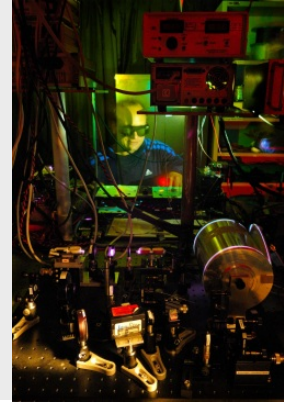




# SWISSPHOTONICS

## National Fiber Laboratory (SNFL)



Valerio Romano  
March 28, 2013



In cooperation with the CTI



**KTT-Support**  
National thematic networks



Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft  
Confédération suisse  
Confederazione Svizzera  
Confederaziun svizra

Swiss Confederation

Commission for Technology and Innovation CTI



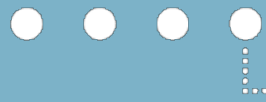
**Berner Fachhochschule**  
Technik und Informatik

**SWISS PHOTONICS**

**u<sup>b</sup>**  
UNIVERSITÄT  
BERN

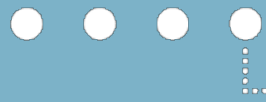
# Goal of SNFL

- Gather the expertise in Switzerland in the field of fibers, fiber lasers and applications
- Offer:
  - design of active / passive / microstructured fibers
  - drawing of fiber prototypes (Fiber Rapid Prototyping)
  - fiber characterisation
  - development of applications
    - beam delivery, shaping
    - light sources
    - fiber lasers
  - interfacing («all in fiber», fiber<>integrated systems)
  - ...more to come out from group discussion



# SNFL partners

- Fiber Center of Competence, Bern
  - Institute of Applied Physics (University of Bern)
  - Institute of Applied Laser Photonics and Surface Technologies, ALPS, (Berne University of Applied Sciences)
- Joining soon
  - Institut für Mikro- und Nanotechnologie, MNT, (Interstaatliche Hochschule für Technik Buchs)
  - EPFL



# People and labs of FCCB



Collaboration between:  
Inst. of Appl. Physics, **IAP Uni Bern**  
and Inst. for Applied Lasers,  
Photonics and Surface Technology  
**ALPS of BUAS:**



### applications of modern fibers

- fiber lasers and amplifiers
- materials processing,
- sensing, metrology,
- light sources
- fiber beam delivery
- beam shaping

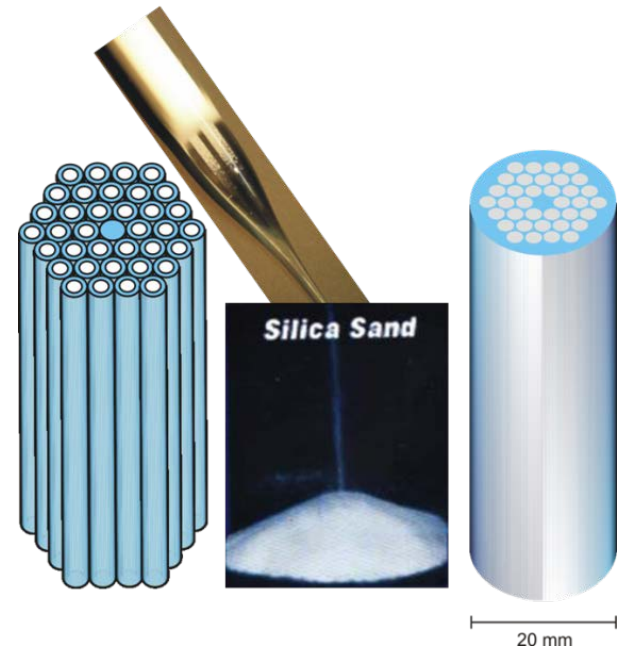
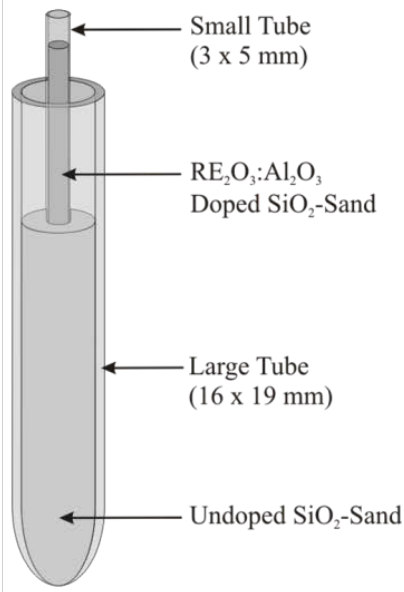
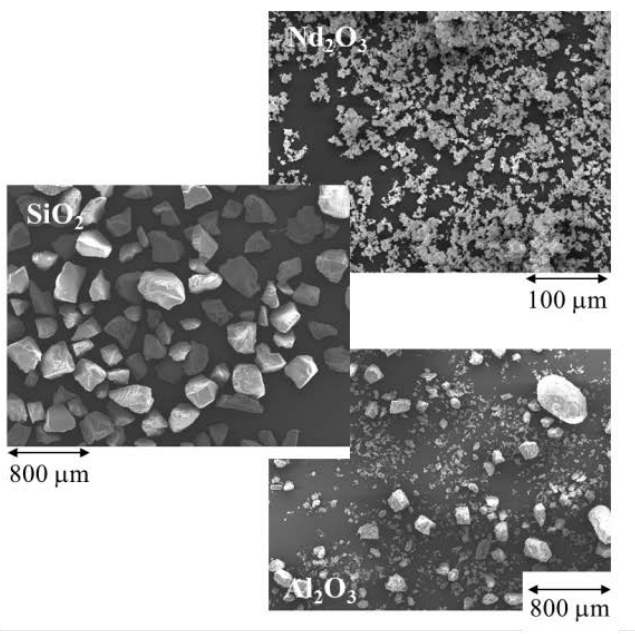


**Two labs:** one in Bern,  
one in Burgdorf

At present: **11 people**



# Key technology: Fiber Rapid Prototyping (FRP)

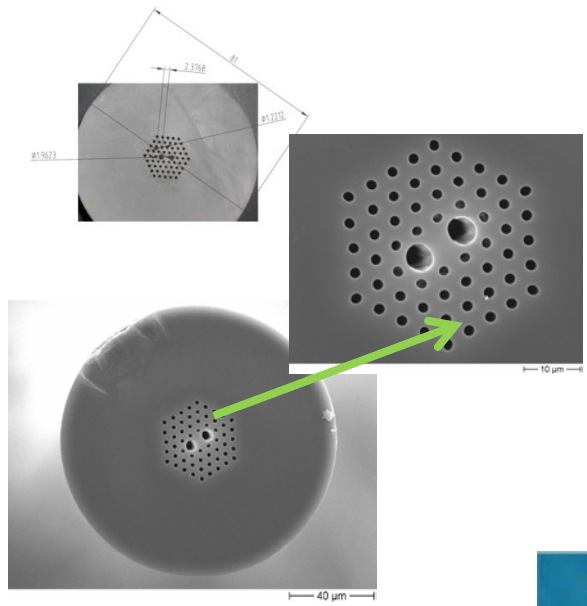


\*method patented by Silitec SA, Boudry

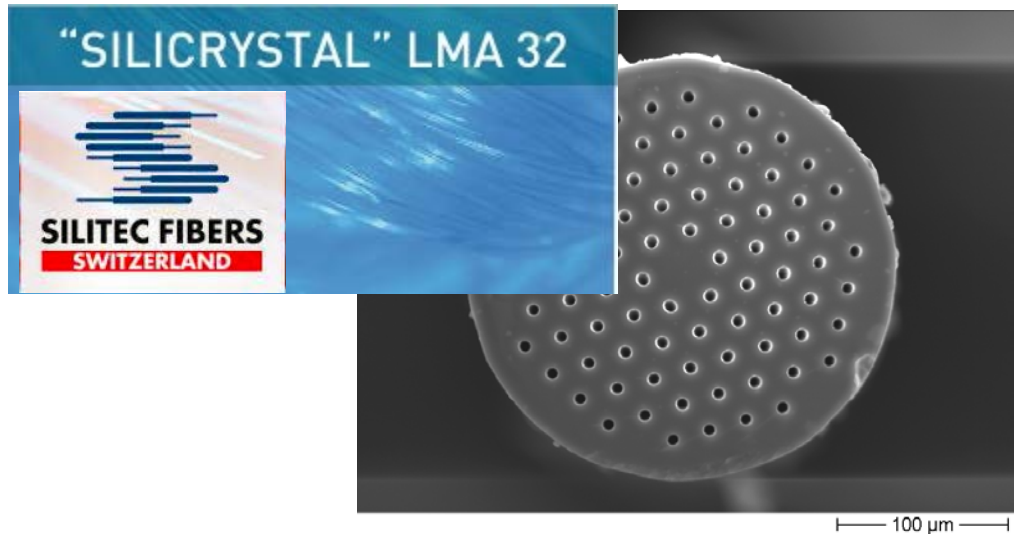
Granulated silica is used to produce preforms with any microstructure



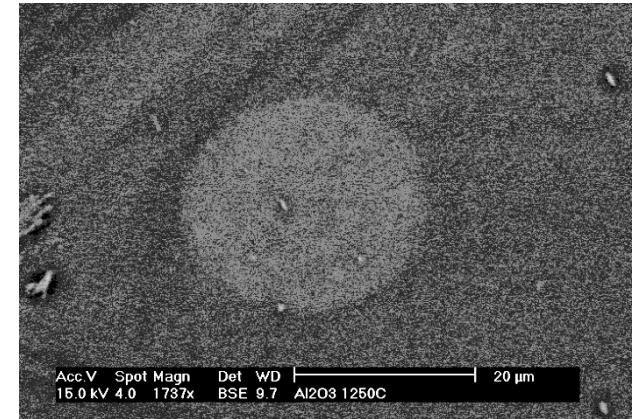
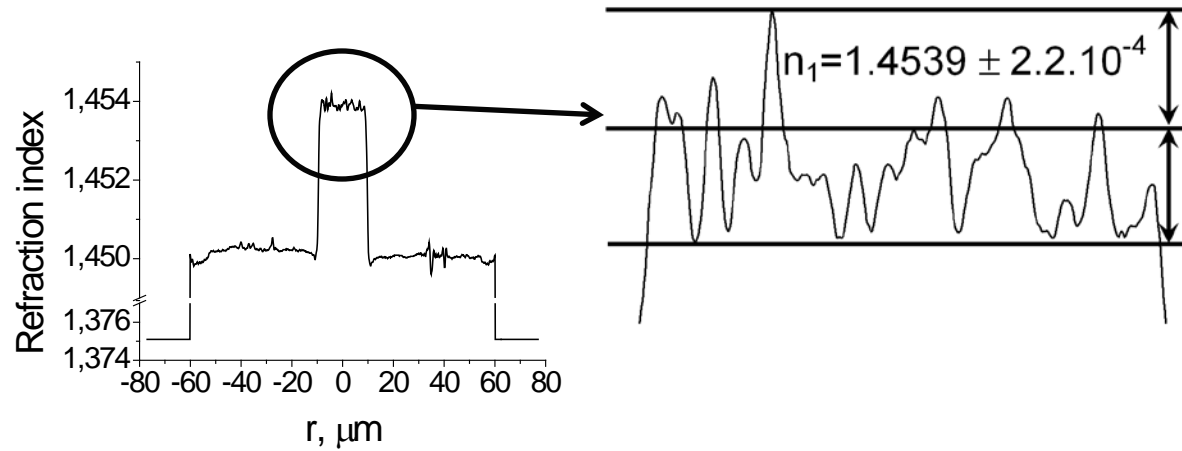
# Example: microstructured fibers



Fiber diameter: 170 μm  
Core diameter (d): 21 μm  
Hole diameter: 7 μm



# Yb-doped Laser Fiber

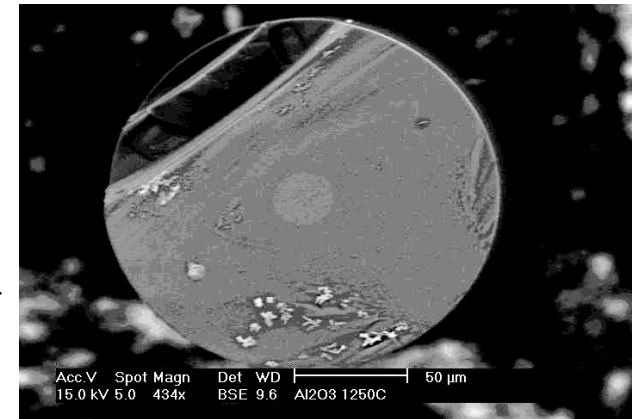


Core diameter : 20  $\mu\text{m}$        $\Delta n : 4 \cdot 10^{-3}$   
Inner cladding NA : 0.46

High homogeneity of the core index :  
ripples  $< 2.5 \cdot 10^{-4}$  with a measured resolution of  $1 \cdot 10^{-4}$

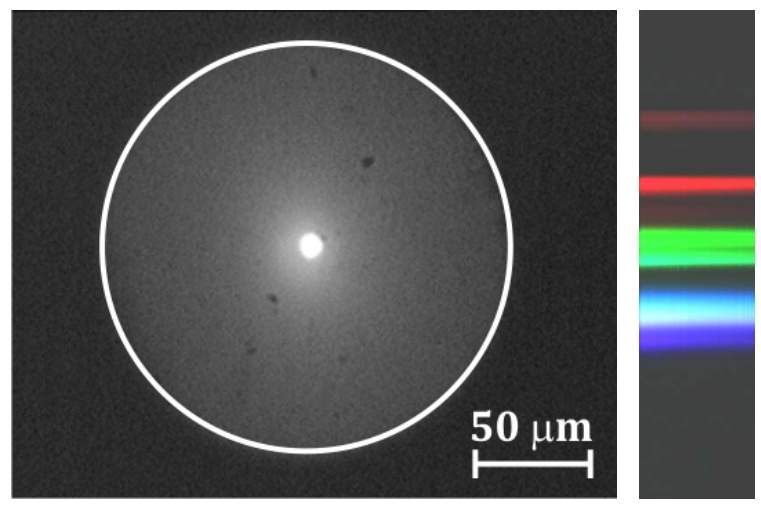
Energy-dispersive X-ray spectroscopy analysis :  
3600wt-ppm ytterbium concentration

Background losses : 0.8 dB/m  $\rightarrow$  0.1 db/m  
Ytterbium absorption at 975 nm : 0.180 dB/m

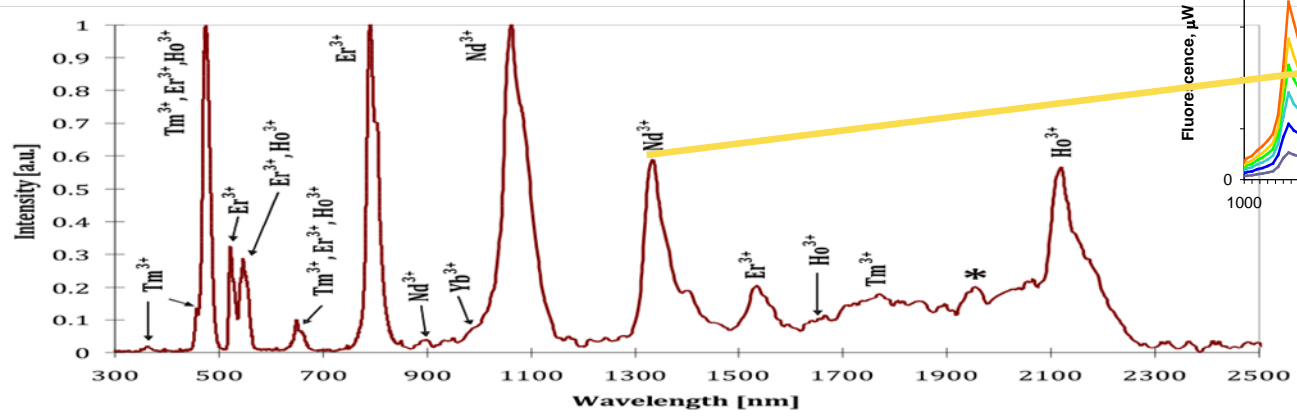


# Special fiber: broadband light source

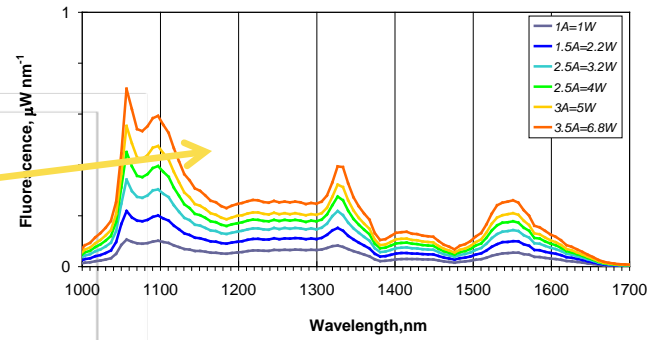
- 0.1 at. % Nd<sup>3+</sup>
- 0.3 at. % Ho<sup>3+</sup>
- 0.1 at. % Er<sup>3+</sup>
- 0.3 at. % Tm<sup>3+</sup>
- 0.2 at. % Yb<sup>3+</sup>
- 7.0 at. % Al<sup>3+</sup>



$$\emptyset_{\text{Cladd}} = 180 \mu\text{m} / \emptyset_{\text{Core}} = 6.5 \mu\text{m} \quad \text{NA} = 0.1$$

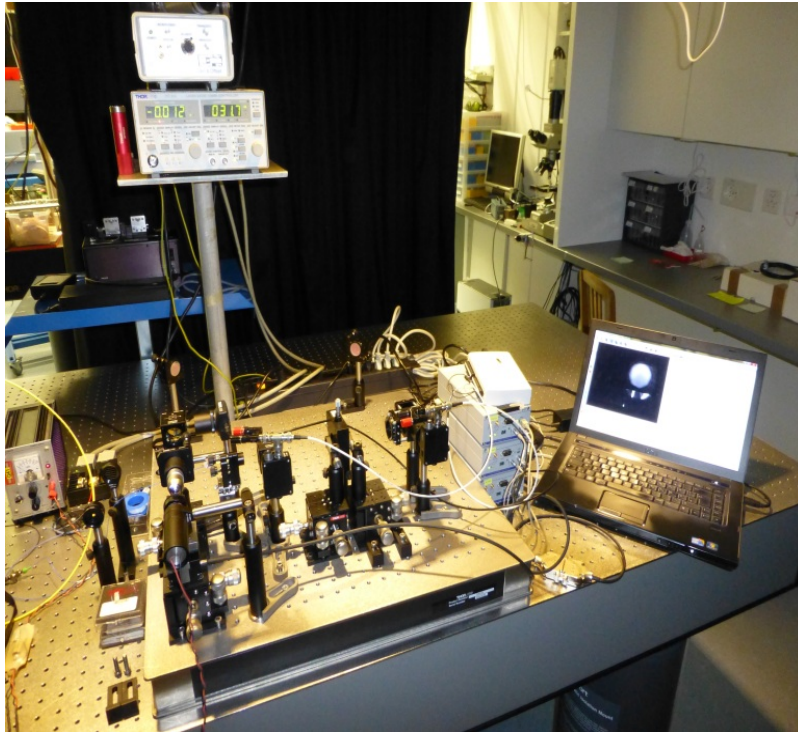


Length of DCF = 16.6m, pumped at 808nm





# Fiber Characterisation, processing, handling



*R.I.P.: 1D- Refractive index profiler  
(Master Thesis Jonas Scheuner, IAP Bern)*

*2D-version: Bachelor thesis at BUAS*

## Characterisation:

- Losses
- Spectroscopy
- Index profile

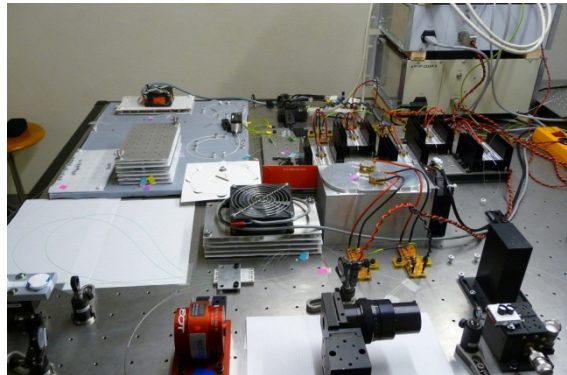
## Processing:

- Cleaving
- Splicing
- Tapering

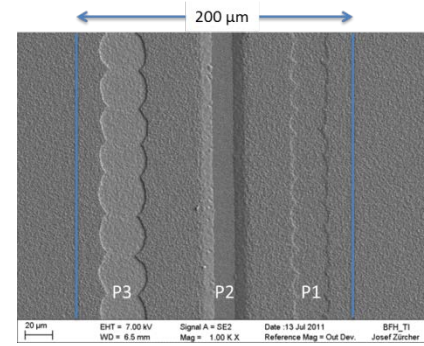
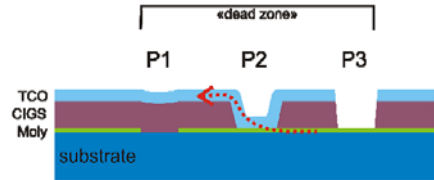


# Fiber lasers, amplifiers and applications

...are cost effective, robust («all in fiber»), display high average power at very high repetition rates or extremely high CW output power with excellent beam quality. They have large potential to be integrated in materials processing machines.



Example for pulsed application (50ps, <math><10\mu\text{J}</math> / pulse) where **high repetition rates** are requested:  
**scribing of thin film PV elements** (CIGS) for efficient harvesting of **solar energy**.



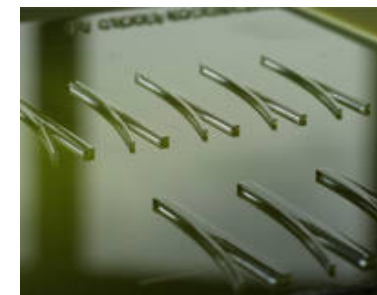
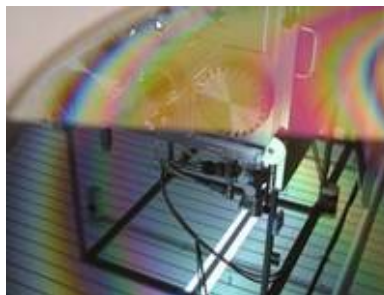
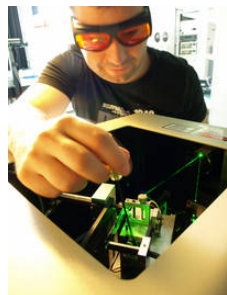
# SNFL – Photonics<sup>MNT</sup> activities @ NTB Buchs

Photonics<sup>MNT</sup> → We link microsystem technology and optics.

- Part of the Institute for Micro- and NanoTechnology (MNT) at NTB
- specialized on:
  - Fiber optics
  - Integrated optics
  - MOEMS (optical microsystems)
  - Optical Simulation (waveguides / thin films)
- Industrial projects / services / teaching
- 5 running CTI-projects in photonics



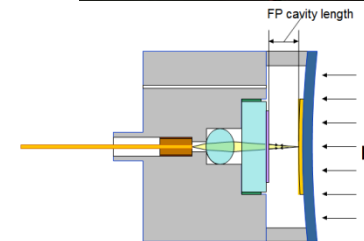
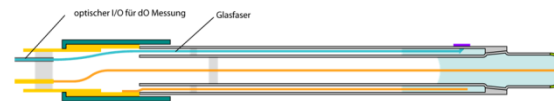
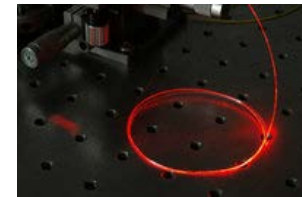
<http://www.ntb.ch/mnt/kompetenzen/photonics.html>



# SNFL – Photonics<sup>MNT</sup> activities @ NTB Buchs

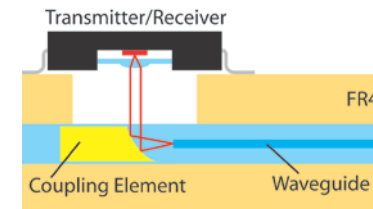
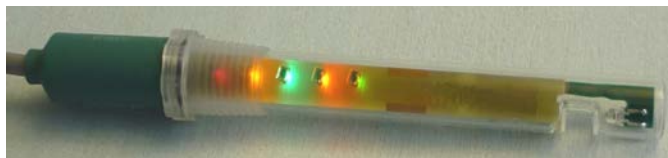
## Fiber optics

- Fiber Assembly (splices / connectors)
- Fiber Packaging (bundles / GRIN packages)
- Fiber Sensors
  - Optical Pressure Sensor
  - Hybrid pH/dO Sensor



## Waveguide optics

- Waveguide simulation (RSoft for singlemode / ZEMAX for multimode)
- Waveguide characterization (refractive index, loss, power, side wall roughness, ...)
- Polymer waveguide assemblies



# Future plans of SNFL

- improve equipment and knowledge
- work towards «all in fiber systems»  
(high power connectors, interfaces, (real) very large core fibers)
- develop fibers with bigger cores for  
higher pulsed energy delivery (limit: 4.77MW)
- explore and develop fiber lasers in the  
eyesafe 2 $\mu$ m wavelength range (Thullium-Holmium)
- strengthen national and international collaborations
  
- ...more in the workgroup discussion

