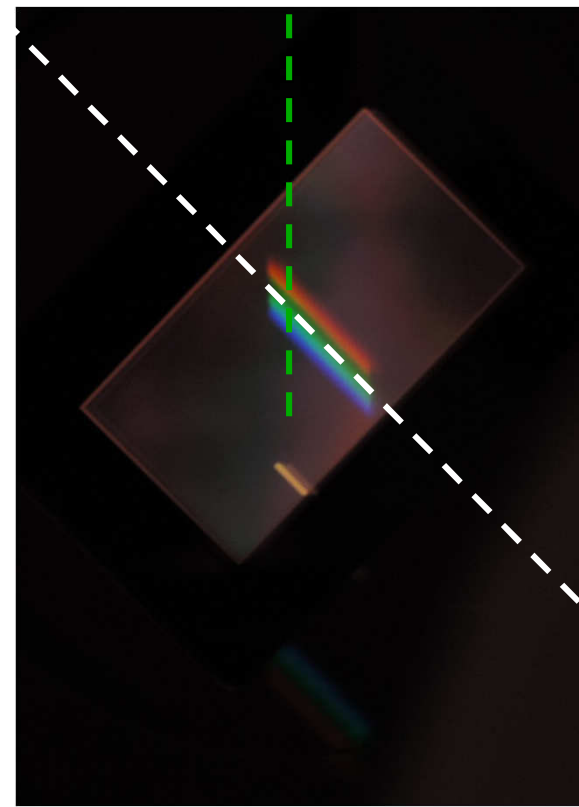


## ◆ Images at DMD surface, spatial / spectral behaviour

- ❑ OLED: white slit at 45°
- ❑ DMD: order 1, order 0, order -1



**OLED**



**DMD**

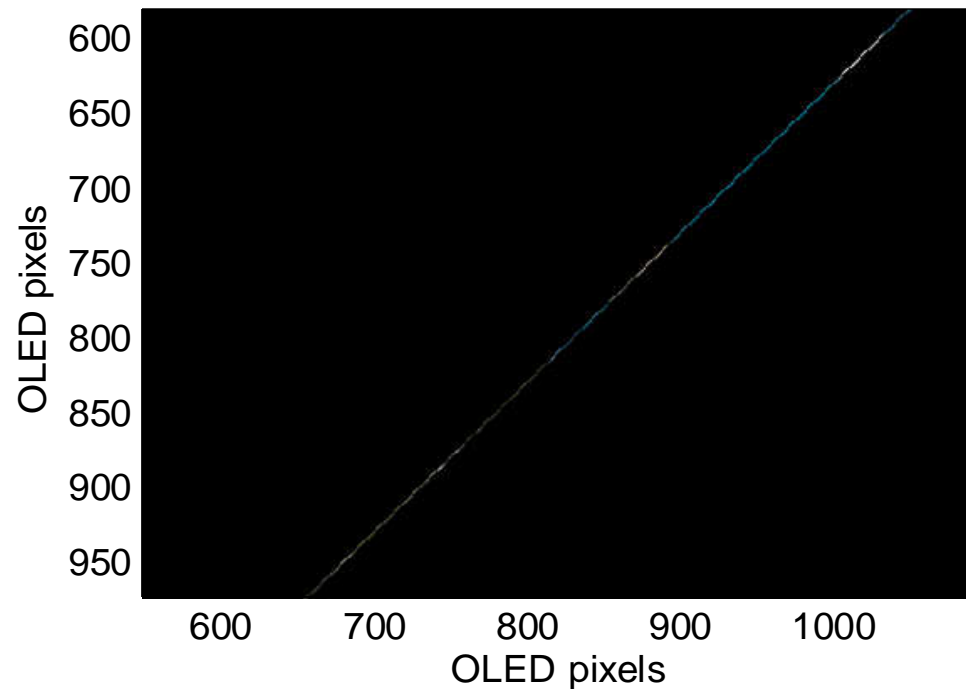
spatial  
direction



## ◆ End-to-end measurement

- ❑ Input: OLED scanning slit, width 1 pixel
- ❑ DMD: 0-order removed
- ❑ Output: recombined slit

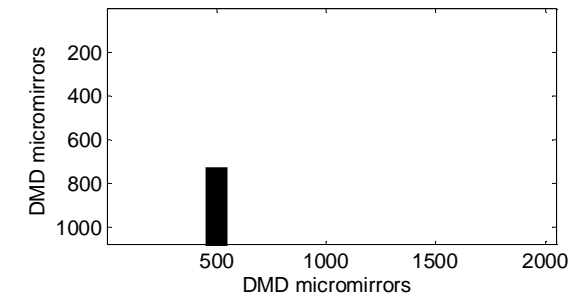
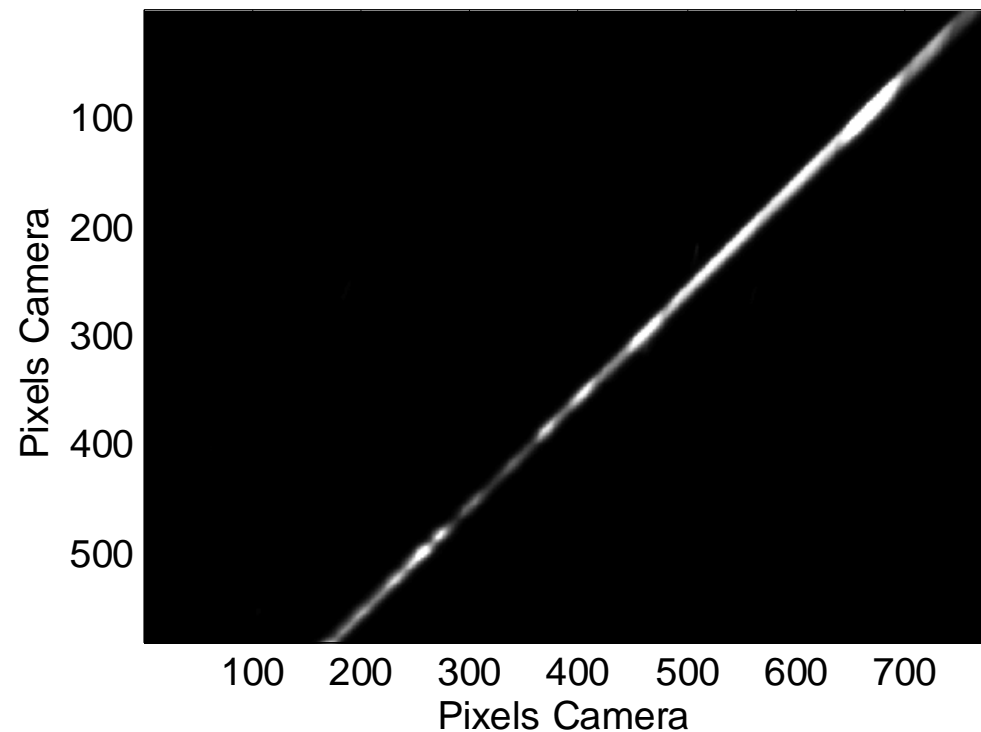
**Input**



## ◆ End-to-end measurement

- ❑ Input: OLED scanning slit, width 1 pixel
- ❑ DMD: 0-order removed
- ❑ Output: recombined slit

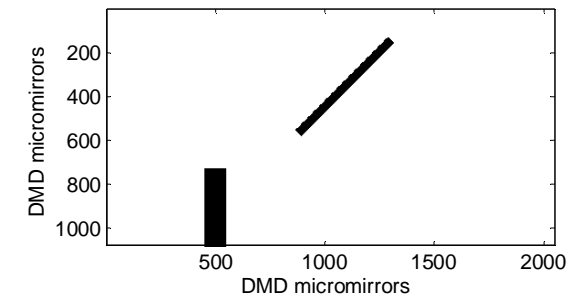
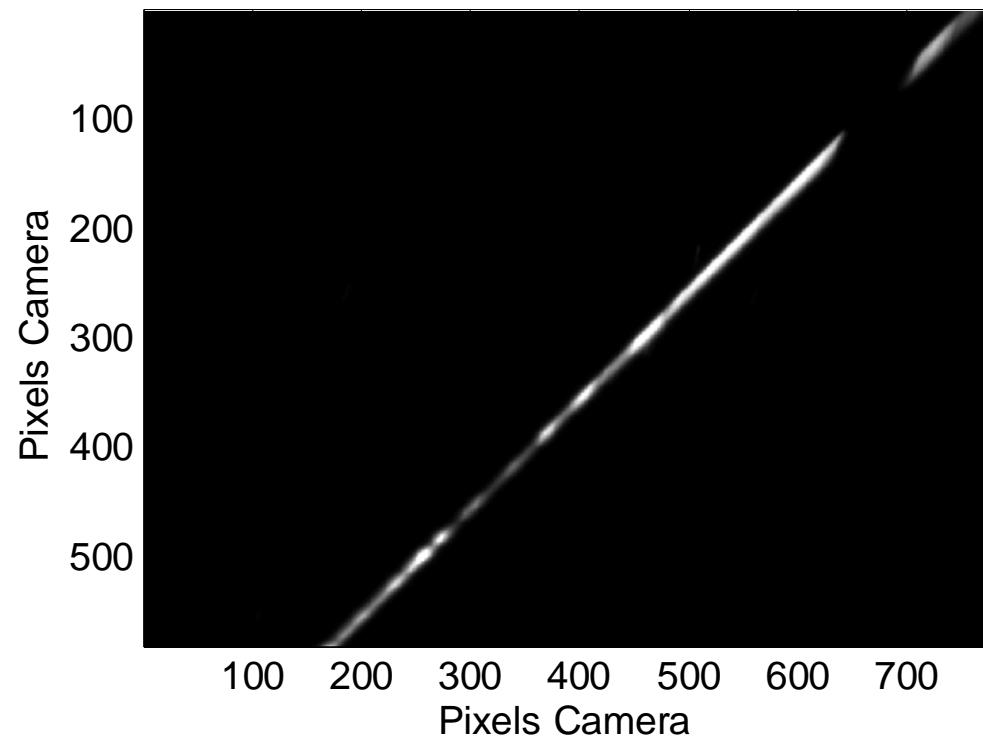
**Output**



## ◆ End-to-end measurement

- ❑ Input: OLED scanning slit, width 1 pixel
- ❑ DMD: 0-order + object removed
- ❑ Output: recombined slit

**Output**

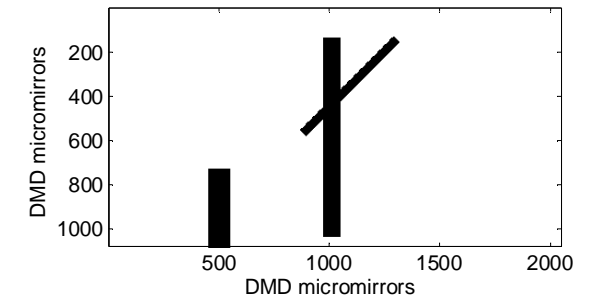
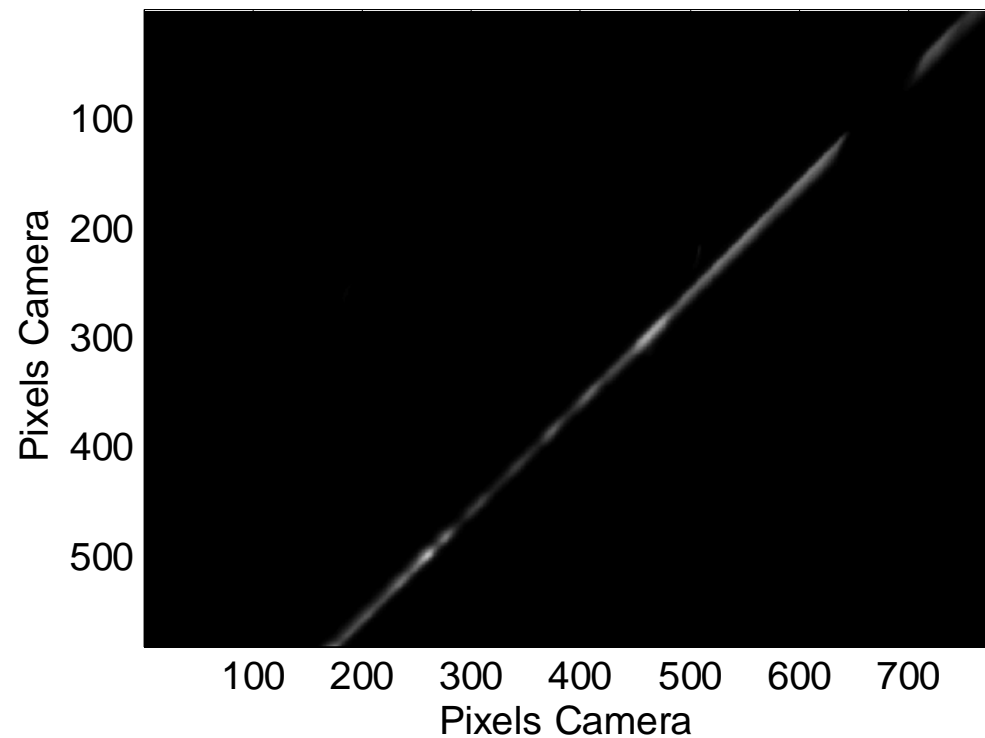




## ◆ End-to-end measurement

- ❑ Input: OLED scanning slit, width 1 pixel
- ❑ DMD: 0-order + object + blue removed
- ❑ Output: recombined slit

**Output**





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Rudy Barette  
Christophe Fabron  
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*EPFL, Switzerland*

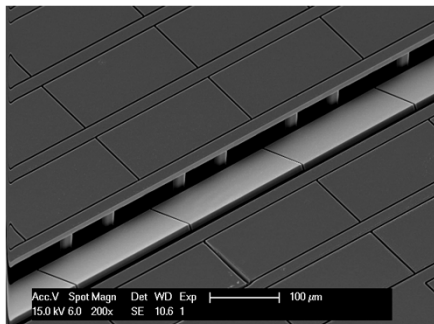
**Severin Waldis  
Michael Canonica  
Wilfried Noell**

*Thales Alenia Space, France*

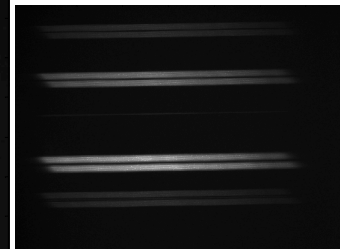
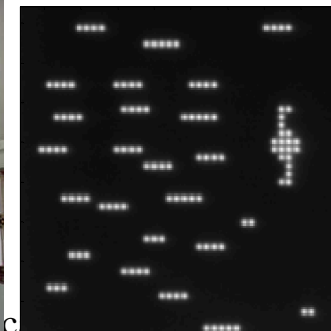
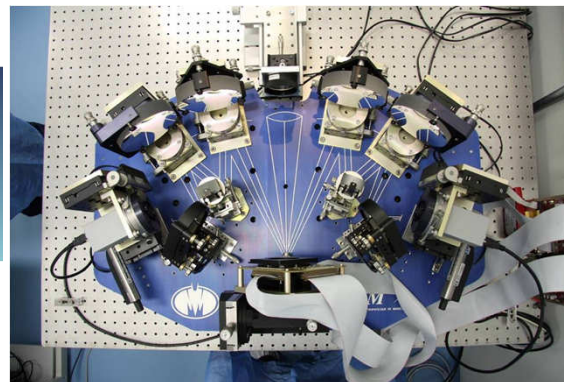
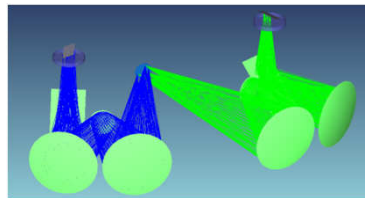
**Thierry Viard  
Arnaud Liotard**

*CNES, France*




**Vincent Costes  
Philippe-Jean Hebert**

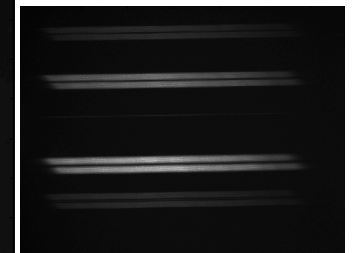
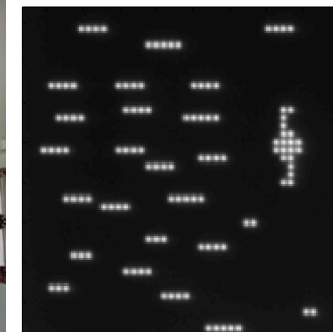
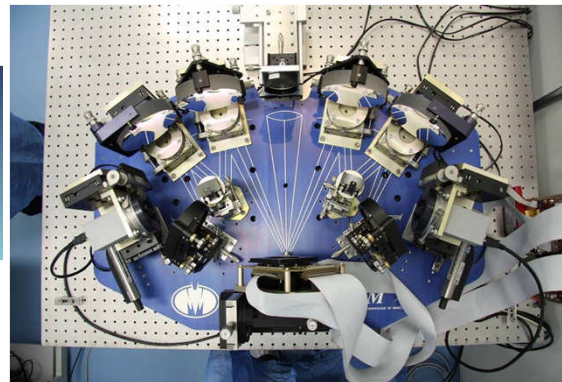
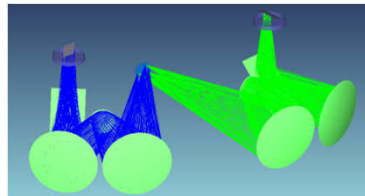
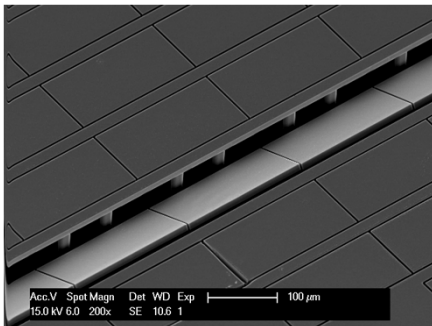


Frederic Zamkotsian



October 27, 2017

- ❑ Large micro-mirror array with large tilt angle, excellent surface quality, high contrast and operation at cryo temperature are requested for spectro-imagery applications in space
- ❑ MIRA project is under way for the realization of large arrays dedicated to spectroscopy (next step: integration with hardened electronics) 
- ❑ Spectro-imager for Universe Observation
- ❑ Programmable spectrograph for Earth Observation  



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