

SUPSI

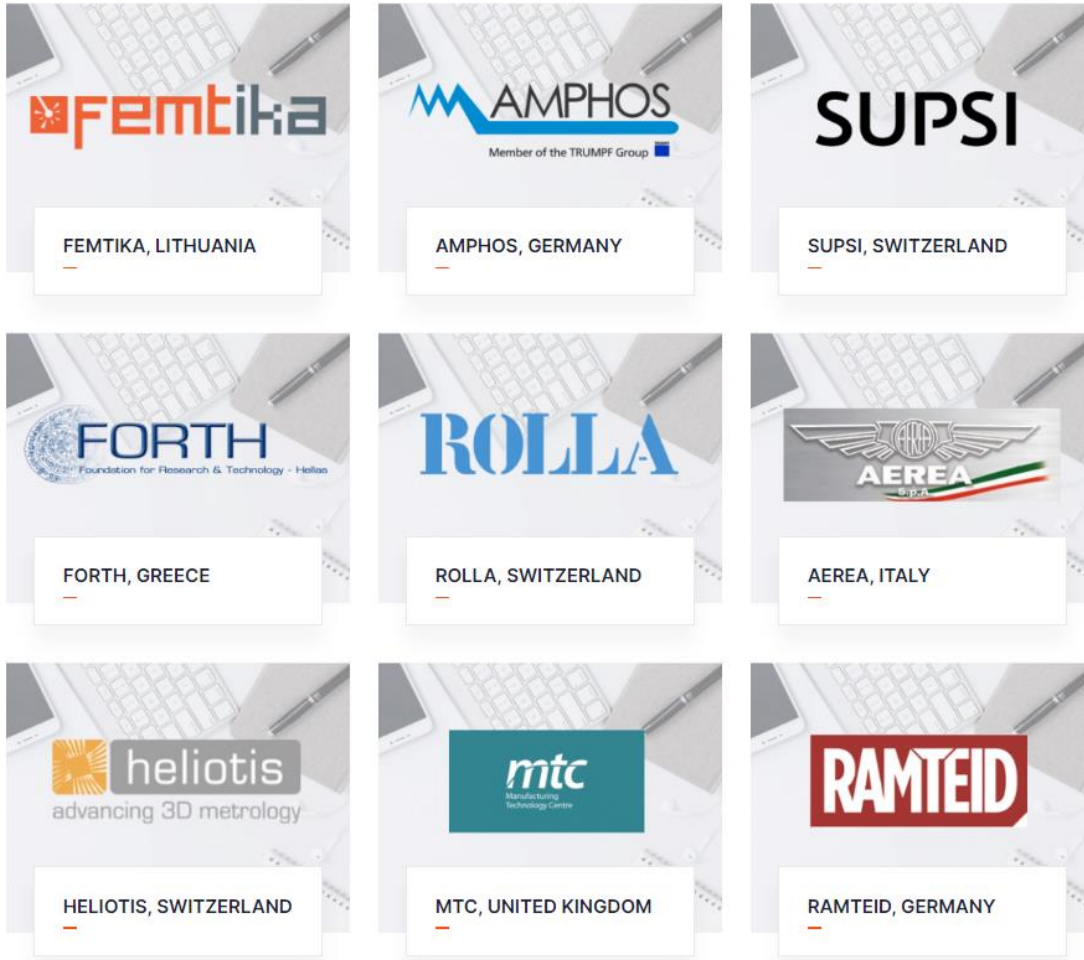


High Throughput fs Laser Machine

Francesco Impaziente – 16/06/2022



FemtoSurf Project



Main objective

Develop an **high-throughput fs laser machine** with a solid state 200 W-level laser with parameters suitable for **metal surface patterning** applicable in different industrial areas.



PHOTONICS PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP



The FemtoSurf Project has received funding from the **European Union's Horizon 2020** Research and Innovation Programme under Grant Agreement No. 825512. This project is funded by one of the call under the **Photonics Public Private Partnership (PPP)**.

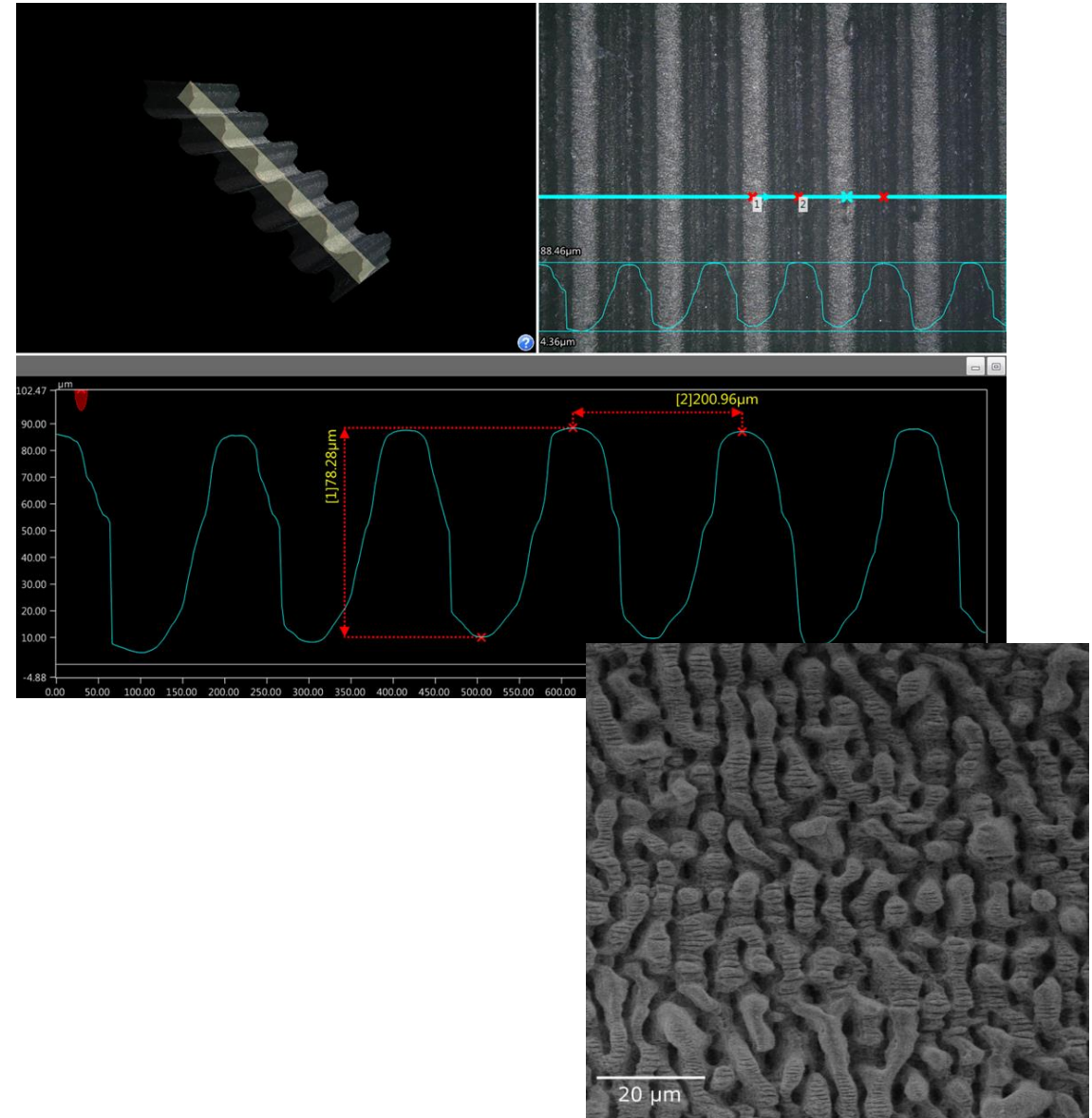
Principles of Laser Surface Structuring

Laser surface structuring can be used to **enhance various properties** of surfaces or even **induce new properties**:

- Friction reduction/lubricant retention
- Roughness modification
- Hydrophobicity/hydrophilicity
- Marking

The method is based on a very short pulse duration and high laser peak fluence. It allows structuring almost all classes of materials with ultra-high precision and without the occurrence of noticeable heat-affected zones.

- Ablation of a **periodic pattern**
- Generation of **nano-structured ripples**, due to material remelting



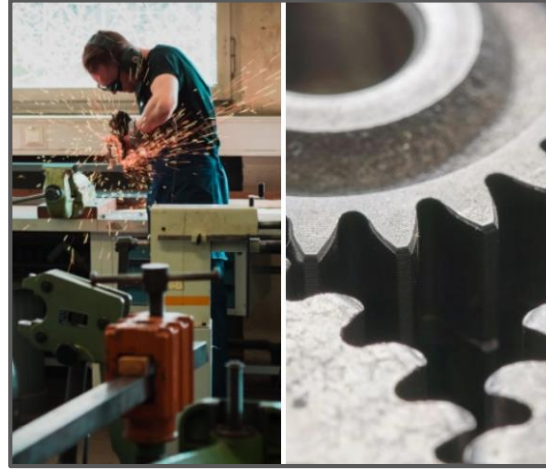
Applications of Laser Surface Structuring



Ship building

Anti-fouling surface structures on ship propellers.

Massive decrease in **fuel consumption** and **maintenance** of ships.



Tool manufacturing

Reduce the overall **friction between components** in machining operations by surface patterns.

Patterns can be created to **guide lubricant** to specific places of the machining setup

Enhance the **lifetime** of machining tools.



Healthcare

Change the surface properties of titanium implants, which determine **repulsion or adhesion to living tissue**.

Improvement of **functionality** and **longevity** of **orthopaedic implants**.



Aviation

Surface patterns enhance **self-cleaning properties** of aeroplane and spacecraft components.

Reduce the overall friction between components under heavy load.

Enhance the **lifetime** and, in turn, profitability in aerospace sector.

Limitations of Laser Surface Structuring and FemtoSurf solutions

High processing time, only small parts can be processed in reasonable time

Only **simple shape** surfaces can be processed

Stitching errors in processing surfaces larger than the scanner's FOV

FemtoSurf Solution



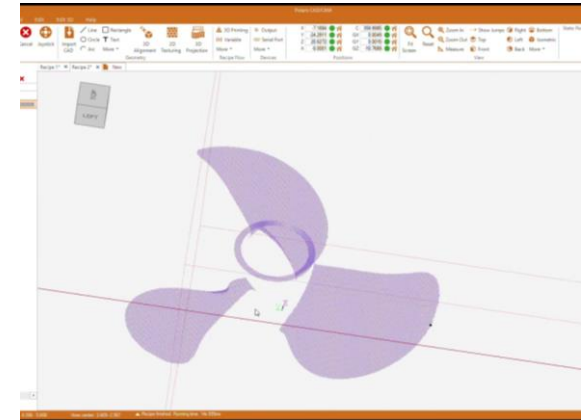
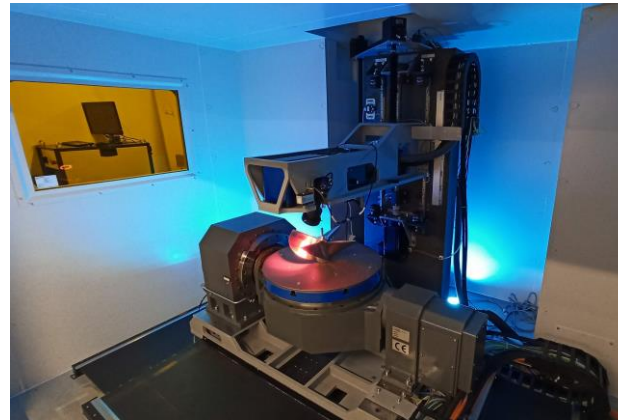
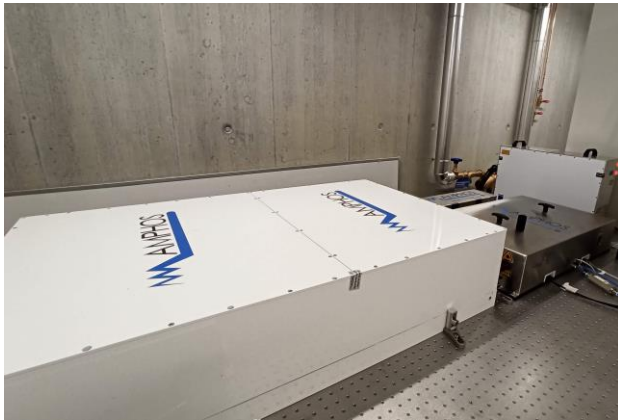
Laser with **higher power** enables processing with **higher speed**



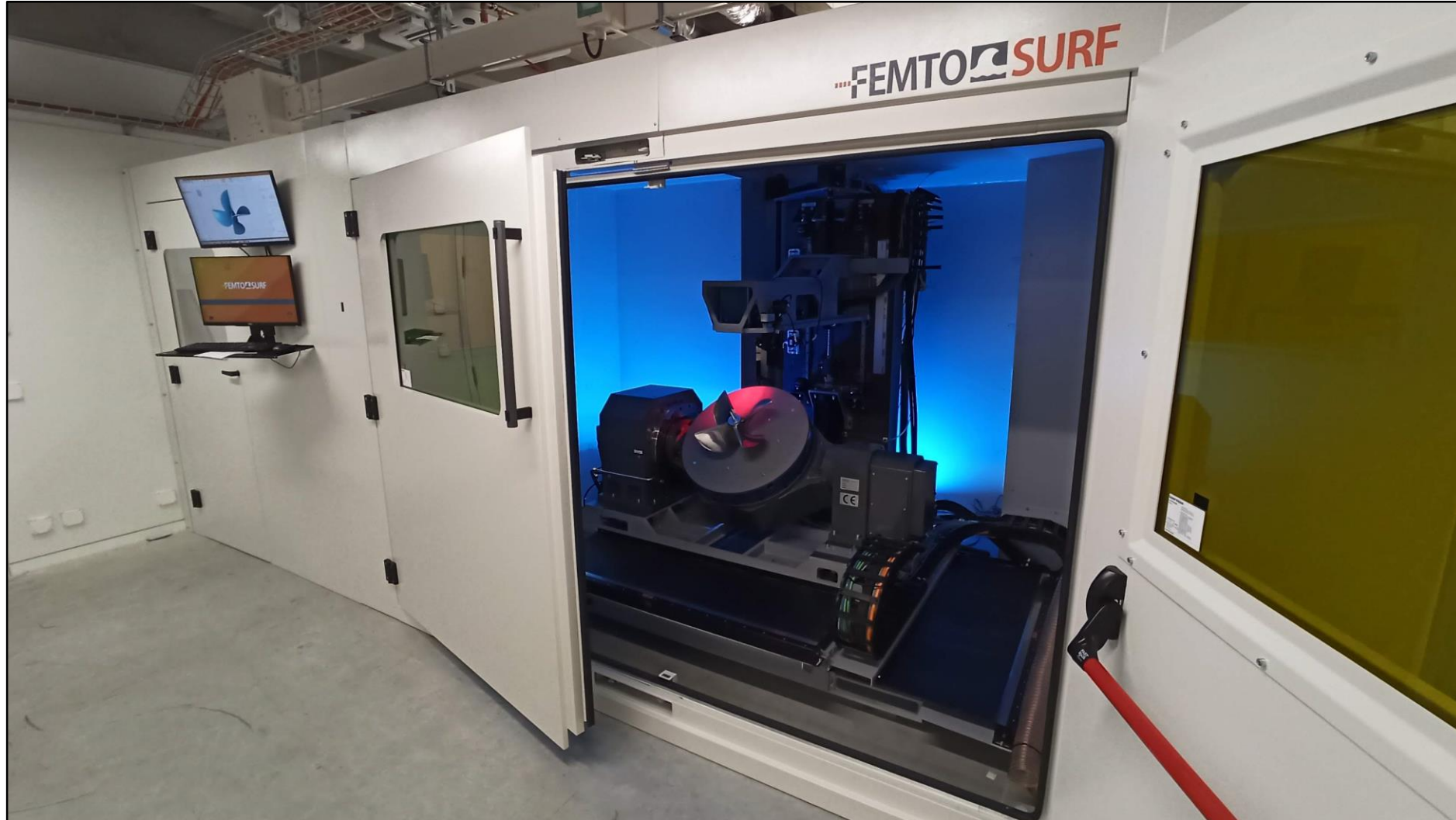
5 mechanical axes machine with **3 optical galvo-axes**



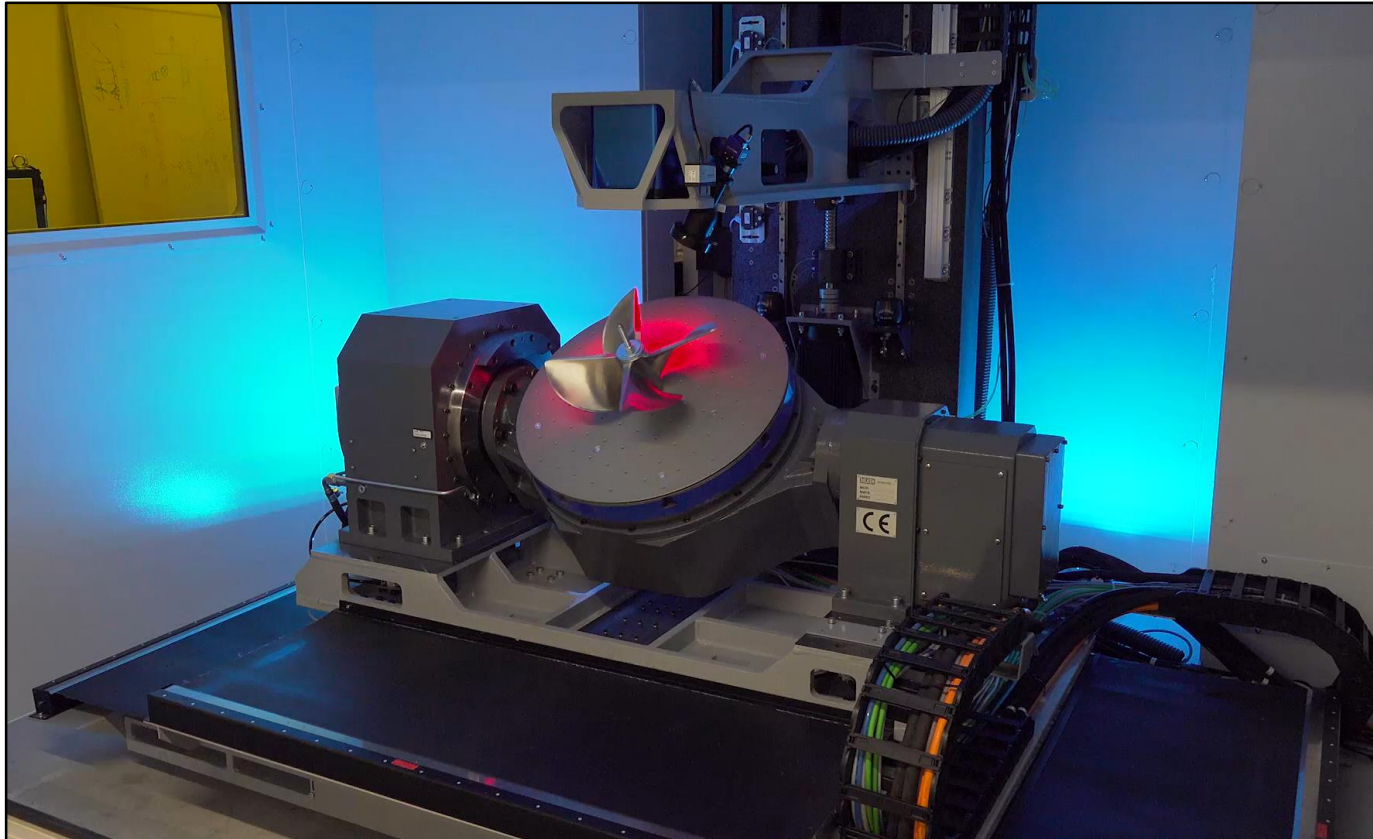
Interpolation of the 8 axes to generate an **IFOV**



FemtoSurf machine



FemtoSurf Machine's properties



FEMTO SURF		Technical data
5 mechanical axes X, Y, Z, A, C		
3 optical scanner axes Gx, Gy, Gz		
Working volume	600 mm x 600 mm x 300 mm	
Beam delivery system	Free-space with 3D galvo-scanner	
Rotary Strokes	A ± 100 deg	C $\pm Inf$
Acceleration of all axes	0.5 m/s ²	
X, Y, Z resolution	0.01 μ m	
A, C resolution	0.0005 deg	
Weight	6000 kg	


 A 3D CAD model of the FemtoSurf machine. The model shows the machine's structure, including the worktable, the galvo-scanner, and the rotary stages. A coordinate system is shown at the bottom left with axes labeled X(A) in red, Y(B) in green, and Z(C) in blue. The work volume is indicated by a red circle on the worktable.

FemtoSurf Laser



Amplifier

AOM-PP module

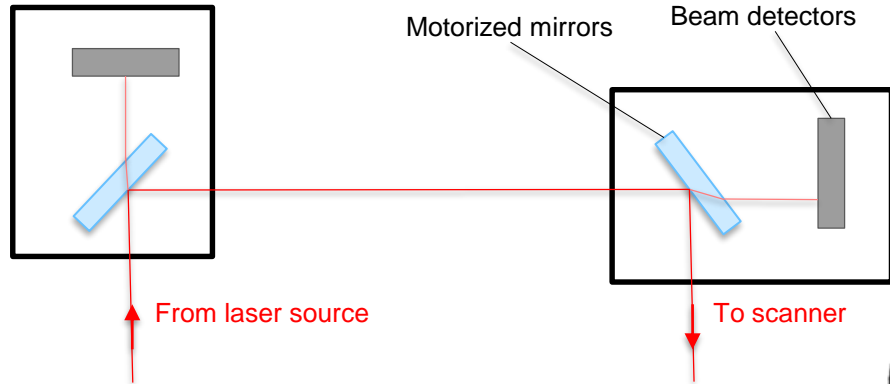
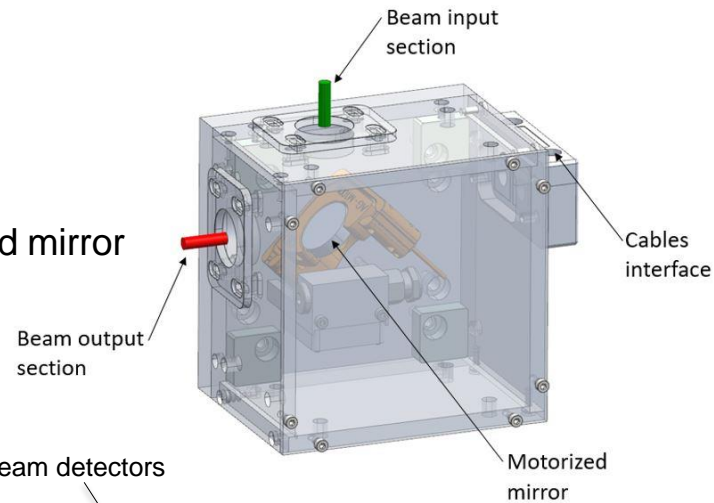
		Technical data
Laser properties		
Wavelength	1030 nm	
Power	220 W	
Repetition rate	500 kHz - 40 MHz	
Max. Pulse Energy	0.44 mJ	
Pulse duration	900 fs	
Focalized beam diameter	25 μ m	
Working distance	200 mm	

Beam entering the machine enclosure

FemtoSurf Optical Chain

Self-alignment system:

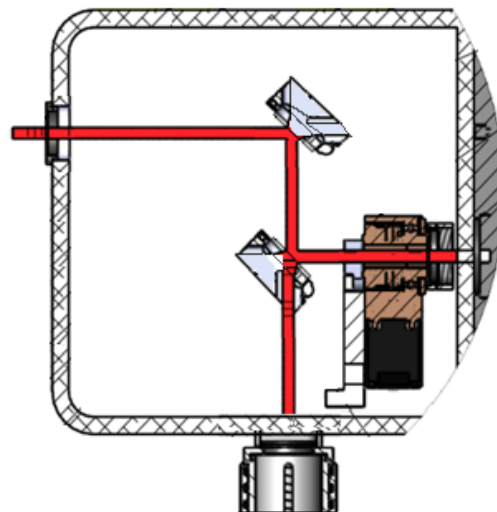
- 4 mirror box with motorized mirror
- 4 CCD beam detectors



Pre-scanner box:

- 1 power meter
- 1 lambda/2 plate for polarization adjusting

Scanner: - 3 axes scanner, without F-theta lens.
Accurate 3D calibration needed

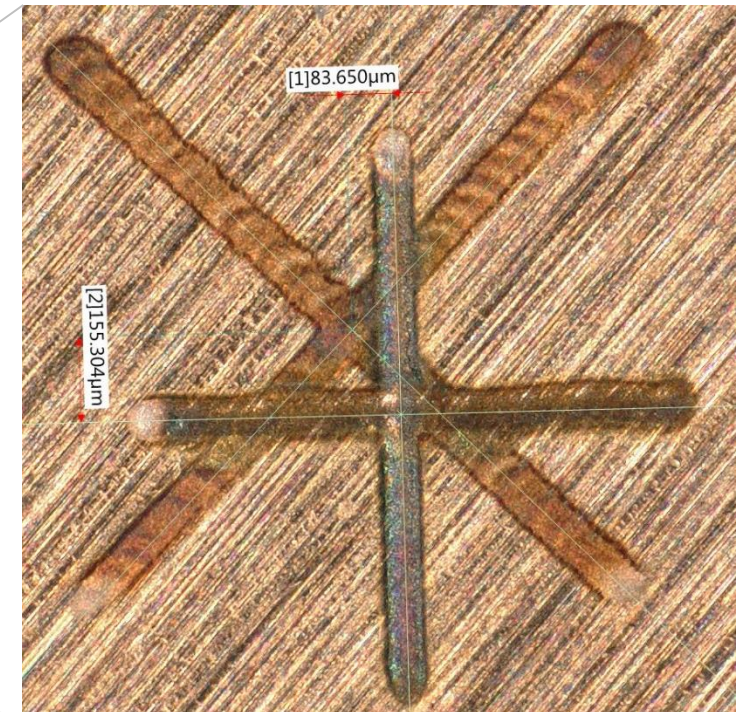
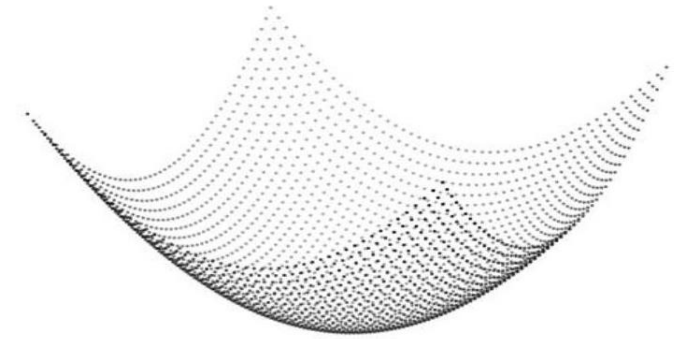
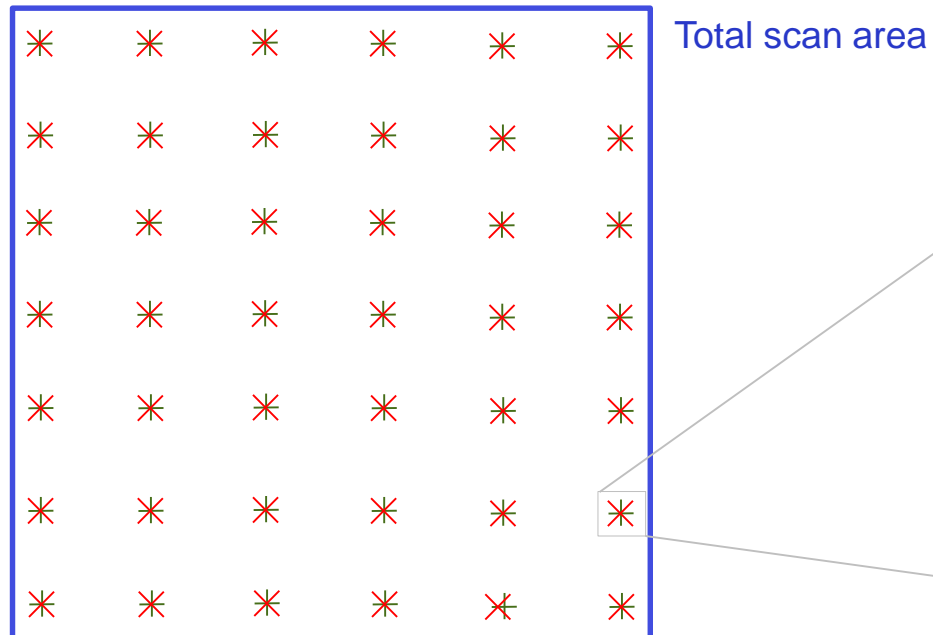


Scanner calibration

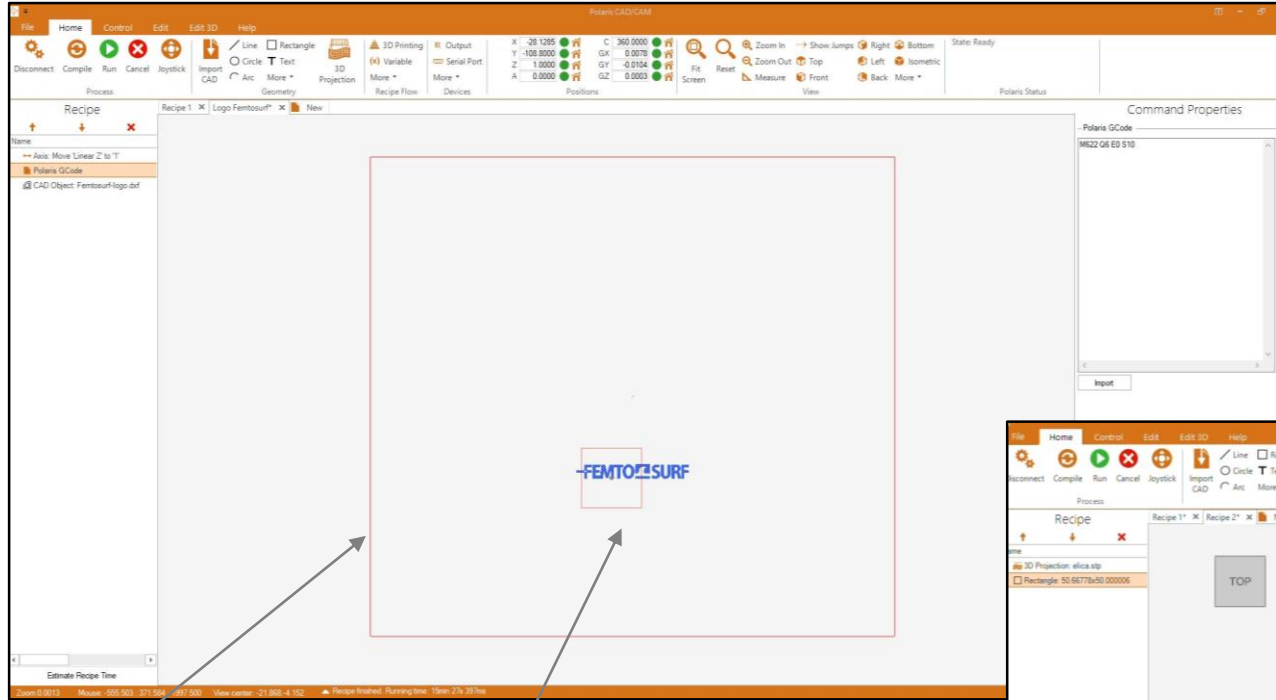
Scanner without a f-theta lens \Rightarrow Paraboloid on-focus surface

Set up the FemtoSurf **field flattening algorithm**:

1. Mark the green crosses moving the mechanical axes (stationary galvo axes)
2. Mark the red crosses moving the galvo axes (mechanical axes stationary)
3. Repeat the operation for 3 different heights
4. Measure the X and Y offset error and enter the values on the control platform



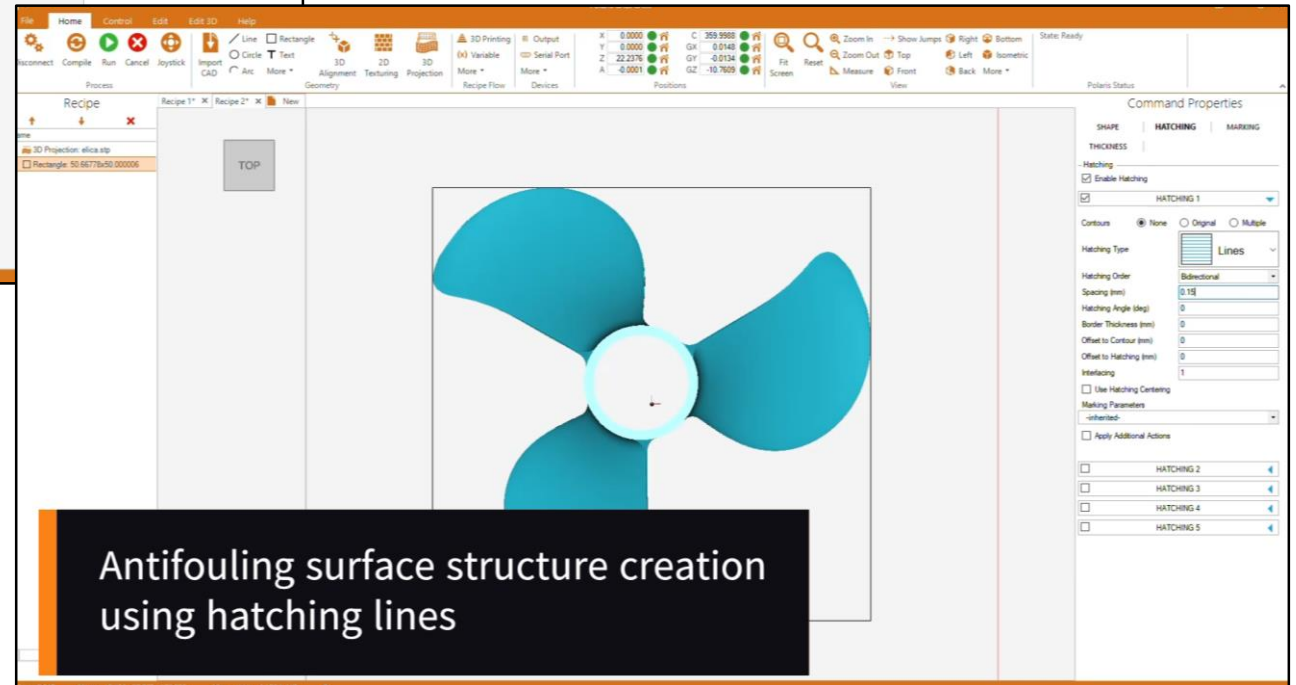
FemtoSurf CAD-CAM software



Total working area
600x600mm

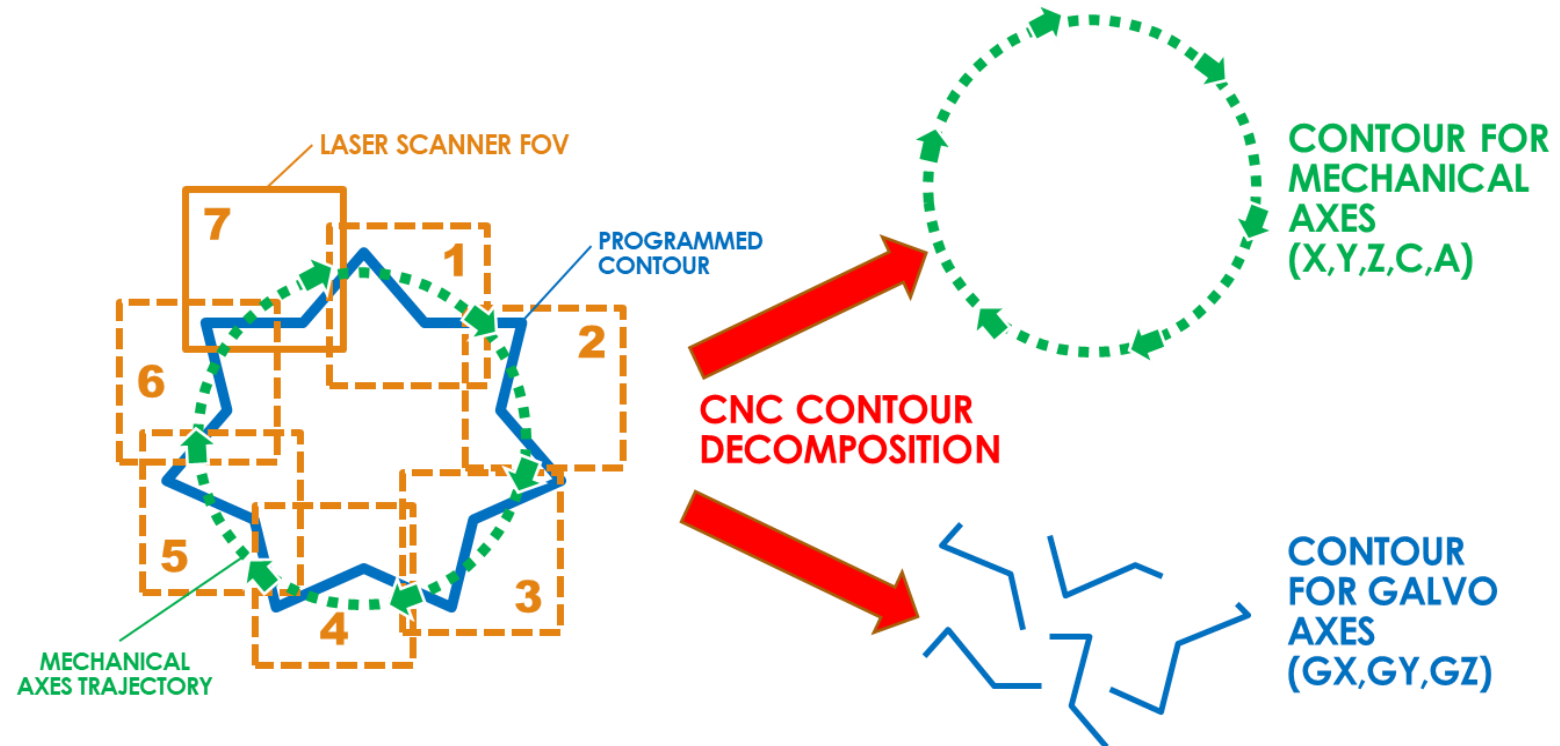
Scanning area
80x80mm

Part program generation for processing of propellers



Antifouling surface structure creation using hatching lines

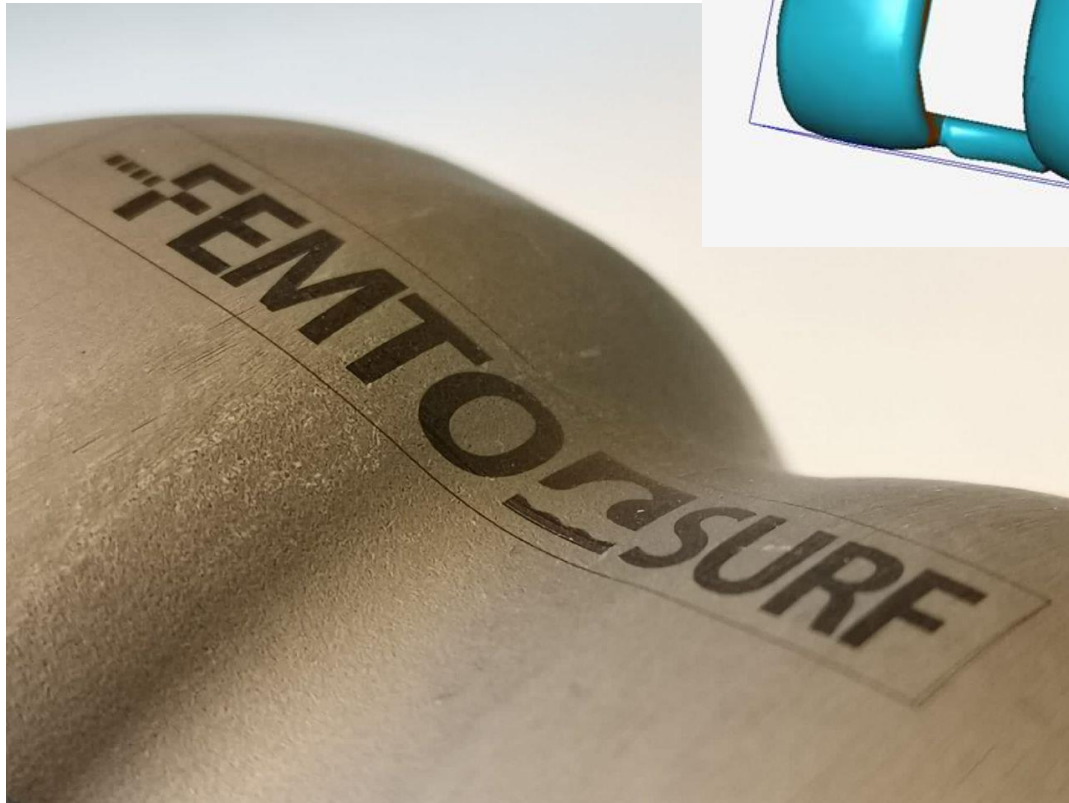
Infinite Field of View with 8 axes interpolation



Laser processing with IFOV

Titanium implant with complex geometrical shape

Marking as «**focus-test**», with speed of 3 m/s



Laser processing of a highly reflective chromed sphere



Marking test on small components.

Speed of 3 m/s

Grid and SUPSI logo on a spherical surface with 25 mm diameter

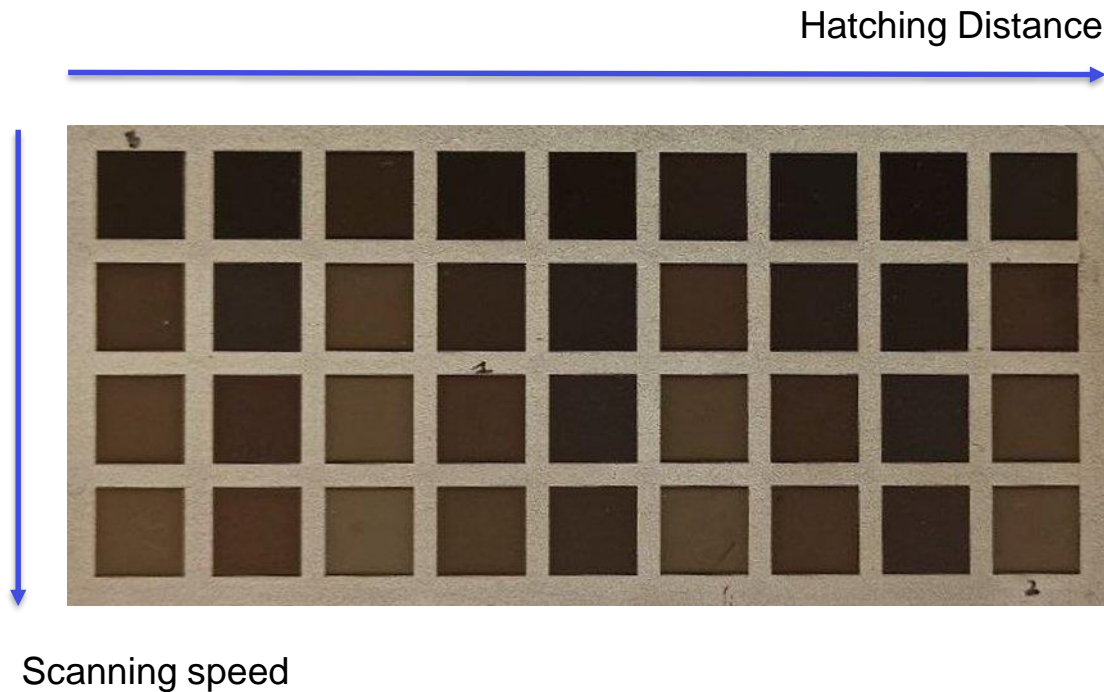
Minimize the incident angle to avoid radiation reflection



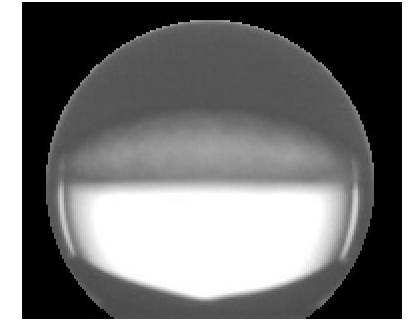
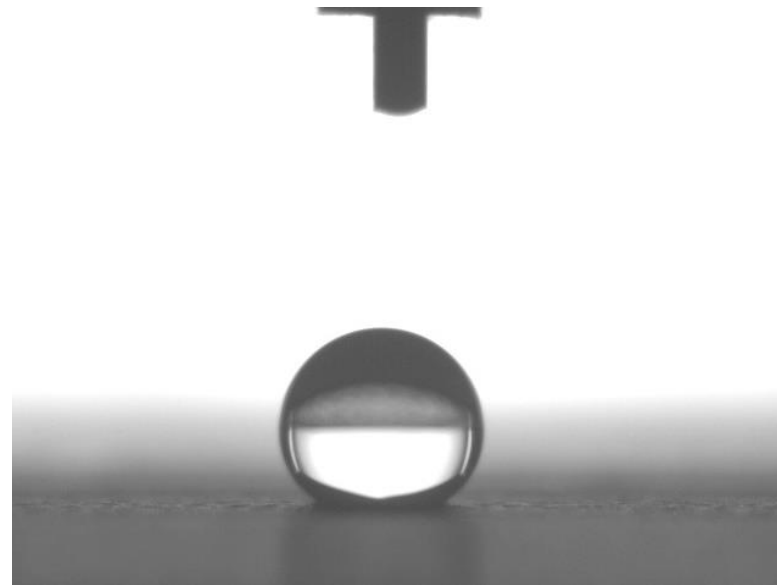
Experimental campaign for hydrophobicity of stainless steel

DoE for optimizing recipe for hydrophobicity of **stainless steel**.

Goal: Find a good trade-off between processing time and hydrophobicity.



Each sample has been tested measuring the static contact of distilled water on the tested surface.



Analyse Pixel Image to get Contact Angle

Selected Process Parameters Set

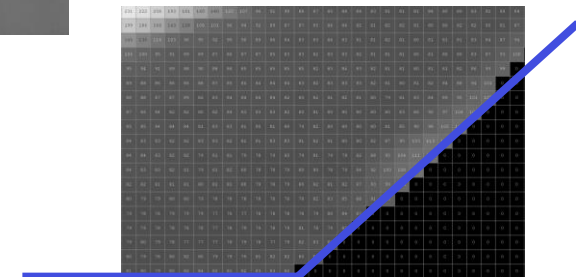
Power: 200 W

RR: 1 MHz

Speed: 3 m/s

Hatching Distance: 15 microns

Bidirectional lines, X, Y



Contact Angle: 141.5°

Processing of the propeller with the selected set of process parameters

First test of surface structuring of a propeller's blade using an **IFOV program** (June 2022).



A complete propeller will be functionalized. It will be tested by end-user to valuate **hydrophobic property**.

FemtoSurf: Conclusions and future applications

FemtoSurf represents a **novel machine** solution for **fs laser processing** of big parts and batches of small parts with high working throughput.

Future developments in **increasing the throughput** for fs laser based industrial processes.

Future developments in **process simulations** with multi-physics programming.

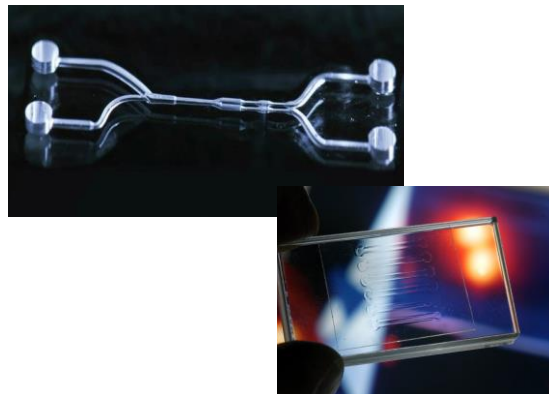
Metals

- Surface structuring
- Cutting and drilling of thin films



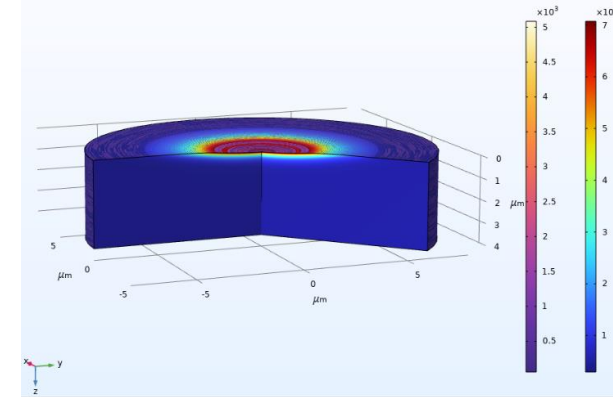
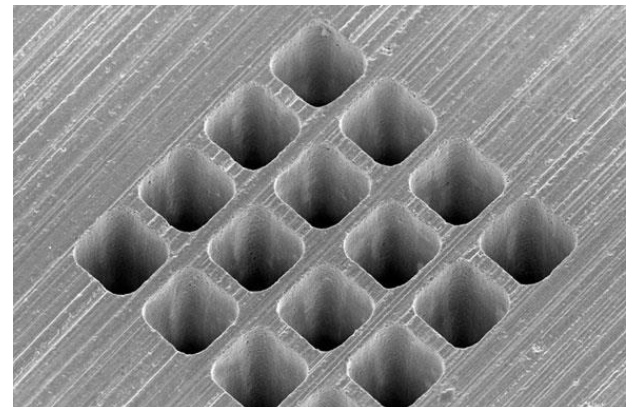
Glasses

- Cutting and drilling of glass substrate
- Selective laser etching
- Anti-reflective coating on glass components
- Laser welding



Ceramics

- Cutting and drilling of ceramic plates



SUPSI

FEMTO SURF

Thank you for your attention

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